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GARDEN AND FLORAL GUIDE



1907

JAMES VICK'S SONS
ROCHESTER, N.Y.

SUGGESTIONS TO ALL WHO BUY

Read Carefully

HOW TO SEND MONEY.

• ALL MONEY MAY BE SENT AT OUR RISK AND EXPENSE, if forwarded according to directions, in either manner here stated.

When remittances are not made according to the following directions, we disclaim all responsibility:

FOUR SAFE WAYS.

Post Office Money Order.—If your Post Office is a Money Order Office, send a money order, which will cost as follows: Sums not exceeding \$2.50, 3 cents; over \$2.50 and not exceeding \$5.00, 5 cents; over \$5.00 and not exceeding \$10.00, 8 cents.

This is the best way, and we advise our friends, when possible, to send a money order.

Express Money Order.—EXPRESS MONEY ORDERS, to be obtained at all offices of the American, United States, Adams, Pacific, National, Wells Fargo & Co., and other Express Companies.

Draft on New York.—A DRAFT ON NEW YORK can be obtained at any Bank, and this is sure to come safely.

Registered Letter.—When money cannot be sent by either of the first three methods, it may be sent in a Registered Letter. The cost of registering is 8 cents.

The Expense of forwarding money in either of the above ways we will pay, and the cost may be deducted from the amount forwarded.

The New York State Banks charge us 15 cents each for cashing checks, therefore add 15 cents to individual checks to cover cost of collection.

SUMS LESS THAN FIFTY CENTS may be forwarded by mail at our risk without registering, provided stamps are used. There is no safety in sending silver.

All Seeds, Bulbs and Plants Free of Postage.—We will send Seeds, Bulbs, and Plants, by mail, to any part of the United States and Foreign Countries named below at the prices named in this Catalogue, Postage Paid. The only exceptions to this rule are when heavy and bulky articles are ordered by the peck or bushel, or in cases especially noted; otherwise, every package will be paid through to destination. As a general rule we send Plants and Seeds in separate packages.

Foreign Countries.—On packages for England, Germany, Bahamas, Barbadoes, Colombia, Costa Rica, Danish West Indies, Hawaii, British Honduras, Honduras, Jamaica, Leeward Islands, Mexico, Salvador, British Guiana, Newfoundland, Cuba, Porto Rico, Windward Islands, and Philippine Islands, postage will be prepaid.

Our Customers in Canada.—We do not pay duties, but pay the postage on Seeds, Bulbs, and Plants, purchased at retail catalogue prices, excepting when the price is given delivered at the Express or Railroad office here, such as Potatoes, and other heavy goods.

Free by Express.—All orders weighing two pounds or over will be forwarded by Express, if possible. Our customers will oblige us very much by giving their nearest express office and the name of the Company delivering goods. Heavy orders can be forwarded by Stage from the Express office. So please be particular and send special directions when on a Stage route. All stage charges will be prepaid when it is possible to do so. **This applies to Seeds and Bulbs at Catalogue rates, and not on heavy seeds by the peck or bushel, or when especially noted, nor to miscellaneous articles.**

Special Notice to Our Customers. Express Companies have a special rate or discount on Seeds, Plants, Bulb, Potatoes and small fruits of 20% from the regular merchandise rate. When packages are forwarded not prepaid, or at expense of purchaser, they are labeled with the following notice: "This package is carried on the general special seed rate which is 20% less than merchandise rates." See that your Local Agent shares you accordingly.

Cash with Order.—Filling thousands of orders each week during the rush of business from January 1st to June 1st, makes it necessary that each order be accompanied with the cash.

Persons often order small packages sent C. O. D., and the express charges sometimes amount to more than the order, and then they refuse to take them. This is not our fault, of course, but it makes us expense for express both ways, and sometimes loss of the plants; therefore we have adopted the rule to send no goods C. O. D. (collect on delivery). **This rule is imperative.** We are responsible, and guarantee safe arrival. So be sure and send money with the order.

The Safe Arrival of Packages Guaranteed.—We guarantee the safe arrival of packages of Seeds, Bulbs and Plants in good condition in the United States and Canada. If a package fails to reach a customer we will send again as soon as informed of the fact; or if any part is injured or lost we will replace it. We do not consider ourselves held by this guarantee unless complaints are made within ten days after receipt of plants. Sometimes it happens that orders never reach us, and many orders, with cash, reach us without post office or state. Please be particular and save yourselves and us annoyance. When customers fail to receive their Seeds, Bulbs or Plants in a reasonable time they should inform us, and at the same time send a copy of their order, stating the amount of money, and in what manner it was sent.

Whenever writing in reference to a previous order, be sure and mention the post office to which the goods were to be shipped, and the post office from which the order was mailed, and sign the same name as in the first order.

Shipping Plants.—All orders for plants will be held until about April 1st, when we begin shipping to the warmer states, and northward as fast as the weather will permit, unless otherwise requested. **If wanted for winter flowering or immediate use, state the fact,** and they will be shipped accordingly, though in case of severe cold storms we may hold for a few days.

Quality of Plants.—Our long experience in growing and mailing plants has taught us that it pays to ship strong, healthy plants, and as we guarantee their arrival in good condition, customers may rest assured they will receive the best plants to be had.

Correction of Errors.—We take the utmost care in filling orders, always striving to do a little more for our friends and patrons than justice and fair dealing require. In case an error is made, we desire to be informed of the fact, and promise to make such corrections as will be perfectly satisfactory.

Order Sheets.—Please use the "Plant Order Sheet" for Plants, and the "Seed Order Sheet" for Seeds and other articles, and it will prevent considerable delay in filling orders. Have questions and letters separate from order, and always sign name and post office in same manner on every order and letter.

In writing out order, as far as possible follow same order as in Floral Guide, viz: Vegetable Seeds, Flower Seeds, Plants, etc., each alphabetically. **By doing so it will save time in filling order.**

Novelties.—While we do not advertise all the new Flowers and vegetables listed in catalogues of other Seed Houses, generally we have seeds in stock and can fill orders for same.



ITH a New Year's greeting we send you our Garden and Floral Guide once more, trusting that **Vick Quality** Seeds and Plants still hold a high place in your esteem. It gives us great pleasure to find in our files of customers the names of many who have purchased seeds of us year after year. For the confidence implied in their continued purchasing, whether for five or fifty years, we express our sincere appreciation.

Since our first catalogue was issued there has been a great increase in the number of varieties of Flower and Vegetable Seeds, and a corresponding improvement in the quality of the stock offered. But have you ever thought of the amount of study and patient effort it has required to improve these varieties? It is an immense task to sort out from the many novelties which constantly appear, those which surpass older and better known varieties; and it is still a larger task to develop and perfect some new strain. As an illustration: In our first catalogue we offered only seven varieties of Sweet Peas, which were practically the only ones grown; now there are over two hundred named varieties, while hundreds of other sorts have long since been discarded.

On our seed farm at Despatch, we yearly devote a number of acres to the exclusive purpose of testing every variety of seed offered in our catalogue. In this way, we are able to speak with confidence of the quality of our stock and know positively that every variety is a worthy representative of **Vick Quality**, the best and purest in the world.

The best assurance we can give prospective buyers of the superiority of our seed is to refer them to the thousands of satisfied purchasers of **Vick Quality** seed all over the world. We assure them, also, that no concern is more careful about all the details of filling orders, and that we give all orders, large or small, just as satisfactory service as lies in our power.

"Vick Quality" Novelties for 1907

When making out your order don't overlook the novelties of this year. We fully realize that many of the so-called novelties listed by some seedsmen are either humbugs or old varieties renamed and for this reason we are particular to test thoroughly the new things before offering them, discarding many as worthless. Here are a few new varieties of seeds and plants described in this year's Garden and Floral Guide, which we have tested carefully and which we can recommend as worthy of a place in every garden.

Asters. (See pages 41 to 46)

Vick's Purplish Violet Upright.

Vick's White Upright.

Vick's Cardinal.

Vick's Royal Purple Branching.

Vick's Rosy Carmine Branching.

Vick's Sunset.

New Rambler Rose Lady Gay. Page 75

Lily, Auratum Platyphyllum. Page 71

Lily, Philippense.

Lily, Speciosum Magnificum.

Bean, Powell's Yellow Giant. Page 7

Cabbage, Volga. Page 10

Corn, Hiawatha. Page 14

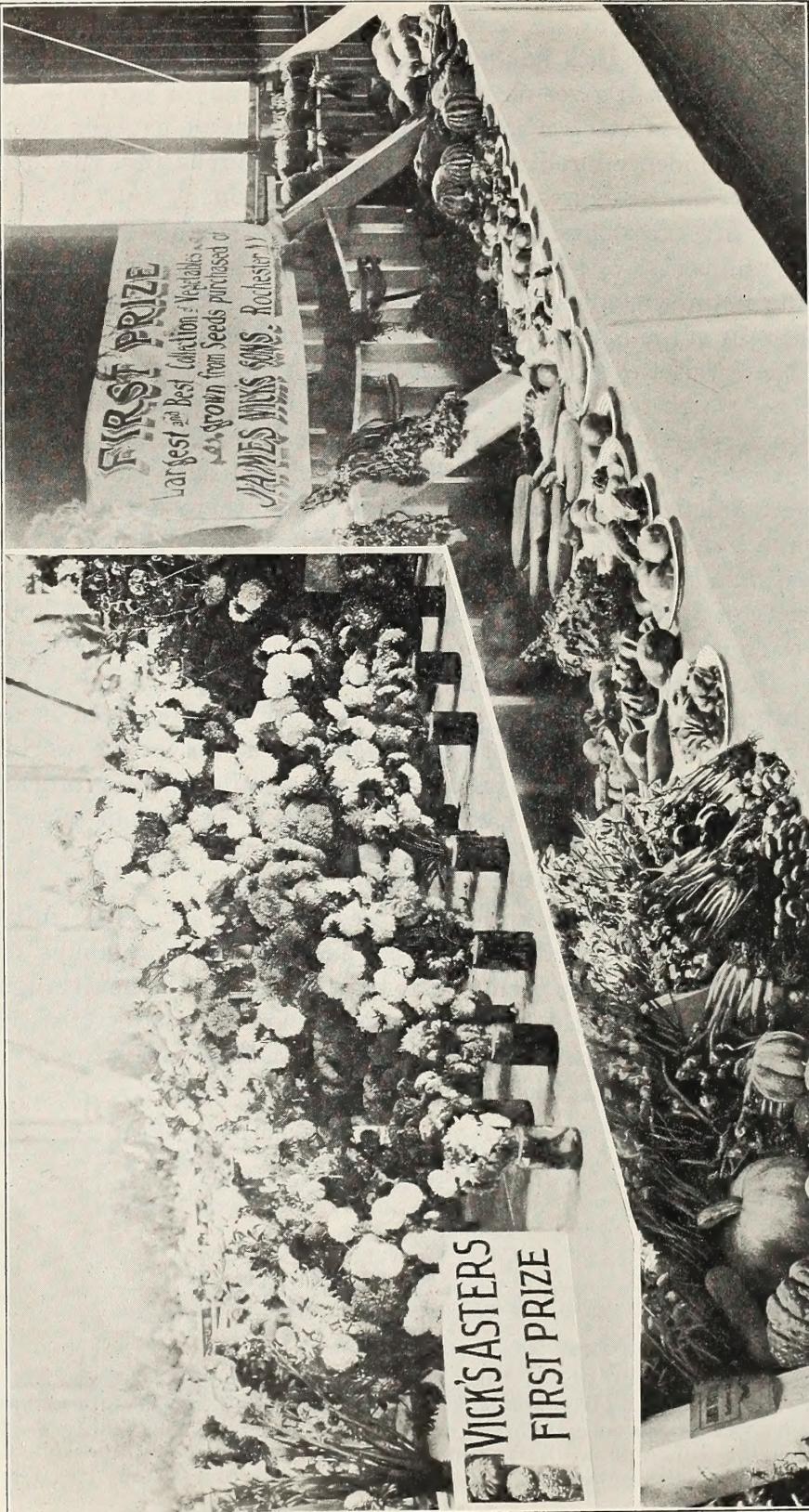
Onion, Ailsa Craig. Page 22

Potato, Carman Seedling. Page 27

A Special Catalogue of the Best New and Old Hardy Plants

The growing demand for **Hardy Plants** which will live for years without the trouble of replacing annually, and which will give abundance of bloom from early spring until late in the fall, has induced us to issue a special Catalogue of the Best New and Old Hardy Perennials. This Catalogue will contain full descriptions and will be handsomely illustrated. It will be issued about February 1st. We shall be pleased to mail you a copy if you are interested. It is free.

IT'S
FREE



**Our Exhibit at the New York State Fair
Syracuse, N. Y., September 10 to 15, 1906.**

The Grand Prize for the best general collection of vegetables was awarded to Mr. John C. Howard, of Irondequoit, N. Y. These vegetables were grown from Vick Quality Seeds.

**We are the Leading Specialists and Largest Growers
of High-Grade Aster Seed in the world.**

Our exhibit of Asters at the New York State Fair comprised forty-two distinct varieties, and for which we were awarded **First Prize**.

NEW YORK STATE GRANGE, P. of H.

Master
GEO. A. FULLER, PhiladelphiaSecretary
W. N. GILES, SkaneatelesLecturer
FRED SHEPARD, LawrencevilleExecutive Committee:
IRA SHARP, Lowville,
R. H. SMITH, East Schuyler,
W. W. WARE, Batavia

MEMBERSHIP 66,590.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,

Skaneateles, N. Y. Nov 12 1906

We take pleasure in announcing that Bros. L. D. Welch and J. C. Howard of the local committee, have again arranged with James Vick's Sons to supply the Patrons of this Order with all goods listed in their catalogue, with the assurance that all orders will receive as prompt and careful attention as in the past, and be filled with strictly first class stock.

Fraternally Yours

Ira Sharp.

Com.

R. H. Smith.W. W. Ware.

G. A. Fuller. Master
W. N. Giles Sec'y

THE above letter is a sufficient guarantee of our standing with the New York State Grange, so we will simply state the fact that we are devoting more time and space to the Grange Department than ever before. Special attention is given to the growing and selection of high grade stocks, and we can truthfully say the quality of our seeds was never better. We wish every Grange member in New York State would talk with or write their secretary, who will have something of interest to impart to them regarding our new plan for filling Grange orders. Patrons of the Grange in other States should communicate directly with us for full information about the advantages to be secured on Grange orders

PREMIUMS

Our crop of fresh seeds is all in stock, and we are in shape to fill orders in January quite as well as in March or April, therefore do not delay sending your order. Better send it early when we have more time to answer questions. If, however, for any reason you are unable to send your order immediately, it is better to delay a day or two longer and send to us for seeds that are sure to give satisfaction. The cost of seeds is so small a part of the cost of your garden that it pays to get the best, and know you are starting your garden right.

Persons sending \$1.00 for seeds in packets and ounces, may select to the amount of \$1.25 or 25 cents extra on each \$1.00 of the order.

It must be understood that this premium is allowed only on Flower and Vegetable Seeds by the Packet and Ounce, not on seeds by the Pound, nor on Bulbs nor Plants, nor can we pay this Premium in Bulbs and Plants or seeds by the pound. Otherwise it would bring the price far below the cost.

SPECIAL COLLECTIONS OF FLOWER AND VEGETABLE SEEDS

Vick's Branching Aster Collection

tion. White, Pink, Rose, Crimson, Purple, Lavender. Packet, 10 cents; one packet each of the six colors, 45 cents; mail paid. See page 43.

Vick Quality Aster Collection.

Six of our latest introductions,—Vick's Sunset, Vick's Cardinal, Vick's Violet King, Vick's Lavender Gem, Vick's Mikado, Vick's Royal Purple, and a copy of "**How to Grow Asters**," (see colored plate), all for \$1.00, by mail postpaid. See page 45.

How to Grow Asters. Their culture and care. A book of 24 pages of practical and helpful hints on growing Asters from seed to flower. Free with an order for Vick's Aster Seed amounting to 25 cents or sent postpaid on receipt of 10 cents **without** order for seed.

Vick's Collection of Climbing Nasturtiums. Eighteen varieties in separate

Nasturtiums. Eighteen varieties in separate packets, for 50 cents, mail paid. See page 55.

COLLECTIONS of FLOWER AND VEGETABLE SEEDS

Flower Seeds

No. 1.

20 Varieties Choice Annuals.

\$1.00

Antirrhinum, mixed	\$0.05
Aster, Vick's Branching, mixed . . . . .	.10
Balsam, Camellia-flowered, mixed . . . . .	.10
Calliopsis, mixed . . . . .	.05
Candytuft, White Rocket . . . . .	.05
Cockscomb, Dwarf varieties, mixed . . . . .	.10
Convolvulus major, mixed . . . . .	.05
Dianthus, best double, mixed . . . . .	.05
Delphinium, Dwarf Rocket . . . . .	.05
Eschscholtzia, mixed . . . . .	.05
Pansy, Giant-flowering, mixed . . . . .	.10
Petunia, fine mixed . . . . .	.10
Phlox Drummondii, choice mixed . . . . .	.10
Poppy, The Shirley . . . . .	.05
Portulaca, double . . . . .	.10
Sweet Alyssum . . . . .	.05
Sweet Mignonette . . . . .	.05
Scabiosa, mixed . . . . .	.05
Sweet Pea, fine mixed . . . . .	.05
Zinnia, Double mixed . . . . .	.10

**Making a Total of \$1.40
FOR ONE DOLLAR.**

Vegetables
No. 5.
Varieties, for Small Family Garden

No. 5

	\$1.00.
1 pkt. Beans, Refugee (1000 to 1)	\$0 10
1 pkt. Beet, Dewing's Turnip	00
1 pkt. Cabbage, Improved Early Summer	00
1 pkt. Carrot, Chantenay Stump-Rooted	00
1 pkt. Celery, White Plume	00
1 pkt. Corn, Perry's Hybrid	10
1 pkt. Corn, Stowell's Evergreen	10
1 pkt. Cucumber, White Spine	00
1 pkt. Lettuce, Grand Rapids	00
1 pkt. Water Melon Prize Jumbo	00
1 pkt. Musk Melon, Jenny Lind	00
1 pkt. Onion, Round Yellow Danvers	00
1 pkt. Peas, Horsford's Market Garden	10
1 pkt. Peas, Surprise	10
1 pkt. Parsnip, Hollow Crown	00
1 pkt. Pepper, Sweet Mountain	00
1 pkt. Radish, Vick's Scarlet Globe	00
1 pkt. Spinach, Long-Standing	00
1 pkt. Squash, Sibley, or Pike's Peak	00
1 pkt. Squash, Mammoth Crookneck	00
1 pkt. Salsify, Sandwich Island	00
1 pkt. Tomato, Beauty	00
12 Turnip, Purple Top, Bran Leaved	00

**Making a total of \$1.40
FOR ONE DOLLAR.**

Vegetable Seeds

Trial Garden.

This Collection embraces 16 Standard Favorites of the leading family garden vegetables, put up in packets for those who have only a small plot for a vegetable garden. One packet each of the following:

50 Cents.

1	pkt.	Beans, Refugee (1000 to 1)	.	.	.	\$0.10
1	pkt.	Beet, Early Eclipse	.	.	.	.05
1	pkt.	Cabbage, 20th Century	.	.	.	.10
1	pkt.	Carrot, Danvers Orange	.	.	.	.05
1	pkt.	Cucumber, Improved Long Green	.	.	.	.05
1	pkt.	Lettuce, Imperial White Cabbage	.	.	.	.05
1	pkt.	Mush Melon, Extra Early Hackensack	.	.	.	.05
1	pkt.	Onion, Australian Brown	.	.	.	.05
1	pkt.	Parsnip, Long Hollow Crown	.	.	.	.05
1	pkt.	Parsley, Moss Curled	.	.	.	.05
1	pkt.	Peas, Vick's Abundance	.	.	.	.10
1	pkt.	Radish, Vick's Early Scarlet Globe	.	.	.	.05
1	pkt.	Salsify, Mammoth Sandwich Island	.	.	.	.05
1	pkt.	Squash, Mammoth Bush Summer Crookneck	.	.	.	.05
1	pkt.	Tomato, Earliana	.	.	.	.10
1	pkt.	Water Melon, Sweet Heart	.	.	.	.05

**Making a total of \$1.00
FOR FIFTY CENTS.**

Number of Plants or Trees to the Acre at Given Distances.

Dis. apart.	No. plants.												
12 x 1 In	522,720	20 x 1 In	313,635	30 x 16 In.	13,068	36 x 30 In.	5,808	48 x 24 In	5,445	8 x 8 Ft.	680		
12 x 3 "	174,240	20 x 20 "	15,681	30 x 20 "	10,454	36 x 36 "	4,840	48 x 30 "	4,356	10 x 1 "	4,355		
12 x 12 "	43,560	24 x 1 "	261,360	30 x 24 "	8,712	42 x 12 "	12,446	48 x 36 "	3,630	10 x 6 "	720		
16 x 1 "	392,040	24 x 18 "	15,520	30 x 30 "	6,970	42 x 24 "	6,223	48 x 48 "	2,723	12 x 10 "	433		
18 x 1 "	348,480	24 x 24 "	10,894	36 x 3 "	58,080	42 x 36 "	4,148	60 x 36 "	2,901	12 x 1 "	3,636		
18 x 3 "	116,160	30 x 1 "	209,088	36 x 12 "	14,520	42 x 42 "	3,556	60 x 48 "	2,178	12 x 5 "	768		
18 x 12 "	29,040	30 x 6 "	34,848	36 x 18 "	9,680	48 x 12 "	10,890	8 x 1 Ft.	1,743	12 x 12 "	802		
18 x 18 "	19,360	30 x 12 "	17,424	36 x 24 "	7,260	48 x 18 "	7,790	8 x 3 "	5,445	16 x 1 "	2,722		
									1,815	16 x 16 "	170		

VEGETABLE SEEDS.

ASPARAGUS

As Asparagus seed germinates very slowly, it is advisable to pour hot water over it. When cool, pour off the water and treat it again with hot water. Sow seed quite early in spring, in a bed of light, rich, well-manured soil, in drills one foot apart and two inches deep. When the plants are well up, thin to about one inch apart. When the plants become withered, cut them down, and spread well-rotted stable manure two inches deep over the bed. Let the plants remain in the seedbed until they are about to grow early in spring. The subsoil of the permanent bed should be dry, and if not so, it must be well drained. It should be dug thoroughly at least two and a half feet deep, and mixed with plenty of well-rotted manure. For private garden use set the plants in rows two feet apart, and about a foot apart in the row, with crowns four inches below the surface, and spread the roots. For field culture the rows should be six feet apart and two feet apart in the rows. Cultivate frequently and thoroughly each season as long as the size of the plants will permit. Before winter cover the transplanted beds with about four inches of manure, and fork it in the next spring, being careful not to injure the roots. A top-dressing of one pound of salt to the square yard before growth commences will prove valuable and keep down weeds. In autumn, cut the ripe tops and burn the refuse. One pound of good, fresh seed will produce plants sufficient for an acre, and ounce of seed will sow a drill fifty feet long.

By purchasing plants at least a year of time is saved. The young shoots may be cut for the table the second season. A bed 8 x 27 feet, requiring 100 plants will supply an ordinary family.

Vick's Mammoth This superior variety was introduced by us a few years ago. It has already become very popular, commanding the highest price in all markets where it is known. It is, without exception, the largest and best Asparagus grown. A bunch of twelve stalks will weigh three to four pounds. In size, color, and yield, it far surpasses any other variety, while it is less susceptible to disease. The delicacy of its color notably distinguishes it from other green varieties, while its thick stalks are unusually tender and succulent and of delicious flavor. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; 1/4 lb., 30 cents; 1 lb., \$1.00.**

STRONG TWO YEAR ROOTS—100, by mail, prepaid, \$1.50. By express or freight, not prepaid, per 100, \$1.00; per 1,000, \$6.00.

Palmetto. Of Southern origin, but equally adapted for North or South. Earlier than Conover's; large, productive, and of excellent quality. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; 1/4 lb., 20 cents; 1 lb., 60 cents.**

Conover's Colossal. The old standard variety; of large size, rapid growth, and of best quality. **Ounce, 5 cents; 1/4 lb., 15 cents; 1 lb., 50 cents.**

STRONG TWO-YEAR ROOTS—100, by mail, prepaid, \$1.50. By express or freight, not prepaid, per 100, 75 cents; per 1,000, \$5.00.

Columbian Mammoth White. A new variety, producing white stalks of large size and finest quality. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; 1/4 lb., 25 cents; 1 lb., 75 cents.**

BROCCOLI

Broccoli resembles the Cauliflower. Broccoli, however, is the more hardy, and in many sections of the country would not suffer in winter. It likes a cool, moist climate, and dislikes severe summer heat more than cold. For a fall crop, sow seed early in spring, in shallow drills three or four inches apart. When about four inches high plant out two feet each way, in rich soil. For early summer use many gardeners sow the seed about September 1st and transplant into coldframes the latter part of October. Early in April the plants may be transplanted into the open ground. Cultivate same as Cauliflower. One ounce will produce 4,000 plants.

Purple Cape. One of the hardiest and most popular varieties, and the most certain to form a good head; the earliest of the purple varieties. **Packet, 10 cents; oz., 35 cents; 1/4 lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$3.50.**

White Cape. Heads medium size, compact, of a creamy white color, excellent flavor. **Packet, 10 cents; oz., 35 cents; 1/4 lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$3.50.**

ARTICHOKE

The Globe Artichoke is very little grown in America. It is cultivated for its flower heads, which are used in an undeveloped state, cooked like Asparagus. Plant seed early in spring, three inches apart, in rows one foot apart. Cover with fine earth half an inch in depth. When one year old, transplant to rows three feet apart and one foot apart in the row, in deep, rich soil. Where the winters are severe the plants must be thoroughly protected with leaves or dry litter, to keep the crowns from freezing.

Green Globe. **Seed, packet, 10 cents; oz., 35 cents; 1 lb., \$3.50.**
Jerusalem. See Farm Seeds.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

Forms numbers of miniature cabbage heads, each being one or two inches in diameter, or about the size of a large walnut, on strong, erect stems, two to three feet high. In the fall break the leaves down and give the little heads room to grow, but the top of the stems should be left until after the sprouts are used. The sprouts are used as greens, and become tender and better flavored when touched by the frost. Sow seed in early spring and treat like winter Cabbage. One ounce will produce about 5,000 plants.

Improved Dwarf. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 25 cents; 1 lb., \$2.50.**

BORECOLE or KALE

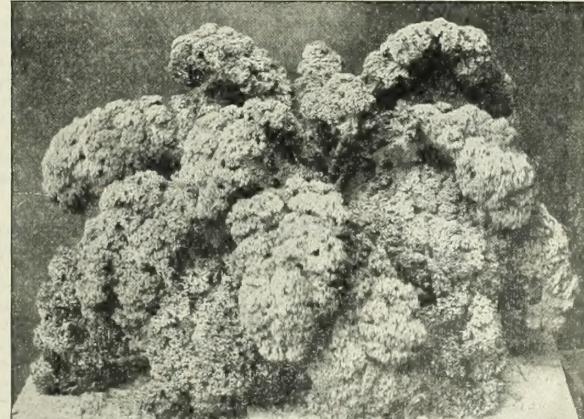
The Kales are more hardy than Cabbage, and will endure considerable frost without injury; in fact, they are best when touched with frost. When cut frozen they should be immediately placed in cold water. They do not form heads like Cabbage, but produce an abundance of handsome, curly leaves, that are very ornamental and highly prized. The Kales are the most tender and delicate of any of the Cabbage tribe, and furnish abundant food for the cottagers of Europe, and when well grown and properly prepared, are good enough for any one. Sow seed early in June, and transplant. Culture same as for Cabbage. One ounce will sow 300 feet of drill.

Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; 1 lb., \$1.00.

Dwarf Green Curled Scotch. Dwarf, beautifully curled, and bright green; hardy, and may be cut from the ground all the early part of winter.

Dwarf Purple. Like Scotch Kale except in color, but more hardy.

Tall Green Curled Scotch. Finely curled; very hardy; one of the best



BORECOLE OR KALE

BEANS like a dry and rather light soil, though they will do well in any garden soil, if not planted too early in the spring. Dwarfs Bare earliest and most hardy, as a general rule. In garden culture Beans are usually planted about two inches deep, in rows eighteen inches apart, and three inches apart in the row; in field culture, in drills two to three feet apart, so as to cultivate with horse one way. Until blossoming season, frequent but shallow cultivation should be given. It is useless to expect a crop from an ill-prepared field, or from one that needs deep stirring after planting, as cutting of the roots after the plants show bloom is very apt to kill the vines and ruin the crop. One quart will plant 100 feet of drill, and one bushel is sufficient for an acre.

Running Beans, especially the Limas, are even more tender than the dwarfs; therefore, planting must be delayed still later, or until liability to rot in consequence of cold, damp weather, has passed. Plant five or six beans in each hill, about two inches deep, hills three feet apart each way, setting the seed of the large varieties with the eye downward. One quart of seed will be sufficient for 100 hills of Limas, and 250 to 300 hills of the other varieties.

Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 40 cents; except as noted.

For prices on larger quantities, see page 35.

Dwarf Wax-Pod or Butter Beans

Wardwell's Kidney Wax. This variety is very hardy and the very best for long-distance shipping. It is extremely prolific, producing a heavy crop of long, flat pods, of a delicate waxy yellow, stringless and brittle. The beans are large, kidney-shaped, white, with dark markings about the eyes. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 20 cents; pt., 30 cents; qt., 50 cents.

Rustless Golden Wax. A strong grower, positively free from rust, and of remarkable vigor. The pods are meaty and well filled, of fine quality, and stringless from first to last. With its fine quality, hardiness, productiveness, and freedom from rust, it has become a general favorite and a great improvement over Golden Wax. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 45 cents.

Golden Wax. A popular standard variety. Pods long, nearly straight, broad, flat, golden-yellow, very fleshy and wax-like, stringless and brittle. The beans are medium in size, white, more or less covered with purple shading. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 45 cents.

Prolific German Black Wax. An old sort but still retaining its place in the front, and in quality being exceedingly tender and crisp. In our estimation it is the best for the home garden. It is early and productive; pods long and round. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 45 cents.

Stringless Round-Pod Wax. (White Seed.) This absolutely stringless Bean is a week earlier than any other variety. The pods form very quickly, and are long, perfectly round, and exceptionally solid, of a delicate light yellow color, free from rust, and of delicious flavor. The ripe seeds will grade in the produce market as No. 1 Medium or small Marrows, and if left to ripen, a large crop of dried beans can be harvested. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 45 cents.

Yosemite Mammoth Wax. The pods of this monster Wax Bean are often ten to fourteen inches in length, nearly all solid pulp, and absolutely stringless, cooking tender and delicious. The color of the pods is a rich golden yellow. The plants are extremely large, and should be planted twice as far apart as the ordinary Bush Beans. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 20 cents; pt., 30 cents; qt., 50 cents.

Refugee Wax. Tested on our trial grounds the past summer Refugee Wax proved itself to be one of the very best of the wax-pod sorts. The plants produce an abundance of long, round wax-like pods, perfectly stringless, tender and of the finest quality. In color, the pods are a rich, creamy white. This variety is classed among the early sorts, coming into bearing about 40 days after planting and continuing in bearing for several weeks. The colored illustration on the fourth cover, is an exact reproduction, except in size which is some-

what reduced. It is certainly one of the best beans for either the home garden or market. Packet 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pt., 20 cents; pt., 30 cents; qt., 50 cents.

Green-Pod Dwarf Snap Beans

Stringless Green-Pod. Best stringless green-pod Bean in cultivation. The pods are absolutely stringless, full, fleshy, crisp, very tender, and of the finest flavor, remaining long in edible condition. Ready for market two weeks earlier than Valentine, and very prolific. Too much cannot be said in favor of this most excellent Bean, which has become a general favorite among growers. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 45 cents.

Longfellow. A round, solid, very early, Green-Podded Bean. Good quality, being tender and crisp, also exceedingly prolific. One of the best for the home garden or market. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 45 cents.

Giant Stringless Green-Pod. This should not be confounded with the "New Stringless Green-Pod." It is a distinct new cross-bred variety, possessing all the merits of the old favorite Round-Pod Valentine, which is one of its parents, and having the following additional points of excellence: It is more prolific; the pods are one-third larger, being five to six inches in length, and are absolutely stringless, unusually crisp, round, full, and fleshy; qualities which highly recommend it to market gardeners. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 45 cents.

Extra Early Red Valentine. One of the most popular of the extra early green snap sorts. The pods are round and fleshy, and of most excellent quality, remaining tender a long time after they are fit to pull. It is extensively grown for the earliest market.

Extra Early Refugee. One of the earliest of the green-podded sorts, being about two weeks earlier than the ordinary Refugee, while possessing all the superior qualities of that variety—straight, cylindrical, tender pods, of fine flavor and handsome appearance. Excellent for pickles. It is an enormous yielder, and a sure cropper.

Bountiful. A new Green-Podded Bush variety that has come into prominence in the past few years, owing to its superior quality, earliness and productiveness. One great feature is that while it bears early, its pods remain in an edible condition for a long time. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 45 cents.

Dwarf Horticultural. A standard New England sort. The pods are medium in length, cylindrical, curved, and splashed with bright red on a yellowish ground. The beans are round and speckled. Good for use as a shelled bean; about equal in quality to the Lima. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 40 cents.

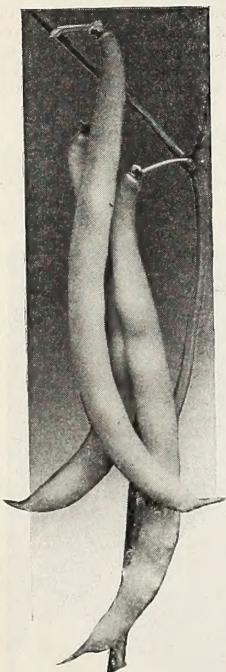
Two EXTRA FINE BEANS

Refugee Wax.—Early, very productive, pods long, round, wax-like, and rich creamy white in color. Quality fine.

Powell's Yellow Giant.—The earliest Pole Bean; pods light yellow, brittle, and the flavor is delicious.

VICKS

VICKS





Long Yellow Six Weeks.
A very early standard variety, much prized for its productivity and excellent quality. The green pods are often eight inches long, tender and brittle. Vines vigorous and branching. Beans long, kidney-shaped, yellowish dun-colored.

Vick's Dwarf Prolific Pickler is distinct in seed, color, and habit of growth. Most prolific Dwarf Bean in cultivation. Plants stocky, from two and one-half to three feet in height. When young it makes a most excellent snap bean, being at that season entirely stringless. Pods in clusters, and from seven to ten inches long, showing the green color so desirable for pickles.

Dwarf Bush Lima Beans

The Bush Limas are quite desirable for the garden, as their cultivation does away with poles and the labor of staking.

True Bush Lima (Burpee's.) This is of true bush form, coming absolutely true from seed. The bush grows from eighteen to twenty-four inches high, branching freely, bearing from 50 to 200 large pods, well filled with delicious buttery beans fully as large as the old style Pole Lima. Plant in rows three feet apart, and thin to twelve or eighteen inches apart in the row. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pt., 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 45 cents.**

Improved Bush Lima (Dreer's, Kumerle, or Thorburn.) Form of growth similar to above. The beans in the pod grow close together, are very thick, and of superior flavor. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pt., 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 45 cents.**

Wood's New Prolific Bush Lima. A greatly improved strain of Henderson's Bush Lima, or Dwarf Sieva Bean. Equally as early and prolific, and produces much larger pods and beans. Being about two weeks earlier than the true Limas, it is very desirable for planting for an early supply, or in latitudes where the true Limas do not succeed well. Like all the Sieva Beans, it is especially adapted for light soils. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pt., 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 45 cents.**
One packet of each of the above three varieties for 25 cents.

Field Beans

BEAN POWELL'S YELLOW White Kidney (Royal Dwarf GIANT) bean for use as a green bean in succotash, and one of the best for winter use; unsurpassed for baked beans. Beans long, large, white, kidney-shaped. **½ pint, 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 40 cents.** **Bushel, at expense of purchaser, \$4.00.**

Large White Marrow or Mountain. This sort, like the preceding, is extensively grown as a dry bean for winter use. The beans are large, clear white, cooking very dry and mealy. **½ pint, 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 40 cents.** **Per bushel, at expense of purchaser, \$4.50.**

Pole, or Running Beans

About the middle of May plant four to six beans around poles eight to ten feet high, setting poles four feet apart each way. Thin to three plants to a pole if the soil is rich.

Powell's Yellow Giant. (New.)

This grand new Pole Bean comes from a cross between Horticultural Pole and Broad Lima, and is the result of over twenty years' of work by the veteran horticulturist, Mr. E. P. Powell, from whom we have secured the entire stock and control. In writing of this Bean, Mr. Powell claims it to be the richest in existence, and his claim is fully sustained by our trials. In habit, it is somewhat similar to the Golden Cluster Wax, but is nearly two weeks earlier and continues bearing until frost. The clear light yellow pods are borne in clusters, measure from six to eight inches in length, and are very broad, thick and meaty. They are very brittle, perfectly stringless, and of a most delicious flavor. **Packet, 15 cents; ½ pt., 25 cents; pt., 40 cents; qt., 60 cents.**

Old Homestead (Kentucky Wonder).

Far ahead of any other green Polé Bean. Ten days earlier than any other green sort, being fit for the table by the first of August. It is enormously productive; entirely stringless. The pods, though large, cook tender, and are delicious. A most excellent snap variety, and one of the best and most profitable Beans for the market gardener. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pt., 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 45 cents.**

Early Golden Cluster Wax. A vigorous and very productive variety; pods enormously large and long, flat, waxy yellow, tender, and of excellent quality. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pt., 20 cents; pt., 30 cents; qt., 50 cents.**

White Dutch Case-Knife. Good as a shell bean, either green or dry. One of the earliest, and very productive. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pt., 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 45 cents.**

London Horticultural, or Speckled Cranberry (Wren's Egg.)

Vines moderately vigorous; pods short, broad, pale green, but becoming streaked with bright red; beans large, ovate, splashed and spotted with red, and of the highest quality. Popular as a shelled bean, either green or dry. Many people prefer them to the Limas. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pt., 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 45 cents.**

Scarlet Runner. An old favorite; used both as string and shelled beans. Vines strong, rapid growers, often used for ornamenting porches and trellises. Flowers brilliant scarlet. Blooms from early in summer until late in fall. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pt., 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 45 cents.**

Siebert's Early Lima. The earliest true Lima. The vine is so productive that although the pods rarely contain more than four beans the yield is enormous, and is produced from the very first to the last of the season. The green shelled beans are of immense size, but so tender and succulent that they shrink in drying to about the size of the Large White Lima. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pt., 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 45 cents.**

Extra Early Jersey Lima. Does not differ materially from other varieties of Lima Beans, except in earliness; in this it has the advantage of from ten days to two weeks over the Large White Lima. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pint, 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 45 cents.**

Improved Lima (Dreer's). Earlier and more productive than the old sort. Vines very stout and vigorous. The pods are much thicker than those of the other Limas, and contain from four to five beans, which are large, thick, white, and of the best quality. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pint, 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 45 cents.**

"King of the Garden" Lima. A vigorous grower, requiring but two vines to each pole. Begins flowering early, at the bottom of the pole, producing a continuous bloom and fruitage to the end of the season. Pods measure from five to eight inches, and contain five, six, and seven perfectly formed beans of superior edible quality. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pt., 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 45 cents.**

Large White Lima. This old well-known sort needs no description. The green beans, most tender and delicious, are a delight to all in summer, and the dried beans in winter are excellent. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pt., 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 45 cents.**

TRUE BUSH LIMA

FOR Beets the soil should be rich, mellow, and deep. For early use, sow in a hoed, and transplant, cutting off the outer leaves. For main crop, sow as early as the ground can be worked, in drills about one inch deep and the rows about fifteen or eighteen inches apart, dropping the seeds about two inches apart, and pressing the soil firmly over them.

When the young plants are two to three inches high, thin to five or six inches. For winter use, the turnip varieties may be sown the first week in June, and in October the roots can be stored in a cellar, covering them with sand to prevent shriveling; or they may be kept in pits out of doors. One ounce to fifty feet of drill; five pounds to an acre.

Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cents; lb., 70 cents; except when noted.

Albani, or Market Garden. Remarkably early; grown extensively by market gardeners for first early; nearly globe-shaped, with small tap-root; skin smooth and attractive; flesh red and very fine-grained. Our seed is of our own growing, and we can recommend it as being an unusually fine strain. It will pay our market-garden customers to give this variety a trial. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cents; lb., 85 cents.

Crosby's Egyptian. A carefully selected strain of Egyptian, as early as the original, but larger, thicker, smoother, and of better quality. Flesh deep blood-red. It is a rapid grower, attaining a usable size quicker than any other variety, and does not become woody with age. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cents; lb., 70 cents.

Early Egyptian Blood Turnip. A standard sort, ten to twelve days earlier than the old Blood Turnip; fine for forcing and for first early crop out of doors. Roots rich, dark crimson, with very small tap roots; flesh dark blood-red, zoned with lighter shade; crisp, sweet and tender when young.

Early Eclipse. This variety is exceedingly popular, and is one of the best early sorts. The tops are small, which admits of close planting. The roots are of a globular shape. Flesh fine-grained, very sweet, crisp, and tender; dark red, zoned with a lighter shade. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cents; lb., 70 cents.

Arlington Favorite. A dark-leaved, early blood variety, closely following Eclipse in maturing, but of much darker color and superior quality; perfectly round. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cents; lb., 70 cents.

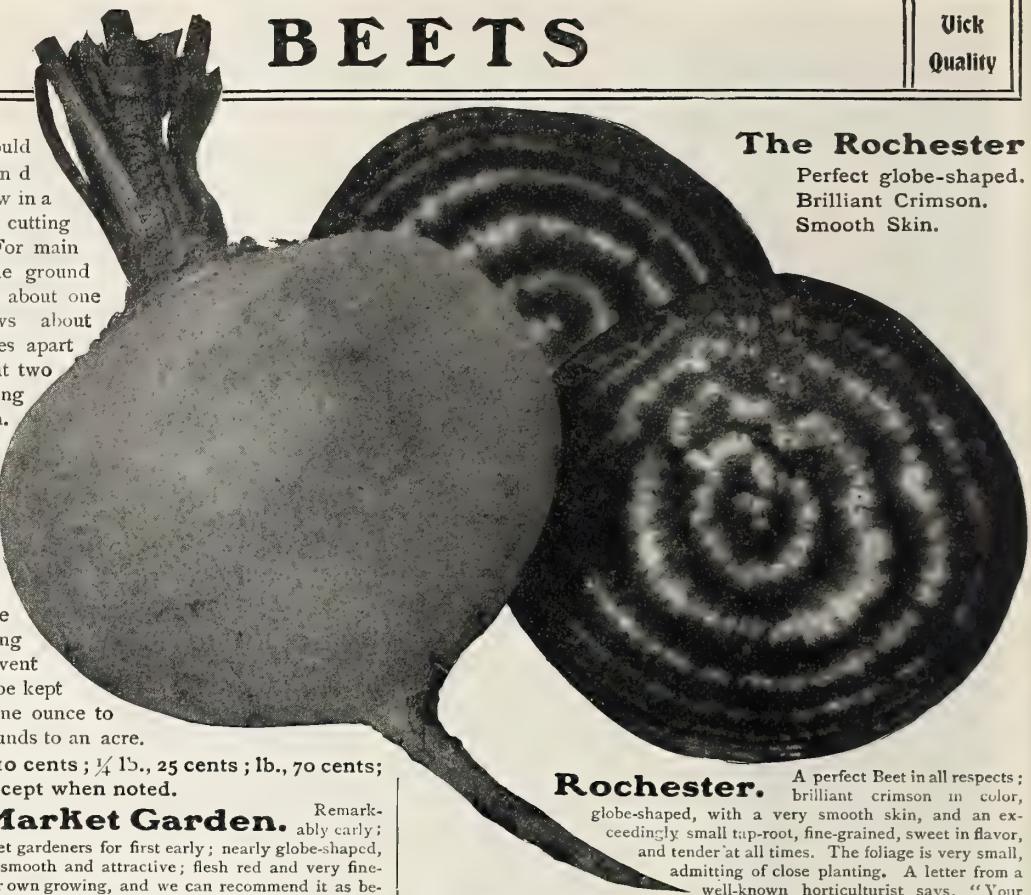
Detroit Dark Red. Tops small and upright, admitting of close planting. Roots medium in size, globular or oval, and very smooth; skin a dark blood-red; flesh deep bright red, zoned with a lighter shade, fine-grained, crisp, tender, and sweet, remaining so long after many sorts become woody. This is certainly a market gardener's Beet. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cents; lb., 70 cents.

Early Bassano. An early good turnip Beet, tender and juicy. Flesh white and rose. Grows to a good size. Sown late, it keeps well in winter.

Edmand's Early Blood Turnip. A market gardener's strain; regular in shape, round, with very small tap-root; flesh a deep blood-red, sweet, and tender. Can be planted closely between rows, having very small top.

The Rochester

Perfect globe-shaped.
Brilliant Crimson.
Smooth Skin.



Rochester. A perfect Beet in all respects; brilliant crimson in color, globe-shaped, with a very smooth skin, and an exceedingly small tap-root, fine-grained, sweet in flavor, and tender at all times. The foliage is very small, admitting of close planting. A letter from a well-known horticulturist says, "Your New Beet 'Rochester' I consider better than Crosby's Egyptian; early, good form, fine-grained, good quality. A market gardener's sort." Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40 cents; lb., \$1.25.

Bastian's Early Blood Turnip. Tops small; roots turnip-shaped; flesh tender, retaining its blood-red color when cooked. A good second early variety, closely following Egyptian and Eclipse.

Dewings Improved Early Blood Turnip. Turnip-shaped, smooth, tender, and good. About ten days after Bassano. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cents; lb., 70 cents.

Half-Long Blood Red. An entirely distinct variety, and the best for winter use. The roots are symmetrical, somewhat pear-shaped, smooth and handsome; flesh a rich dark red, crisp and tender, and very sweet, never becoming woody, and retaining its excellent quality longer than other sorts.

Long Smooth Blood Red. Tops large, with good-sized long roots, tapering, and growing even with the surface; dark red; flesh very sweet and tender, remaining so when kept till spring. A popular winter sort.

FOLIAGE BEETS

SWISS CHARD — Used for Leaves and Leaf-Stalks only.

Beck's Improved Sea Kale. A variety of Beet with tender leaves, popular for cooking as "greens;" if sown at the same time as the garden Beet it will be fit for greens much earlier. The middle of the leaf is cooked and served like Asparagus; the other portion are used like Spinach. Pkt., 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cents; lb., 80 cents.

Large-Ribbed Scarlet Brazilian. Stems and veins a beautiful crimson color; fine for garnishing. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30 cts.; lb., \$1.00.

Large-Ribbed Yellow Brazilian. Same as above, except in color, which is golden yellow. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30 cents; lb., \$1.00.

Large-Ribbed Silver. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20 cents; lb., 60 cents.



SUGAR
Klein
Wanzleben

for \$3.00 the price listed in your catalogue for the best.

BEET

BEETS FOR STOCK MANGEL WURZEL

The Mangel Wurzels grow to a large size, are coarse and wonderfully productive, making excellent food for cattle. Those who have never tried the Mangels for stock have yet to learn of their great value for cattle, both for milk and meat. They are both juicy and refreshing, and add to the health and comfort of the animals. For field culture the rows should be wide enough to admit the horse cultivator, and the roots not nearer than one foot in the row. Sow five or six pounds of seed to the acre. When large quantities are required, write for special prices.

Vick's Mammoth Long Red. This is truly a mammoth, a single root often weighing twenty to thirty pounds. Enormously productive, yielding thirty to forty tons of roots per acre. They grow well above ground and are easily harvested. Our seed comes from a specialist in Europe and can be relied upon as superior to many of the so-called mammoth sorts, under the names of Colossal, Jumbo, Monarch, etc. Ounce, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15 cents; lb., 35 cents.

Vick's Golden Giant. Produces a larger crop than any other variety of Mangel. Root of magnificent size, growing with half its bulk above ground, making it easy to lift and gather. Root uniform in shape, with a smooth, russet yellow skin; flesh white, firm and sweet, and greatly relished by cattle. A excellent keeper. Ounce, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15 cents; lb., 35 cents.

Golden Tankard. A distinct variety, and particularly valuable on account of its richness in saccharine matter, and is highly prized by dairymen for its milk-producing qualities. All stock will thrive on it. Deep yellow flesh and skin. Ounce, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15 cents; lb., 35 cents.

Champion Yellow, or Orange Globe. The best round Mangel. Keeps better than Long Red for winter use. It is also more valuable for growing in shallow soils. Ounce, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15 cents; lb., 35 cents.

Red Globe. Similar to Yellow Globe except in color, which is a light red or pink. Ounce, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15 cents; lb., 35 cents.

See Imperial White and Red-Top Sugar Beets.

SUGAR BEETS

When the Sugar Beet is planted for a sugar crop, from six to eight pounds of seed will be required for an acre. Seed may be sown in drills twenty to thirty inches apart. When beets are up two or three inches high, they should be thinned out so as to stand from six to eight inches apart. Discontinue cultivation after formation of roots has commenced. Although Sugar Beets are grown principally for sugar-making and for stock-feeding, they are very desirable for table use, being more tender, sweeter, and of better flavor than any of the sorts grown for that purpose. Everyone should try them.

Klein Wanzleben Sugar. This is a variety with small top-leaves and a conical root. It is being cultivated in Germany almost exclusively for sugar, on account of its great yield of saccharine matter. It gives good returns in any ordinary soil, and is easily harvested. Ounce, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15 cents; lb., 35 cents.

Imperial White Sugar. One of the sweetest and best of Sugar Beets. Very productive and desirable for stock of all kinds. Ounce, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15 cents; lb., 35 cents.

Vilmorin's Red-Top

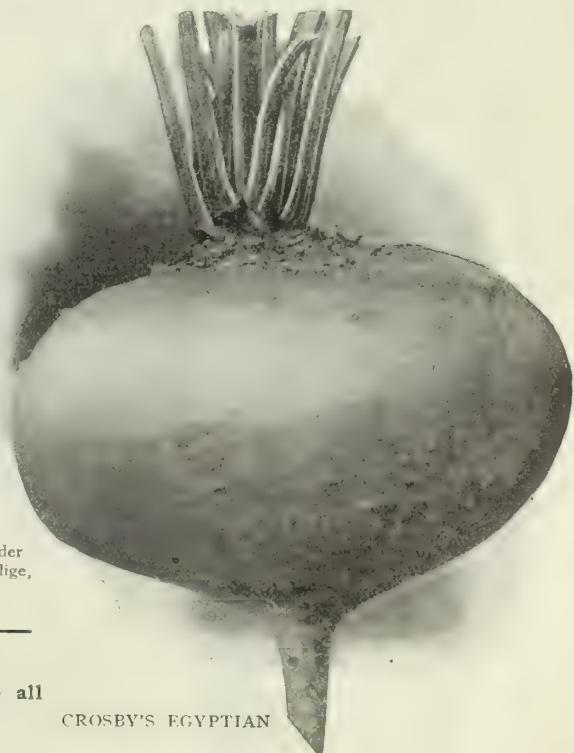
Sugar. Matures earlier than other varieties of Sugar Beet, and yields a good percentage of sugar. A heavy cropper, largely grown for cattle feeding. Ounce, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15 cents; lb., 35 cents.

OLCOTT, N. Y.,
Apr. 25, 1906.

James Vick's Sons,
Rochester.

Dear Sirs:—

I bought my Danish Cabbage Seed from you last season and it was very fine, the nearest to pure seed that I ever bought. I had 72 tons stored until the middle of February from 7½ acres. I would like another pound of the same, the best that you have. Enclosed please find money order. Send it as soon as possible, and oblige,
Resp. yours,
W. C. BRIGGS.



Shipping Directions, Etc.

Customers are requested to read carefully the "Suggestions to all who Buy," on second page of cover.

CROSBY'S EGYPTIAN

IF there is any one thing more than another in the vegetable world that should have the greatest possible care in the growing of the seed crops, it is the Cabbage. Of late years many gardeners and truckers depend on this crop almost entirely; and, realizing this fact, we are making a great specialty of the varieties we offer. These are grown under our own general supervision, and we know from repeated trials there are none more reliable and none that can be more implicitly depended upon. The Cabbage requires a deep, rich soil, and thorough working. For ordinary home use, with either early or late varieties, sow in seedbed early in spring; but for early use the plants should be started in a hotbed or coldframe. Plant the large varieties three feet apart; the small, early sorts, eighteen inches to two feet; setting the plants down to the first leaf. The Savoy Cabbages have wrinkled leaves, and are of fine flavor, especially after a little frost has touched them in the autumn. One ounce of seed will yield about 3,500 plants. If Cabbages are troubled with insects, use Vick's Insect Exterminator—see advertisement, page 87.



VICK'S IMPROVED DANISH BALLHEAD



VOLGA
A new Cabbage
of great merit.

20th Century. Vick's Earliest of All Cabbage.

This new variety, introduced by ourselves in 1900, came to us from Denmark, the home of the famous Danish Ballhead Winter Cabbage, and is without exception the earliest Cabbage yet introduced. Heretofore the Jersey Wakefield has been cultivated for earliest of all Cabbage, producing pointed or sugar-loaf heads, but in the 20th Century we have the round shape like All Seasons and others, which is the preferable form. The heads are medium sized, and solid as a cannon-ball. It grows more compactly than either Wakefield or Winnigstadt, and therefore yields a much larger crop. For garden use it is unexcelled. **Packet, 10 cents; oz., 40 cents; lb., \$5.00.**

Selected Early Jersey Wakefield. The leading early variety and most popular for private or market gardeners' use. Our stock of this standard Cabbage is grown and selected with the greatest care, and can be relied upon both for vitality of seed and trueness to type. The heads are conical in shape, solid, and compact; the outer leaves are thick and heavy, which make the Jersey Wakefield the best for wintering over and very early setting. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 25 cents; lb., \$2.50.**

Charleston, or Large Wakefield. A strain of Wakefield in which the heads are decidedly larger and not so pointed, and about a week later. Unlike some other early sorts it is not liable to burst open when matured. Its solidity of head and long-keeping qualities make it deservedly popular with market gardeners and shippers. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 25 cents; lb., \$2.50.**

Early Winnigstadt. A distinct second early sort, and one of the best for general cultivation. Being very hardy, it is therefore less subject to wet or drought, insects or disease. A sure-heading variety, giving entirely satisfactory crops. The heads are uniform in size, conical in shape, and very solid. It is valuable for early use, and on account of its solidity, and short, thick leaves, it makes also a good winter Cabbage. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 20 cents; lb., \$2.00.**

Early Spring. This is a valuable extra early variety, coming into use as early as Wakefield, and yielding one-third more. The heads are round, slightly flattened, and very solid. It has few small outer leaves, allowing it to be planted close. Truckers or private gardeners will make no mistake in growing this valuable variety. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 20 cents; lb., \$2.00.**

Improved Early Summer. This is a valuable variety for both market and family use, maturing about ten days later than the Jersey Wakefield. It is a large-heading variety, in form nearly round, somewhat flattened, very solid and uniform in size, and will keep longer without bursting than most of the early sorts. Seed should be sown in February or March, as when sown in the fall and wintered over the plants are inclined to run to seed. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 20 cents; lb., \$2.00.**

Volga. A new variety lately introduced from Russia. It is strong and hardy, invariably producing a good crop. Heads large, round as a cannon-ball, uniform in size, with few outer leaves and do not crack. Compares with Early Wakefield in earliness, being but a few days, later. We have thoroughly tested it the past two years and are positive it will prove all and more than we claim for it. **Packet, 10 cents; oz., 35 cents; 1/4 lb., \$1.10; lb., \$3.50.**

Allhead Early. The largest-heading of the second early sorts,—earlier, and one-third larger than Early Summer; therefore more profitable to the market gardener. It is a rapid grower, and consequently very tender. The deep, flat heads are remarkably solid, very uniform in size, and of compact growth. Having few outer leaves it can be planted very close. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 25 cents; lb., \$2.50.**

Improved Succession. A sure-heading, long-keeping variety, about ten days later than the well-known Early Summer, with larger and heavier heads. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 25 cents; lb., \$2.50.**

CABBAGE—Continued

All Seasons A very superior, sure-heading, long-keeping sort. It would be classed as second early; but whether for medium early, main crop, or late use, it is unsurpassed by any other sort. The heads are large, nearly round, somewhat flattened, very solid, and in quality the best. Its ability to stand the summer heat and dry weather is quite remarkable. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 25 cents; lb., \$2.50.**

Warren Stone Mason. A great improvement on the old Stone Mason. The heads are deep and nearly round. An excellent sort to carry through the winter. Its reliability for heading is unsurpassed. Comes in with Fottler's, and is a capital sort to succeed All Seasons. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 20 cents; lb., \$2.00.**

Surehead. Heads, large, round, flattened at the top and uniform in size. Medium early and one of the best keeping and shipping varieties. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 20 cents; lb., \$2.00.**

Vick's Short-Stemmed Early**Danish Ballhead.**

A new strain selected from the famous Danish Ballhead

Cabbage, and is bound to become one of the best and most popular sorts both for home and market growing. The heads are very large; as round as balls and as solid as bullets. The interior leaves are pure white, crisp and tender. On account of their solidity, cabbages of this variety will outweigh those of any other variety of the same size. It is short-stemmed, and as strong and vigorous as any other American variety, and also as free from blight. Fully two weeks earlier, and will keep and ship as well as Danish Ballhead. Danish Ballhead usually commands at least one cent per pound more than any other variety of cabbage in the wholesale markets of this and other cities, and this new and improved strain will prove fully as profitable. **Packet, 5 cents; ¼ oz., 10 cents; oz., 35 cents; ¼ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.50.**

Vick's Improved Danish Ballhead.

Of the many varieties of Cabbage introduced within the past few years none has attained to so great popularity, or given such general satisfaction as Vick's Improved Danish Ballhead. The fame of this particular strain has become world-wide, and it stands without a peer. It commands a higher price in the market than any other variety. It is remarkable for the solidity of its heads and long-keeping qualities. The heads are of medium size, with few outer leaves, admitting of close planting; exceedingly fine-grained, hardest of all, tender, crisp, solid, with no waste heart. Will average six pounds per head. Do not be deceived by substitutes. There is only one Improved Danish Ballhead Cabbage, and this we import direct from our original grower in Denmark. **Packet, 5 cents; ¼ oz., 10 cents; oz., 30 cents; lb., \$3.00.**

Autumn King or World Beater. A comparatively new strain of late Cabbage, and one which will supersede the old Mammoth Marblehead Cabbage of years ago. The Autumn King grows to an enormous size, making heads as solid as a rock, and comes uniformly true to type. It can be relied upon to produce a greater weight of crop from the same space of ground than most of the late sorts, having few outer leaves. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 25 cents; lb., \$2.25.**

Louisville Drumhead. A variety grown largely by market gardeners in the Southwest. It stands hot weather better than most other sorts, and is a sure cropper. Resembles Premium Flat Dutch. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 20 cents; lb., \$2.00.**

Selected Premium Late Flat Dutch. No introduction is necessary for this old, reliable, and popular Cabbage. It produces large, solid heads of superior quality, keeping in best condition for a long time. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 20 cents; lb., \$2.00.**

Improved American Savoy. Decidedly the peer of all Savoy Cabbages, either for market or kitchen garden, and a reliable header. The heads are large, and very solid, and possess a fine delicate flavor. The beautifully curled and crimped leaves are of a dark rich green color. We can recommend this variety to all. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 20 cents; lb., \$2.00.**

Mammoth Rock Red. This is by far the best, largest, and most reliable heading red Cabbage ever introduced. The head is large, round, very solid, and of a deep red color. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 20 cents; lb., \$2.00.**

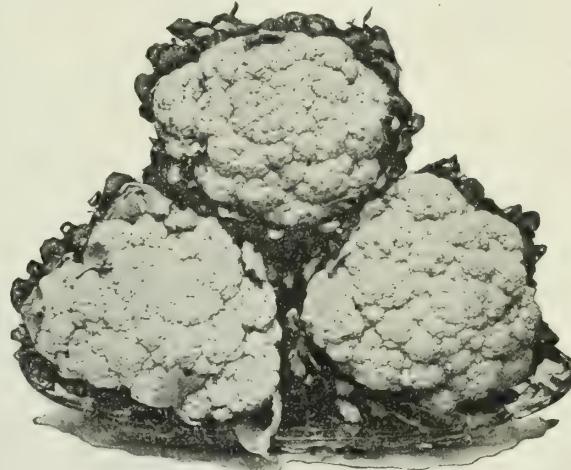
OTHER STANDARD VARIETIES OF CABBAGE.

Large Late Drumhead. Extra Early Etampes. Early Blood Red. Fottler's Improved Brunswick. **Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; pound, \$1.75.**

At Prices quoted in this Catalogue, we Prepay Postage or Express charges, unless otherwise noted.

CAULIFLOWER

The Cauliflower delights in a rich soil and an abundance of water. Sow seed for an early summer crop in February or March, in a hotbed, and when plants are three or four inches high transplant four inches apart in boxes or frames. In the middle of spring, or as soon as the gardener deems it prudent, the plants can be removed to the open ground into soil that has been well enriched with good manure. Set plants from two to two and a half feet apart each way. Cultivate often, throwing up the earth, and water well in dry weather. For late Cauliflower sow seed in a cool, moist place, on the north side of a building or tight fence, in this latitude about the first of May, and they will not be troubled with the little black beetle so destructive to everything of the Cabbage tribe when young. One ounce will produce about 3,500 plants.

**Vick's Danish Giant, or Dry Weather Cauliflower.**

Originated in Denmark the home of the "Snowball" and other leading sorts. Its main feature is the fact that it will stand an unusual amount of dry or warm weather and still produce perfect, large, solid heads. In districts where heretofore it has been impossible to grow Cauliflower, this fine variety has proven a success. It is ready for market or table about a week later than Extra Early Erfurt. **Packet, 25 cents; ¼ oz., \$1.00; oz., \$3.50.**

Vick's Ideal. This is unquestionably the leading variety of heading and size and solidity of heads, it is superior to any other variety. It is sure to head, even under unfavorable circumstances, and will attain to enormous size under ordinary cultivation. The plants are very dwarf, and while the outer leaves are erect the inner ones lap over the heads so as to fully shade them from the sun, preserving them a beautiful snowy white. **Packet, 30 cents; ¼ oz., \$1.75; oz., \$5.00.** These prices are *net*, from which no discount or on which no premium will be allowed.

Early Snowball. Next to our Ideal we can recommend the Snowball as one of the earliest and surest heading varieties. Its dwarf habit and short outer leaves allow it to be planted very close—eighteen to twenty inches apart. It is well adapted for forcing under glass throughout the winter and spring. It gives a pure snow-white, medium-sized head. Our Cauliflower seed is grown by a specialist, and can be relied upon in every respect. **Packet, 15 cents; ¼ ounce, 75 cents; oz., \$2.50.**

Erfurt Earliest Dwarf. Until the introduction of our Ideal, the Erfurt was a leader, and today this variety will stand the test with any other extra early sort. It is very dwarf in habit, producing pure white heads of great solidity and finest quality; quite desirable for forcing or for planting in open ground. For a general all-round market garden variety we can highly recommend the Erfurt strain. **Packet, 15 cents; ¼ oz., 75 cents; oz., \$2.50.**

Early Paris, or Nonpareil. This is a well-known standard French variety, producing very early, good-sized, pure white heads, which are tender and delicious. **Packet, 10 cents; oz., 75 cents; ¼ lb., \$2.50.**

Veitch's Autumn Giant. A distinct and valuable late variety, producing large heads, pure white, firm, and compact; and being thoroughly protected by the foliage, remains a long time fit for use. A desirable variety for the South. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 40 cents; ¼ lb., \$1.25.**

Large Late Algiers. One of the best late sorts, grown largely for fall use. It is a sure header, and endures uninjured a freeze that would materially affect other sorts. **Packet, 10 cents; oz., 75 cents; ¼ lb., \$2.00.**

The qualifications necessary for successful Celery culture are good seed, manure, moisture, and tillage. The best soil, when obtainable, is good, deep swamp muck or moist loam highly enriched with thirty or forty loads to the acre of good horse or cow manure. There must be plenty of water, either naturally or artificially supplied. Celery seed is slow to germinate, and when very early plants are wanted it should be sown in a hotbed in February or March, barely covering the seed. When the plants are large enough, transplant into coldframes, one and a half inches apart; water and attend carefully; keep the temperature moderate; and when the weather is suitable, from middle of May till June, transplant into the open ground. For main crop, sow in shallow drills in the open ground, as soon as the soil can be worked, choosing a rich, mellow soil. See that the bed is kept well watered. Rolling or pressing in the seed will give more satisfactory results than merely covering it. When the plants are two inches high, thin out to three inches apart in the rows; and when four inches high, cut off the tops to make the plants stocky. The best time to plant is that which will bring the plants to maturity during the cool, moist weather—in this locality from the middle of June to early in July. Never hoe or earth up in moist weather, nor when the plants are wet with dew, as it would cause serious injury. One ounce of seed will produce 4,000 to 5,000 plants. To keep Celery for winter, dig trenches a foot wide and as deep as the tops of the plants. Stand Celery in these, erect, as they grow, with what dirt adheres to the roots, packing closely, but not crowding. After the trench is filled, mulch well as a protection from frost. Do not cover until the weather becomes quite cold, and then only a little at a time, as the cold increases. Celery will bear a good deal of frost. The trench must have good drainage.

Paris Golden Dwarf Self-Blanching Celery

Our Seed of this Variety is the Very Best that Can be Produced

This variety is without exception the best early Celery in cultivation, and we believe will ever remain so. It is of French origin, but some seedsmen, anxious to increase profits, have had seed of it grown in California, the result showing itself in the crops of *soft, and mixed with green, plants in many gardens.* It does not pay to buy cheap seed.

Paris Golden Self-Blanching is of dwarf habit and very stocky; stalks uniform in height, very compact; color of a rich golden yellow. In quality it is unexcelled, being solid, tender, crisp, and rich in flavor. **Our market gardener's strain, packet 10 cents; oz. 45 cents; lb., \$4.50.** These prices are *net*, from which no discount or on which no premium will be allowed.



THE BLANCHING PROCESS
WITH BOARDS

FIELD OF PARIS GOLDEN
SELF-BLANCHING CELERY

BOARDS REMOVED, CELERY
BLANCHED, READY FOR MARKET

Rose-Ribbed Paris Self-Blanching. This magnificent sort comes to us from the originator, the grower of our market garden strain of Golden Self-Blanching, and resembles in general character that most valuable variety, while in flavor it is much superior. It is a robust grower, and as self-blanching as any variety in cultivation. The stalks are large, thick, and beautiful, tinted with rose color at the base, while the upper part of the stems, particularly the *hearts*, are a deep, rich yellow. All market gardeners should test the tastes of their customers by growing a crop of this meritorious sort, and they will be more than satisfied with its excellent quality in addition to its beautiful appearance. **Packet, 10 cents; oz., 30 cents; lb., \$3.00.**

Pink Plume. The red Celeries are harder and better keepers than the white and yellow sorts, and are of very fine quality, possessing a peculiarly rich nutty flavor. This variety possesses all these good qualities, while its delicate pink color gives it a handsome appearance. A self-blanching variety, of strong and vigorous habit and not liable to rust. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 25 cents; lb., \$2.50.**

White Plume. A variety especially adapted to cultivation by amateurs, as its inner stalks and leaves are naturally white, and do not require blanching by the old process of high banking. By simply tying up the stalks and drawing up the soil with the hoe, the work of blanching is complete. It is ornamental, tender, crisp, and of good flavor. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 20 cents; lb., \$2.00.**

Giant Pascal. This is a selection from the Golden Self-Blanching Celery. The stalks are very large, thick, solid, and crisp. It has a fine nutty flavor, and free from any trace of bitterness. It blanches with but slight earthing up, retains its freshness a long time after being marketed, and is a better keeper than any other white or yellow variety. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 20 cents; lb., \$1.75.**

Improved Dwarf Golden Heart. A prominent market gardener has for years sold on our market this improved strain of Golden Heart, for which he receives an advanced price. Its good and long-keeping qualities are unexcelled by any other variety. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; lb., \$1.50.**

CELERY—Continued

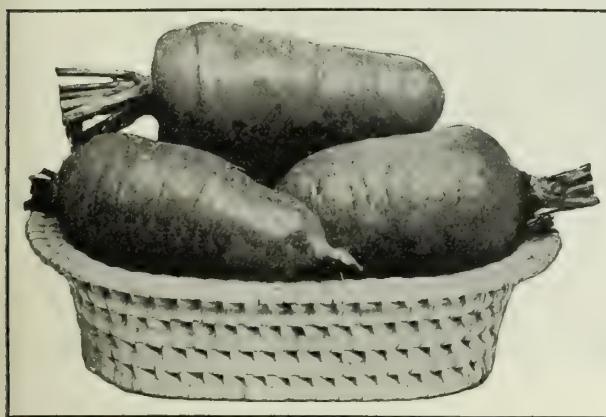
Turnip-Rooted (Celeriac) Large Smooth Prague. This is an improved form of the Turnip-rooted Celery. Roots large, round and smooth, and free from side roots; a profitable variety for market gardeners. Sow seed same as Celery, transplant into rows two feet apart and about six to eight inches in the row. No earthing up is required for Celeriac, as it is the roots which are the edible portion of the vegetable. For winter use, pack in damp sand or earth in cellar, or cover with straw and earth outside. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 20 cents; lb., \$2.00.**

OTHER STANDARD VARIETIES OF CELERY.

Perfection Hartwell,	Laing's Mammoth Red
Boston Market,	Crawford's Half Dwarf,
Giant White Solid,	Winter Queen,
Giant Golden Heart,	Henderson's Dwarf White.

Packet, 5 cents; oz., 20 cents; lb., \$1.75.

Old seeds for flavoring. Excellent. Ounce, 10 cents; lb., 40 cents.



CARROT, CHANTENAY STUMP-ROOTED

CHICORY

Sow Chicory seed as early in the spring as the ground can be worked, in drills half an inch deep and fifteen inches apart, and in good mellow soil. The after-culture is the same as for Carrots. In the autumn the plants will be ready for blanching, when it is used as a salad. The dried roots are also used as a substitute for and an adulterant of coffee. One ounce is sufficient for 100 feet of drill.

Large-Rooted Long Magdeburg. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; lb., \$1.00.

CIVES OR CHIVES

These are very hardy perennial plants, belonging to the Onion family. They are grown exclusively for their tops, which are used for giving a mild onion-like flavor to soups, stews, etc. Planted in clumps in any good garden soil, they grow readily, and increase so as to render a division necessary. The tops appear very early in spring, and can be cut throughout the season. The plants make a fine permanent edging, and we have used them for this purpose Roots, per bunch, 25 cents, by mail, prepaid.

COLLARDS

This is a variety of Cabbage largely grown in the South, where it is extensively used for both man and beast. It forms a large, loose, open head or mass of leaves. Freezing does not injure it. Sow seeds in the South from January to May, and August to September.

True Georgia. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; lb., \$1.00.

CORN SALAD—*Fetticus*

A favorite salad plant in Europe, used in winter and spring as a substitute for Lettuce. The leaves are sometimes boiled and served as Spinach. It is hardy and quick-growing. Sown in August and September, in drills one foot apart, and protected with a few leaves or straw during winter, it can be gathered very early in spring. Sown in April it is soon fit for use. The soil for Corn Salad should be very rich. Sow two ounces to 100 feet of drill. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; lb., 60 cents.**

CARROT

THE Carrot should always be furnished a good, deep, rich soil. Sow in the spring as soon as the ground is in good working order. For garden culture, sow in drills sixteen to eighteen inches apart, covering the seed half an inch to an inch deep. Press the soil firmly above the seed, as it is slow to germinate. For field culture, sow in drills from twenty to thirty inches apart, and when plants are one to two inches high thin out to from three to eight inches apart in the rows, according to the variety. An important feature in sowing Carrots, as in all other seeds, is firming the seed in the soil; this may be done with the foot or spade.

The short kinds are finest grained, best adapted for table use, can be had very early, and may be allowed to grow very thickly upon the ground. The large kinds are admirable for all kinds of stock, and nothing is more relished by horses in winter, and nothing is more healthful. Some prefer the short kinds, even for stock, as they are so easily gathered, and give such a good crop. One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill; three to four pounds to an acre.

Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; 1/4 lb., 30 cents; lb., \$1.00; except as noted.

Earliest French Forcing. The earliest of all varieties, and especially adapted for cultivation under glass, both on account of its earliness and the shortness and small size of its roots. It is also one of the best sorts for the table; delicate, fine-grained, and remarkably fine-flavored. It is also used by gardeners for bunching for early market. Root orange-red. Top very small.

Early Scarlet Horn. This is a favorite for early crop, but not large; sold extensively in all markets bunched. The tops are small; roots top-shaped, stump-rooted, therefore easily pulled. Grows well in shallow soil. Color a deep orange; flesh fine-grained.

Half-long Nantes Stump-rooted. A market gardener's favorite. It is of medium size, admirably adapted for bunching, and one of the best for summer use for the home garden. Roots about six inches long, very smooth and cylindrical, bright orange; flesh orange, becoming yellow in the center, but with no core; very sweet and tender.

Chantenay Stump-rooted. The best early Carrot in cultivation, and one which market gardeners should plant for their main early crop. In shape it is midway between the Nantes Half-Long Stump-rooted and the Guerande or Oxheart varieties, nearly equaling the former in length, and having the broad shoulder and tapering root of the latter. Its color is orange-red; the flesh crisp and tender. Very early and a heavy cropper.

Guerande or Oxheart. This variety has given great satisfaction. While not attaining one-half the length of many other varieties, it will compare favorably in bulk of crop, as on good land it will produce Carrots four to six inches in diameter. The crop can be pulled by hand, while the longer sorts require digging. Excellent for table use, as well as for stock. Truly a market gardener's favorite. It is of medium size and admirably adapted for bunching. It is also one of the best for summer use for the home garden. The roots are about six inches long, very smooth and cylindrical, color bright orange; flesh orange, becoming yellow in the center, but with no core; very sweet and tender.

Danvers Half-Long, Orange. A first-class variety; flesh dark orange. The smooth, handsome roots are of medium length, tapering uniformly to a blunt point; flesh sweet, crisp, and tender. A great favorite with market gardeners; also valuable for field crop, owing to its productiveness. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; 1/4 lb., 25 cents; lb., 80 cents.**

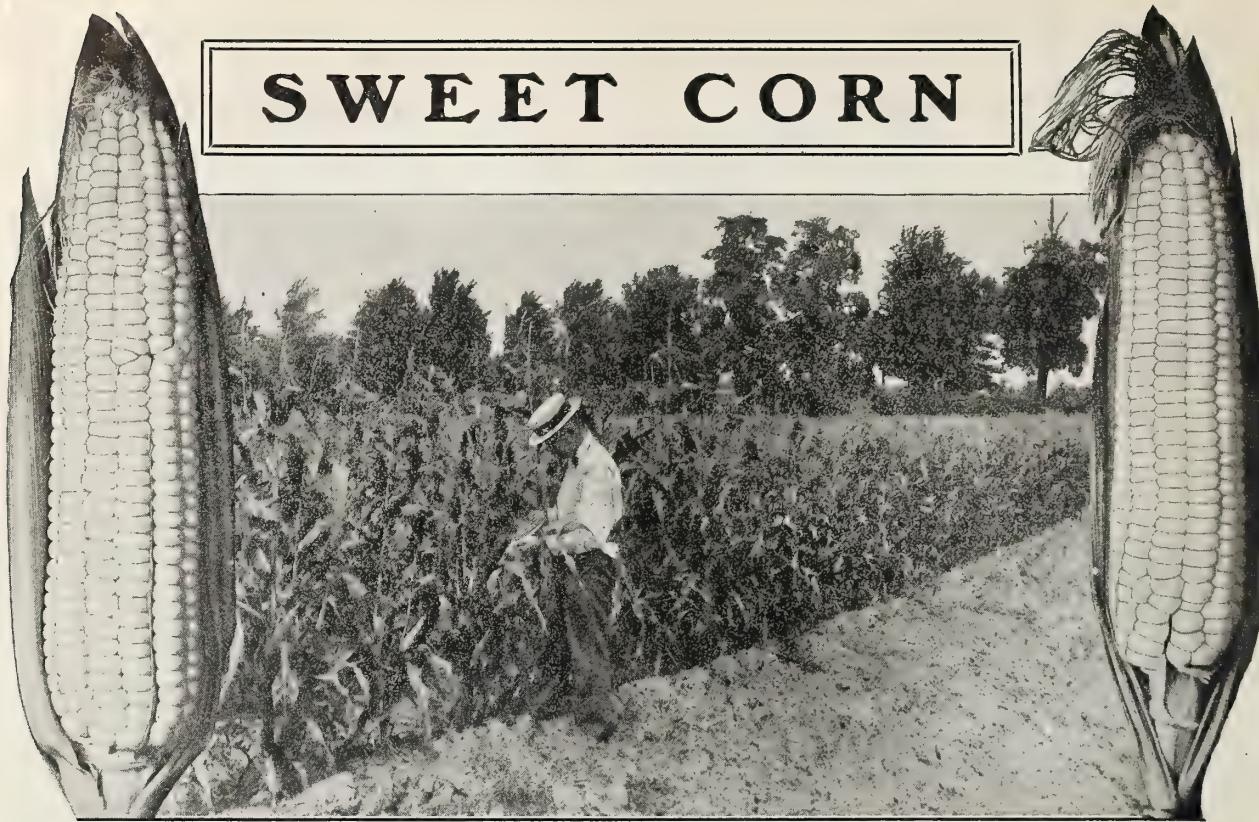
St. Valery Intermediate. One of the best and handsomest main-crop Carrots. The roots are very symmetrical, tapering regularly from the shoulder to tip, very smooth, and free from side roots. The core is small and very tender; flesh rich orange, of fine flavor. Enormously productive. Very desirable for private gardens, as well as for market. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; 1/4 lb., 25 cents; lb., 75 cents.**

Improved Long Orange. The old standard and popular variety. It grows to a large size, some specimens measuring twelve inches in length. Enormous crops can be grown under fair culture. One of the best varieties for feeding stock. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; 1/4 lb., 25 cents; lb., 75 cents.**

Improved Short White (Vosges). For a field Carrot this is unequalled. The roots are short, very heavy at the shoulder, tapering to a point, and therefore easily harvested. Especially suited to shallow soils. Enormously productive. **Pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 10 cts.; 1/4 lb., 20 cts.; lb., 60 cts.**

Belgian Carrots. The great stock-feeding Carrots of Europe. Roots grow to a large size; partly above ground. Very productive. **Large Belgian, White Belgian. Pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 10 cts.; 1/4 lb., 20 cts.; lb., 60 cts.**

SWEET CORN



MAMMOTH
WHITE CORY

GROWING CROP OF HIAWATHA
SWEET CORN

SWEET CORN
HIAWATHA

SWEET CORN should not be planted very early in the season, for it will not make any progress until the weather is warm, and will be very apt to rot. It will decay in places where our common field Corn will grow, and the sweeter and purer the less hardship it will bear. Always select a warm soil for Sweet Corn, if possible, especially for the early varieties, as the difference in soil and exposure will make a week's difference in the time of maturity, besides ensuring a crop. Plant in hills, three feet apart for the earliest varieties, and three and a half to four feet for the late ones. One quart will plant 200 hills; 8 to 10 quarts for an acre in hills.

Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pint, 20 cents;
quart, 35 cents.

First Early Varieties

Vick's Earliest of All. This is in fact the "earliest of all." Very excellent, tender, and sweet. Similar in appearance to Cory, but superior in quality. To market gardeners this variety is of great value, as the first Sweet Corn will bring two or three times the price it commands when the supply becomes general.

Mammoth White Cory. A decided improvement over the original Cory. In fact our selection of seed stock and careful growing of this strain make it the largest and best extra early in our list. The stalks are no larger than those of the White Cob Cory, while each stalk bears two or more large, fine-shaped ears, twelve-rowed, and covered with large, broad, white grain; remarkable for its good quality for so early a sort. All gardeners who cater to the best trade should plant this variety.

Metropolitan. The new Metropolitan combines the essential features of earliness and fine quality to a more satisfactory degree than any of the other first early varieties. The plant grows five to six feet in height; the ears average nine inches long, are 10 to 12 rowed, well filled out, and set low on the stalk; the kernels are exceedingly white in color.

Early Minnesota. An old and popular dwarf variety. Ears fine, of good sweet quality. Desirable for both the market and private garden.

New Early Sweet Corn, Hia-watha. A new variety of unusual merit. Early, productive and of unsurpassed sweetness. Grown on our farm last summer, it proved to be the best of all the early white sorts. From five to six feet tall; ears seven to eight inches in length, and fourteen to sixteen rows of tender, juicy kernels. It is a desirable variety for either the home garden or the market gardener. The above illustration is a photograph of the growing crop on our Despatch farm. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pint, 25 cents; quart, 45 cents.

Extra Early Golden Bantam.

The Golden Bantam is early, very hardy and will stand planting earlier in the season than other varieties. It grows about four feet high, bearing one to two medium sized ears of a rich, golden, yellow color. When cooked is exceedingly sweet and tender, an ideal sort for the home garden. It resembles very closely the Golden Nugget, introduced by us in 1892, the stock of which was lost a year or two later, owing to failure of the crop. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pint, 25 cents; quart, 45 cents.

Kendel's Early Giant. This variety is one of the largest early Sweet Corns. It comes in soon after the Cory. Ears eight to ten inches long, 12 to 18 rowed, filled well to the tip with broad, white, sweet kernels of excellent flavor. Stalks short, bearing one to two ears.

Medium and Second Early

Crosby's Early. Excellent. Remarkably early and of best flavor. Ears medium size; twelve-rowed; grains sweet and thick. Largely grown for canning.

Perry's Hybrid Sugar. A very popular and a remarkably long-eared sort for one so early. Ears ready for use a few days later than Early Cory and Minnesota, but double the size of either. Ears twelve-rowed; kernels large, tender, and deliciously sweet. Stalks of great vigor, about six feet high, with two perfect ears to the stalk.

Early Evergreen. This fine variety is ten to twelve days earlier than Stowell's, and though it is not quite as large, it yields large, handsome, ten or twelve-rowed ears. An excellent variety to follow Moore's Early Concord.

Early Mammoth. The earliest, sweetest, and largest of the mammoth sweet varieties. Probably no other Sweet Corn will yield as much fodder, and for this reason it is extensively planted, to be fed green or dry.

Potter's Excelsior (Squantum). A well-known sort, extensively grown for market and canning purposes; also used throughout New England in their famous clambakes. It is remarkably sweet, and wonderfully productive.

Stowell's Evergreen. There never was, and we believe there never will be, a better late Sweet Corn than Stowell's Evergreen. For a late main crop, for family use, the general market, or for canning, it is unexcelled. We have made a specialty of this variety for years, and our sales of thousands of bushels to the canning trade attest the fact that our strain is the best.

Black Mexican. The ripe grain of this novel variety is black or bluish black, but when in condition for the table looks remarkably white. This is considered the sweetest and most tender of any variety of Sweet Corn.

Country Gentleman. A remarkably satisfactory and delicious Corn for family use. The ears are good-sized and produced in great abundance, many stalks bearing four plump ears. Its long, small, milky kernels are full of sweetness; and as the cob is small, and the corn white and tender, it is sure to please. It is somewhat later than Stowell's Evergreen.

Mammoth Late Sugar. Green ears of this variety have been exhibited weighing from two to three pounds. The sweetest and largest of all the mammoth sweet sorts. Valuable on account of its yield of stalks for fodder.

FIELD CORN

Quart, 25 cents, postage paid. Peck, 50 cents; bushel, \$1.50; except as noted.

Peck or bushel by express or freight at expense of purchaser.

Special prices on large quantities. In this list the planter will find all that is best in field varieties.

Genesee Valley. A new, yellow, eight-rowed Flint variety, originating through the crossing of the popular Longfellow with a choice local stock. The cob is white, twelve to fifteen inches in length, and very slender. The grain is a golden yellow, large, and compactly set, covering both butt and tip. It is an exceedingly early, hardy, and productive variety, yielding on good land from eighty to 100 bushels of shelled corn per acre. It is easy to husk, and the stalks make good fodder. Quart, 25 cents; peck, 60 cents; bush., \$2.00.

Early Sanford. An early white flint variety; equally valuable for ensilage or grinding. Quart, 25 cents; peck, 60 cents; bushel, \$2.00.

Pride of the North. A sixteen-rowed Yellow Dent variety. Ears eight to ten inches in length; cob very small and red, with grain above medium size and closely set. It produces an enormous quantity of shelled corn to the amount of cob. Stalks six to eight feet, and frequently bearing two ears. An exceedingly early and prolific variety.

Improved Leaming. Similar to above in every respect, but about two weeks later in maturing. A very desirable variety.

Champion White Pearl. A new, early, thoroughbred White Dent Corn. Ears average sixteen rows, with very small cob; ripens in 90 to 100 days from time of planting. Very productive, yielding fully as well as the Yellow Dent sorts.

Early Mastodon. An improved variety of Yellow Dent, combining large yield, large grains, and early ripening. It has the largest number of rows on a cob, and the largest grains of any Corn ever originated. It is high bred and of a beautiful color, being such corn as brings the highest price in the market. It is of medium height, grows rapidly, and ripens in 100 days. From 170 to 200 bushels per acre have been produced as far north as latitude $42^{\circ} 30'$. Considering its size and the number of rows on a cob, it is the earliest Dent Corn grown.

Golden Beauty. A grand new Dent variety of vigorous growth and immensely productive on rich soil. The ears are of perfect form, remarkable in size, filled to the tip with ten to fourteen rows of remarkably large bright golden grains. Cob very small for so large an ear. Ripens in from 110 to 120 days. Stalks ten to twelve feet in height, with abundant foliage.

Improved Early Sheeptooth. (Fodder Corn). Nearly two weeks earlier and better adapted for fodder and ensilage in the Northern States than the ordinary Southern Sheeptooth. The stalks are twelve to fourteen feet in height, and enormously productive. This improved sort is generally superseding all known varieties for ensilage purposes. Peck, 40 cents; bushel, \$1.25; bag of $2\frac{1}{2}$ bushels, \$3.00, with no charge for bag.

Sweet Fodder. There is nothing better for green feed, or for curing for winter, than Sweet Corn. Cattle highly relish it, and when fed on it keep in fine condition and give an abundance of rich milk. It has the great merit of being so sweet and palatable that cattle eat every bit of the stalk and leaves. It is also excellent for soiling. Sow in drills, one and one-half bushels per acre; or broadcast double the quantity. State if wanted for summer or winter feeding when ordering. Peck, 50 cents; bushel, \$1.50.

POP CORN

Shelled corn, packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 15 cents; pint, 20 cents; quart, 35 cents.

White Rice. The most popular for general use.

Queen's Golden. Pops creamy white.

Silver Lace. The best white-grained variety.

CRESS—Pepperggrass

Cress should be sown in a hotbed or in a sheltered spot in the garden, quite thick, in shallow drills, and in a short time it will be fit for cutting. It gives a pungent relish to Lettuce, and other salad plants. A fresh lot should be sown every week, as it matures very rapidly and is useful only when young.

Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; lb., 50 cents; except where noted.

Fine Curled. Superior; will bear cutting several times.

Broad-Leaved Garden. Sometimes used for soups.

Australian. Leaves delicate green; flavor mild and fine.

Water. Does well in mucky situations, but better on the edge of streams, in shallow water. It needs no after-care. Packet, 10 cents; oz., 30 cents; lb., \$3.00.

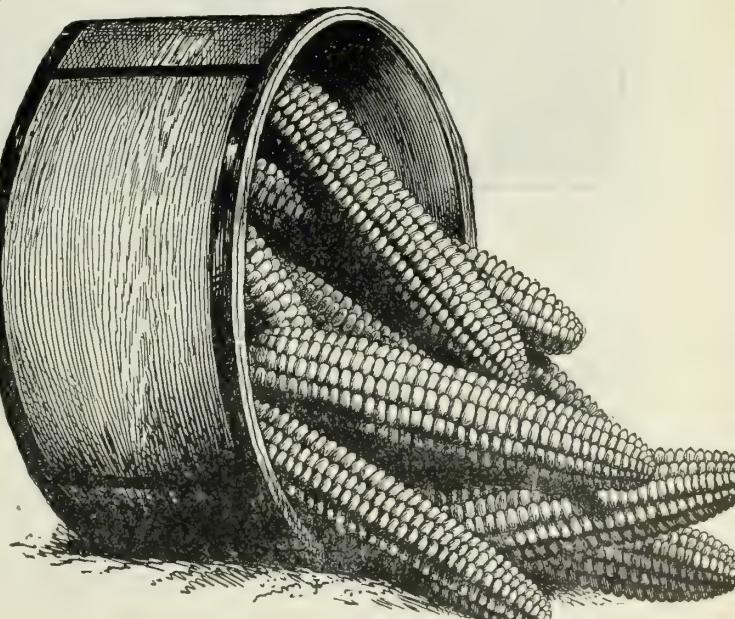
DANDELION

The Dandelion has become very popular as an early, healthful spring salad. Sow as early in spring as the weather will permit, in well-enriched soil, in rows eighteen inches apart, covering the seed one-fourth of an inch deep. Thin the plants to twelve inches apart. Keep clear of weeds, and the following spring the leaves will be fit to cut. One ounce is sufficient for 100 feet of drill.

Arlington. A favorite with the Boston marketmen. Leaves very finely cut and curled. Packet, 10 cents; oz., 50 cents.

Improved Thick-Leaved. Leaves thicker than Arlington and not so finely curled. Packet, 10 cents; oz., 50 cents.

Common. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 25 cents.



FIELD CORN, GENESEE VALLEY

CUCUMBERS

IN this latitude it is useless to plant in open ground until nearly the first of June. Make hills two feet in diameter and about six feet apart, and enrich them with well-rotted manure. Plant a dozen or more seeds, covering half an inch deep. When all danger from insects is over, pull all but three or four of the strongest plants. The middle of June is early enough to plant for pickling. For early Cucumbers the hotbed is necessary; but the simplest and surest way to produce a tolerably early crop of the best kinds is to dig a hole about eighteen inches deep and three feet across; into this put a barrow of manure, and cover with a small box-like frame, on the top of which place a couple of lights of glass. These places can be prepared about five or six feet apart. Keep the earth drawn up to the stems. Water and give air. Use one ounce for fifty hills, and two pounds per acre when planted in hills.

The FOREIGN VARIETIES are of fine quality and of wonderful size, two feet or more in length, but they require a hotbed to help them along until the weather is warm.

Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; lb., \$1.00; except as noted.

Vick's
Lemon
Cucumber



LEMON CUCUMBER

A new and entirely distinct type.
Tender, Sweet, Crisp.

Many of the seedsmen of this country and Europe, who have tested its good qualities, are offering it. If you are fond of cucumbers, and want one that will almost melt in the mouth, try our new Lemon.

Our illustration is a good representation of the fruits. They are nearly round, with the yellow and green markings and smooth skin of the Lemon, while the flesh is exceedingly tender and crisp, with a sweet flavor surpassing all other Cucumbers. They have none of the bitter or acrid taste so generally found in Cucumbers. For slicing they excel. For pickling, ripe or green, one of the best and most attractive on account of their quaint form. They can also be used for Mangoes, the same as small Melons. They may be served green or just as they are turning yellow. Size from two and a half to three inches in diameter, just right for one portion. Packet, 10 cents; oz., 25 cents.

Improved Long Green. A well-known standard variety, about twelve inches in length, of most excellent quality, and when young makes the best of pickles. When ripe it is the best of any for sweet pickles. Vines vigorous and very productive. Our strain of this valuable sort is unsurpassed by any. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; lb., \$1.25.

Vick's Early Chinese. A variety of Cucumber remarkable for earliness, being two weeks earlier than other varieties. It is from one to two feet long, and of splendid quality. Color light green, turning to creamy white when ripe. Sold in Packets only, 10 cents.

Early Frame or Short Green. An excellent sort both for table use and for pickling. Fruit straight, handsome, smaller at each end, bright green; flesh tender and crisp, and makes fine pickles.

Vick's Perfection White Spine Unrivaled in Shape, Size, Color and Productiveness

This most valuable strain is grown from stock seed produced on our own farm at Despatch, our selections being made from only the choicest and most perfect fruits. It excels in earliness, no other strain of the many varieties we have tested being equal to it. For forcing it is preferred to all others, except, perhaps, the forcing sorts; while for small pickles it is the very best White Spine Cucumber in cultivation. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; lb., \$1.25.

Improved Early White Spine. A well-known standard variety, very popular in all sections of the country. One of the best for the table. Flesh tender and crisp. Fruit uniform in size, straight and dark green, with few white spines.

Cool and Crisp. A strain of the White Spine, but longer and more cylindrical. Very early and exceedingly prolific. While it is esteemed most highly as a pickling sort, it is one of the very best for slicing, being tender, crisp, and of fine flavor.

Green Prolific or Boston Pickling. A distinct variety. A favorite with pickle growers and commercial gardeners, and good for table use. Quite productive. Fruits small, uniform in size.

Vick's Cucumbers — Continued

Giant Pera. This is the smoothest and handsomest Cucumber grown. It is a selection of the Long Green type, fifteen to eighteen inches in length, straight, tender, crisp, of excellent flavor, and with no trace of bitterness. The seed cavity is very small, and the seeds slow to form. **Packet, 10 cents; oz., 20 cents; lb., \$2.00.**

Chicago or Westerfield Pickling. A variety much esteemed above all others by Chicago market gardeners, and grown extensively for the large pickling establishments in that vicinity. Fruit medium length, pointed at each end, with large and prominent spines; color a deep green. It combines all the good qualities of an early Cucumber.

The Howard A handsome and very productive forcing variety, making fruit of the finest quality and shape, with exceedingly small seed cavity. It is also an extra fine open-ground variety, combining the good qualities of Improved Long Green with the fine shape and color of the Arlington White Spine; in fact it is a cross between these two excellent varieties, and is used largely for forcing by our Rochester market gardeners, on account of its earliness, size, and rich dark green color. The growth is strong, with a bright green healthy foliage. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ oz., 25 cents; oz., 40 cents; ¼ lb., \$1.25.**

Thorburn's Everbearing. Small size, very early, and enormously productive, and valuable as a green pickler. It continues to flower and produce fruit until killed by frost, whether the cucumbers are picked off or not. Remarkably solid, with very few seeds, and of fine quality. Invariably of perfect form, even when small. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; lb., \$1.25.**

Early Green Cluster. A short pale green variety. Fruit borne in clusters near the root; rather prickly; containing few seeds. A very productive sort.

Early Russian. Earliest and hardiest small Cucumber in cultivation, being only three to four inches long; thick and oval in shape, and produced in pairs. Solid, with few seeds.

FOREIGN VARIETIES

Japanese Climbing. A strong and vigorous grower; and while all Cucumbers are running or creeping vines, this variety attains nearly twice the length of ordinary sorts, and can be grown on trellises, fences, or poles. The fruits, from ten to twelve inches in length, are of excellent quality either for slicing or pickling. Bears abundantly throughout the season. **Packet, 10 cents; oz., 20 cents; lb., \$2.00.**

Rollison's Telegraph. The very best of all imported sorts; twenty-six to thirty inches long. **Packet, 25 cents.**

Giant of Arnstadt. One of the finest; about two feet long; very productive. **Packet, 25 cents.**

Noa's Forcing. Most productive sort; thirty to thirty-six inches long. **Packet, 25 cents.**

ENDIVE

Endive is an excellent autumn and winter salad. Sow seed late in the spring or even as late as July, in shallow drills, fifteen inches apart, and when plants are strong, thin out to about a foot apart. To blanch, gather up the outer leaves over the center of the plant, and tie them together at their tips. Sow one ounce to 100 feet of drill.

Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; lb., \$1.25.

Moss Curled. Foliage very dense and beautifully fringed.

Green Curled. The hardiest variety. Leaves dark green, finely cut; easily blanched to a fine white.

White Curled. Foliage somewhat coarser than the Green Curled, moderately dense, pale green.

Broad - Leaved Batavian. Leaves broad, thick, somewhat wrinkled.

KOHL RABI

Kohl Rabi is sown for general crop in the spring, like the Turnip, in drills; or may be transplanted like Cabbage. For winter table use, sow middle of June. Gather when small and tender, as later it becomes tough and stringy. The stem, just above the surface of the ground, swells into a bulb something like a Turnip. One ounce will sow 200 feet of drill.

Early White Vienna. Delicate; much prized for forcing. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 20 cents; lb., \$2.00.**

Early Purple Vienna. Another forcing variety, similar to above except in color. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 20 cents; lb., \$2.00.**

Large Early White or Green. Used for feeding stock. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; lb., \$1.50.**



1—VICK'S PERFECTION WHITE SPINE 2—IMPROVED LONG GREEN
3—CHICAGO OR WESTERFIELD PICKLING

EGG PLANT

When well grown, and sliced and fried in batter, this is a most delicious vegetable, and should find a place in every garden. It is a tender plant, requiring a strong uniform heat, and should be started in the hotbed early to mature its fruit in the Northern States. Care is necessary at transplanting and in the earlier stages of growth to prevent the young plants being chilled, for if they receive the least check they never recover. Those who have no hotbeds can sow a few seeds in boxes in the house where a temperature of 75° can be maintained. Plant out early in June two and a half feet apart. Hand glasses are useful for covering at time of transplanting. One ounce will produce about 1,500 plants.

Black Beauty. A distinct new Egg Plant of most remarkable merit. The fruit is quite as large as Improved N. Y. Purple, and from ten days to two weeks earlier than that variety. It is very attractive in appearance, and of excellent flavor. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ oz., 25 cents; oz., 40 cents; ¼ lb., \$1.10; lb., \$4.00.**

Improved New York Purple, Spineless. The standard for home use and market. Fruit very large, productive, and of the highest quality. **Packet, 10 cts.; ½ oz., 20 cents; oz., 35 cents; ¼ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.50.**

Early Long Purple. Eight or nine inches long. One of the earliest, and very productive. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 20 cents; lb., \$2.00.**

HORSE RADISH

Horse Radish is grown from pieces of the roots. Mark off rows two and a half feet apart, in rich, moist, well prepared ground; set the pieces of roots eighteen inches apart in the rows, the small end down, and the top one to three inches below the surface. Cultivate thoroughly until the tops cover the ground, when their shade will keep the weeds down.

Small roots, 3 for 10 cents; per dozen, 25 cents, postpaid. By freight or express at purchaser's expense, 75 cents per 100.

At prices quoted in this Catalogue, we prepay the Postage or Express charges, unless otherwise noted

Sow in the open ground as early as possible, barely covering the seed. If the hotbed is used, let it be started quite early. Give but little heat and plenty of water and air on fine days. Let plants in the bed be about four inches apart. As they increase in size thin them out, or they will become weak. Lettuce generally runs to seed very early in the season, so that after warm weather sets in it is difficult to find a good head of Lettuce in most gardens. The remedy is to plant for late use in a cool, partially shaded place, in rich soil. One-half ounce will sow 100 feet of drill.

Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35 cents; lb., \$1.25; unless otherwise noted.



Cabbage or Heading Varieties

Vick's Premium Cabbage. The best variety we have ever grown; good solid head, keeping in good condition without going to seed longer than any other variety; excellent for all uses and seasons. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40 cents; lb., \$1.50.

The Keene. Originated near Rochester, and is used extensively by our market gardeners for forcing under glass and for early spring planting out-of-doors. The color is a rich, bright green. It forms good-sized heads very quickly, and for this reason can be marketed weeks before the Boston Forcing and other popular market sorts. It is extremely hardy, and does not burn, or blight in any way. We are pleased to offer this excellent variety, knowing that it will give perfect satisfaction wherever grown. Packet, 10 cents; oz., 40 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.10; lb., \$4.00.

Boston Forcing. A variety especially adapted to greenhouse and hotbed culture. It is much larger than the famous Boston Market, is a sure header, and is not liable to rot. It is the principle variety used for forcing by market gardeners in this vicinity. Not suitable for outdoor planting. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40 cents; lb., \$1.50.

Crisp as Ice. A splendid and distinct Cabbage Lettuce, well adapted for family and home market use. The heads are of large size, handsome shape, and solid. When cut open they have a rich creamy yellow heart, and are so tender and brittle as to warrant the name, "Crisp as Ice." The leaves are thick and glossy, handsomely crimped and curled, the outside variegated with dark bronze and green.

Golden Queen. A fine early head Lettuce, and one of the best sorts for early outdoor planting as well as for growing under glass. The color is a beautiful golden yellow. The heads are so solid that there is no waste whatever, and really contain more substance than many varieties showing double the size. Packet, 5 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40 cts.; lb., \$1.50.

Vick's Royal. A fine new variety, largely used in the Paris markets. The seed we offer comes direct from the originator. It produces a medium-sized head of a beautiful golden color, crisp and tender. A grand acquisition. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40 cents; lb., \$1.50.

Big Boston. A fine large-heading forcing sort, and succeeds well in coldframes during the winter. The plants are very hardy and vigorous. When well grown, the heads are beautifully blanched and quite tender. Popular in the South as a winter Lettuce for shipping North.

Imperial White Cabbage. A splendid variety; excellent for family use and market. It is one of the very best for growing out-of-doors, as it withstands summer heat well, and remains a long time in the head. Heads large and extremely solid, of a light green color; very crisp, tender, and of first rate quality. In our estimation it is the best summer Lettuce in cultivation. It is shipped to eastern markets in large quantities. Very similar to The Deacon.



LETTUCE, IMPERIAL WHITE CABBAGE



LETTUCE, CRISP AS ICE



KIRKWOOD, N. Y.
May 28th, 1906

James Vick's Sons.

Dear Sirs;—

We received the seeds and potatoes all right and we are very much pleased with them so far. We ordered some of the seeds for our milk customers and they were also very much pleased; they said they never had seeds that came up so quickly, and that it seemed that every seed came. Thanking you very kindly for your promptness in sending, we remain,

M. W. SCHELL,
R. F. D. No. 1.

LETTUCE—Continued

Tennis Ball, or Boston Market. A well-known forcing variety. One of the earliest and best heading sorts.

Improved Hanson. This is a standard summer Lettuce; none more reliable for outdoor cultivation. The heads grow to a remarkable size, and are very solid. The outer leaves are a bright green, while the inner head presents a white appearance, as though blanched; tender and crisp, and free from any unpleasant bitter taste. It is very slow to seed, and is an ideal Summer Lettuce.

Salamander or Satisfaction. Forms large, solid, compact heads, resisting summer heat and remaining long in head. Leaves smooth, thick, and very tender; the inner head blanching almost white. An excellent spring, summer, or fall variety. Invaluable in the Southern States.

Curled or Loose-Leaved Varieties

Early Prize Head. Forms a large, loose head, stained with red; outer leaves curled; very crisp and tender; slow in running to seed.

Grand Rapids Forcing. There is no better forcing variety among the curled-leaved sorts than the Grand Rapids, and it is quite as good for outdoor culture as other sorts. Large, beautiful leaves, very crisp and tender. Twenty to thirty pounds have been raised from a common sash, and three crops taken off the ground. Frequently a house full of this Lettuce will average one-half pound to a plant, and occasionally a plant will weigh one and one-half pounds. It is excellent for shipping, and will insure sales at sight. The soil cannot well be too rich.

Black-Seeded Simpson. The most popular sort of all the non-heading varieties. One of the best for use under glass as well as for early outdoor planting. The plants form large, loose heads; outer leaves a light, yellowish green, with inner leaves blanched almost white. Resists the heat and remains long in a good edible condition. For this reason it makes a popular variety for all market gardeners' use.

Early Curled Simpson (Silesia). Forms a close compact mass of leaves that are large and broad, crimped and blistered, and light green in color. Not desirable for forcing with bottom heat. It is however recommended for planting in cold frames, and extensively grown in the open.

Paris White Cos. The Cos Lettuces are quite distinct, and are popular on account of their tender crisp leaves and delicious flavor. The leaves are long and narrow, and need to be tied up, when they soon form solid heads, and bleach snow white.

OTHER STANDARD VARIETIES OF LETTUCE

Deacon. Denver Market.

LEEK

The Leek is a mild onion-like plant. It is prized for soups, and is thought to be superior to the Onion for this purpose. Sow early in April, in drills, covering the seed half an inch deep. When the plants are about the size of goose quills, transplant to a deep rich soil, in rows one foot apart, and five inches apart in the row, setting the roots deep, so that the neck may be covered and blanched. Draw the earth up to them as they grow. The soil for Leeks can hardly be made too rich. One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of drill.

Broad Flag. An old favorite. Large, hardy, and productive. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; lb., \$1.25.**

Musselburg. The largest variety. Hardy. Flavor very mild. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; lb., \$1.25.**

MUSHROOMS

Mushrooms can be grown in any dark room or cellar, where the temperature can be maintained at 50° to 60°. From old pastures procure the soil, and store it away. To one bushel of this soil add two bushels of fresh horse manure. Of this well-mixed compound prepare a bed, say four feet wide. Put down a thin layer and pound it down hard, and go on until you have a bed eight inches thick. It will soon become pretty hot, but let the heat recede until it is only 85° or 90°. Then make holes, say a foot apart, and put in the spawn, two or three pieces as large as a walnut in each hole. Cover the holes and press the soil solid and smooth. Let the bed remain in this condition about twelve days; then cover it with two inches of fresh loam, and over this place four or five inches of hay or straw, and the work is done. If the temperature is right, in six or eight weeks you may expect Mushrooms. The bed will continue bearing from twenty to thirty days. After the first crop is gathered, spread over the bed an inch of fresh soil, moisten with warm water, covering with hay as before. One pound of spawn is enough for a bed 3x6 feet.

Mushroom Spawn, English. One pound, by mail, 25 cents; eight lbs., by express, not prepaid, \$1.00.

THE Muskmelon can be successfully grown in a much larger territory than the Watermelon. It does not require so long a season for maturing its fruit as does the latter, and therefore can be planted in more northern latitudes. Neither does it require the warm sandy soil of the Watermelon. It can be grown in colder and heavier soils with but little manuring, which should be placed in each hill. The hills should be six feet apart. Do not plant until the ground has become warm and dry. One ounce will plant fifty hills. Two pounds are sufficient for an acre, when planted in hills.

Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40 cents; lb., \$1.25; except as noted.

LARGE VARIETIES

Vick's Irondequoit. When in season it holds the market to the exclusion of all others; and gardeners, truckers, home-growers, and buyers unanimously pronounce it the finest in appearance, best flavored, and for all purposes the peer of Muskmelons. In form it is nearly round, slightly flattened at the ends, and is of good size. Its fine netted skin, yellow when ready for picking, and its beautiful dark orange-colored flesh, added to its rich, rare, and spicy flavor, at once places the Irondequoit far in advance of all others. Packet, 10 cents; oz., 40 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.20; lb., \$4.00.

Extra Early Hackensack. This is a very popular sort, producing large, handsome, and extra early Melons of the very best quality. It is some two weeks earlier and almost as large in size as the once famous New Jersey Hackensack. Fruit nearly round, deeply ribbed, and very coarsely netted. The flesh is green, of most delicious flavor. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45 cents; lb., \$1.50.

Montreal Nutmeg. Fruit of the largest size, often attaining a weight of fifteen to twenty pounds. Shape nearly round, flattened at the ends, deeply ribbed; flesh remarkably thick, green, melting, and of the finest flavor. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45 cents; lb., \$1.50.



EMERALD GEM

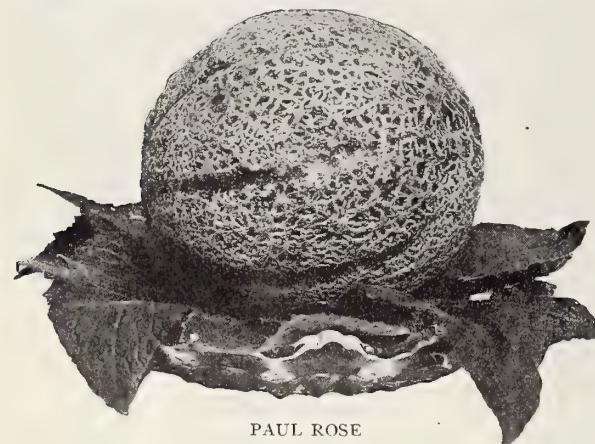
Emerald Gem. The fruit of this really pretty Melon is small to medium, globular in form, flattened at the blossom and stem ends; skin smooth and slightly ribbed. It shows a rich emerald green color with narrow stripes of a light green in the ribs. Flesh very thick, ripening close to the rind, of a deep, rich, salmon color, deliciously flavored and of superior quality. The fruit should be picked as soon as it will separate readily from the vine, and kept in a cool place until needed. If left on the vine the skin becomes yellow, and the flesh soft and tasteless.

Paul Rose or Petosky. This sort has given perfect satisfaction to all growers, both for market and home garden. It is a cross between the Osage and the Netted Gem, combining the sweetness of the former with the fine gray netting of the latter, making it a handsome Melon. The fruit averages about five inches in diameter, and is oval in form. The flesh is thick and firm, a deep salmon or orange color; most delicious and appetizing.

Golden Netted Gem. A small extra early variety maturing at same time as Jenny Lind. It is very uniform in size, handsomely netted, and of globular shape. Flesh a light green, and possesses the spicy flavor so much desired in the Muskmelon. A popular variety with market gardeners.

Jenny Lind. This is one of the oldest varieties of Muskmelon. The fruit is small and round, flat on both ends, deeply lobed, and finely netted. The flesh is green and luscious. It comes into market first of all.

OTHER STANDARD VARIETIES OF MUSK MELON
Banquet Champion Market Large Hackensack Surprise



PAUL ROSE

MEDIUM-SIZED VARIETIES

Vick's Prolific Nutmeg. In these three most important characteristics, viz., *Earliness, Quality, Productiveness*, the "Prolific Nutmeg" stands at the head of the list. The vines are hardy and vigorous. Fruit medium size, round, slightly flattened at both ends, ribbed, with distinct netting; flesh green, thick, solid, and of delicious, spicy flavor.

Osage, or Miller's Cream. A remarkably fine variety, and a very profitable sort for market gardeners, as it is fully established as a standard sort, and will ever remain so. It is of medium size, oval in form, dark green in color, handsomely netted, and slightly ribbed. The flesh is extremely and uniformly thick, of firm texture, rich salmon in color, highly flavored and delicious to the rind. Cavity very small. It is a remarkable keeper and a good shipping Melon.

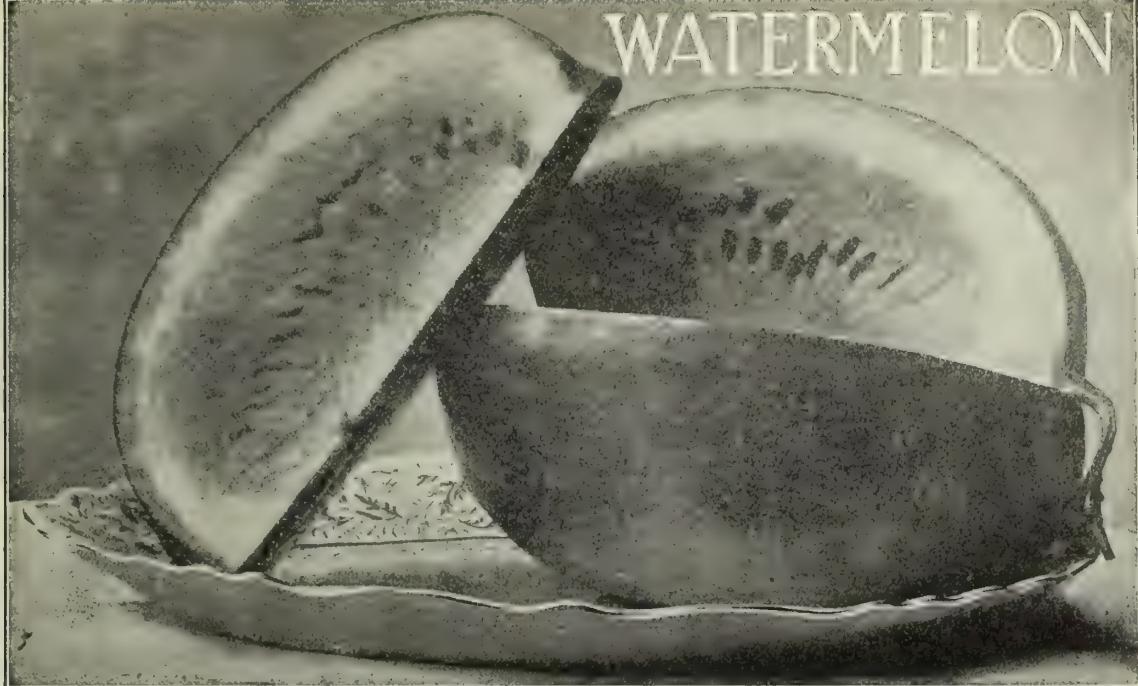
SMALL VARIETIES

Rocky Ford. This is the most popular of the small Melons, being extensively grown and shipped in car-loads for the markets. It is one of the finest early Melons, and one of the best for market gardeners and shippers as well as for the home garden. It is oval in shape, slightly ribbed, and covered with a coarse netting. The flesh is thick, green in color, very sweet and juicy, and solid clear to the rind.



ROCKY FORD

WATERMELON



WATERMELON, SWEET HEART

Plant in hills eight to ten feet apart. The same culture as recommended for Cucumbers will insure success. One ounce of seed will plant thirty hills, and three pounds an acre.

Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30 cents; lb., \$1.00; except as noted.

Cole's Early. This is a leader in Watermelons—one of the finest for the amateur and for the home market. It is not only the earliest variety in cultivation, but continues to bear enormously throughout the season. The fruit is nearly round; rind thin and brittle, hence not desirable for shipping; flesh deep red and of extremely delicate texture, sweet, juicy, and delicious.

Sweet Heart. One of the very best varieties for home garden or shipping, of the large size, nearly globular in shape; skin a bright, beautiful, mottled green; rind thin; flesh bright red, firm, and solid to the center, heavy, but crisp, melting, and exceedingly sweet. A good keeper, and improves in quality for a long time after ripening. Vine vigorous and productive, ripening its fruit early.

Florida Favorite. An excellent variety of large size. Shape oblong; skin mottled with alternate dark and light green stripes; rind thin but firm; flesh bright crimson, very crisp, and deliciously sweet. Ripens ten days earlier than Kolb's Gem or Mammoth Ironclad.

McIvor's Wonderful Sugar. This is of Southern origin, and is one of the very best Melons in cultivation. It excels in both beauty and lusciousness, being exceedingly sweet and juicy. The Melons attain great weight and size; oblong in shape, the rind showing broad stripes of light and dark green. The flesh is a rosy pink, perfectly solid, crisp, and of delicious flavor.

Dixie. A decidedly popular Melon. A cross between the Kolb's Gem and the old reliable Mountain Sweet. It surpasses the Kolb's Gem as a long-distance shipping Melon, while it fully equals the Mountain Sweet in its excellent flavor, and is ten to twelve days earlier than either. In shape about one-third longer than thick; color of skin dark green and beautifully striped; rind thin, but remarkably hard; flesh bright scarlet, sweet and juicy.

Kleckley Sweets. This variety is one of the finest-flavored Melons grown. The fruits oblong in form, eighteen to twenty inches long, and ten to twelve inches in diameter; skin dark green; flesh bright red, extremely sweet, melting, and luscious. Ripens close to the rind, which is only about one-half inch in thickness. Not a shipper, but highly recommended for the home market and family garden.

Vick's Early. This variety is prized for its earliness. It is oblong in shape, smooth, with a very dark skin, rather small in size; flesh bright pink, solid, and sweet. It makes a good extra early market or home garden Melon.

Kolb's Gem. Extensively grown, particularly in the South for shipment to Northern markets. Fruit uniformly large and nearly round, mottled and striped with light and dark green; flesh a bright red, and while somewhat coarse, does not detract from its delicious sugary flavor. The outer shell is very hard and firm, which makes it a standard sort for shipping long distances.

Ice Cream or Peerless. The old but extremely popular home market Melon. Medium in size, almost round; the skin a pale green; flesh bright scarlet, fine-grained, solid to the center, sweet, crisp, and melting. Its delicious flavor entitles it to the name of **Peerless**.

Prize Jumbo. Immense in size. The common weight of this Melon is sixty to eighty pounds. The rind is hard and firm, which makes it a superior variety for long-distance shipping. In shape it is nearly round; color solid dark green; flesh deep red and of fine quality.

Mammoth Ironclad. This variety, like the preceding, grows to an immense size. It is a remarkably strong grower, very productive, and an excellent keeper. The skin is beautifully striped with light green. The hardness and tenacity of its shell gives it the name of Ironclad. Flesh bright red, solid, crisp, and of excellent flavor.

Jordan's Gray Monarch (Long White Icing). This variety has been grown to weigh fifty to sixty pounds. Skin light green, mottled; flesh deep red, and of very fine quality.

Georgia Rattlesnake. One of the largest varieties, and stands shipment long distances. Fruit of good size, oblong in form, distinctly striped and mottled light and dark green; flesh bright scarlet and of excellent quality. An old and very popular sort.

Citron for Preserves. This variety grows uniformly round and smooth. It has a handsomely striped and marbled skin of light green. Used only for preserves and pickles, and not for eating in the raw state. Very prolific.

OTHER VARIETIES OF WATERMELON
Which we can supply at the uniform price of: Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cents; lb., 75 cents.

Black Diamond, Fordhook Early, Mountain Sweet, Cuban Queen, Seminole.



ONIONS must have a clean and very rich soil, as it is useless to attempt to grow them on poor ground. A liberal use of manure is more essential to these than any other crop. Sow in drills not less than a foot apart nor more than half an inch deep, keeping the soil mellow and clear of weeds. One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill, or five pounds per acre.

The Onion Seed Crop for 1905 was practically a failure, yielding only from 15 to 30% of an average crop. Fortunately, our acreage was unusually large, which places us in a position to offer good seed of 1906 crop at reasonable prices. We trust that customers taking advantage of our extremely low prices on Onion Seed, will also favor us with their order for Vegetable and Flower Seeds, Plants, etc. When large quantities are desired, write for special prices.

✓ Ailsa Craig Onion

See Colored Plate, Back Cover.

Without doubt the choicest sort introduced in many years; for home use as well as exhibition purposes, Ailsa Craig combines all the necessary qualities for the ideal Onion. The flesh is snow-white, delicious in flavor, in fact is equal in every respect to the popular Spanish onions. While attaining an immense size, at maturity it is solid to the core, one of the most desirable points in large varieties. The skin is pale yellow, and in comparison with the renowned Danvers Yellow Globe, outweighs it one to three. In our illustration, the center Onion is the Danvers Yellow Globe, which is also a fair comparison of the size; all planted at the same time and grown under the same conditions.

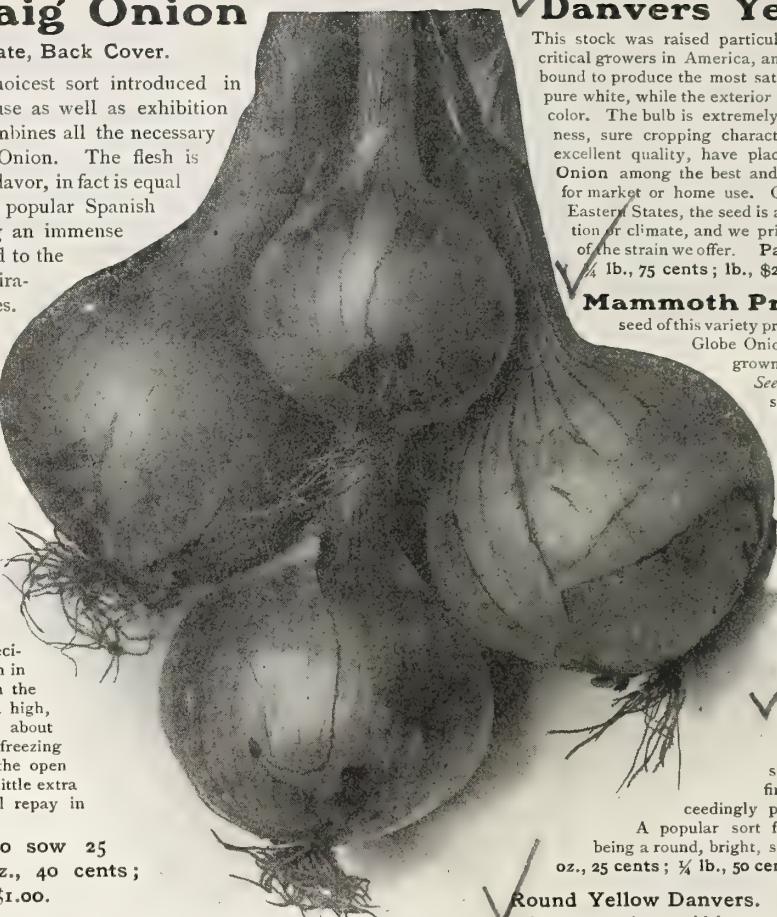
To obtain extra large specimens the seed may be grown in boxes in the house, and when the plants are about half an inch high, transplant one inch apart; about May 1st, when danger from freezing is past they should be set in the open ground, four inches apart—a little extra trouble, but the results will repay in both size and quality.

Packet, sufficient to sow 25 feet, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 65 cents; oz., \$1.00.

✓ Michigan Yellow Globe. This variety is a selection from the Yellow Globe Danvers made for the purpose of securing a "black land" Onion, and for this purpose it is a decided success. It is of a perfect globe shape, slightly darker in color than Danvers, a heavy cropper, and first-class keeper. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 25 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75 cents; lb., \$2.00.

✓ Southport Yellow Globe. This variety has the same general characteristics as the Southport White and Red Globe, but yellow in color. It is entirely distinct from the Danvers type. The flesh is white and mild in flavor. It is quite productive and a good keeper. It is a handsome Onion, like all the Southport shapes; and they always command a high price in the Eastern markets. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 25 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75 cents; lb., \$2.00.

✓ Early Yellow Cracker. The earliest of all the yellow sorts; of superior quality, and an excellent variety to raise where the seasons are short. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50 cents; lb., \$1.75.



THE CENTER OR
SMALLER ONION IS
DANVERS YELLOW
GLOBE COMPARED
WITH AILSA CRAIG

✓ Danvers Yellow Globe

This stock was raised particularly for us by one of the most critical growers in America, and under ordinary conditions is bound to produce the most satisfactory results. The flesh is pure white, while the exterior of the root is of a light brown color. The bulb is extremely hard and solid, and its earliness, sure cropping character, handsome appearance, and excellent quality, have placed Danvers Yellow Globe Onion among the best and most popular varieties, either for market or home use. Our supply being raised in the Eastern States, the seed is adapted for growing in any section or climate, and we pride ourselves on the superiority of the strain we offer. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 25 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75 cents; lb., \$2.00.

✓ Mammoth Prize-Taker.

Genuine seed of this variety produces handsome, large, Yellow Globe Onions. Our seed we have specially grown for us.—Our American Grown Seed produces bulbs enormous in size, and the yield per acre is larger than that of any other variety. While not so good a keeper as our Yellow Danvers, it is a valuable sort for immediate or early fall use. The skin is of a rich yellow straw-color; flesh white, sweet, mild, and tender. Very attractive when crated, as generally sold. Early. It readily brings double the price of other sorts. Packet, 5 cts.; oz., 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75 cts.; lb., \$2.00.

✓ Large Yellow Dutch or Strasburg.

This variety is one of the old standard sorts. It is flat, white-fleshed, fine grained, and mild. It is exceedingly productive and a good keeper.

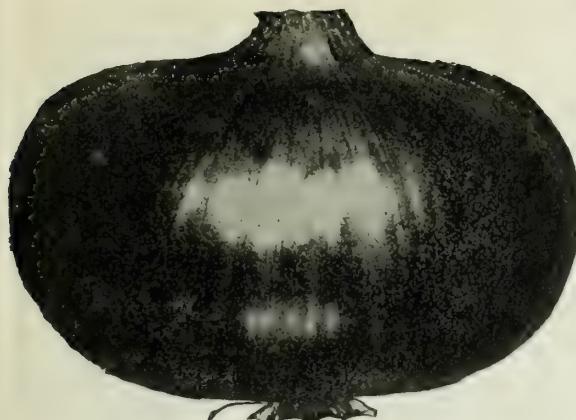
A popular sort for growing sets, the product being a round, bright, smooth set. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 25 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50 cents; lb., \$1.75.

✓ Round Yellow Danvers. Perfect in shape and color, and the same strain as sold by many seedsmen as the best stock of Yellow Globe Danvers. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 25 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50 cents; lb., \$1.75.

✓ Australian Brown. This sort is distinct from all other Onions. Is uniform in size and shape, wonderfully hard and solid; and will keep almost indefinitely. Ripens extremely early, and never makes scallions. It is of medium size, round, with skin of a deep amber-brown; flesh mild and agreeable. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50 cents; lb., \$1.75.

✓ Extra Early Flat Red. The earliest of the red sorts, coming into use from ten days to two weeks earlier than the Red Wethersfield. It is adapted to cold, damp, mucky soils, where other varieties fail to produce large-sized Onions. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50 cents; lb., \$1.75.

✓ Don't forget the fact that our Onion Seed is all 1906 stock, strictly pure and true.



ONION, LARGE RED WETHERSFIELD

ONION SETS

Onion sets should be planted as early as the ground is in condition to work, in rows 12 to 15 inches apart, with sets two inches apart in the rows. Green Onions for bunching come in very early, while the crop of large bulbs matures very much earlier than if planted from seed.

English Multipliers or Potato Onion. Quart, 30 cents; peck, \$1.00; bushel, \$3.50.

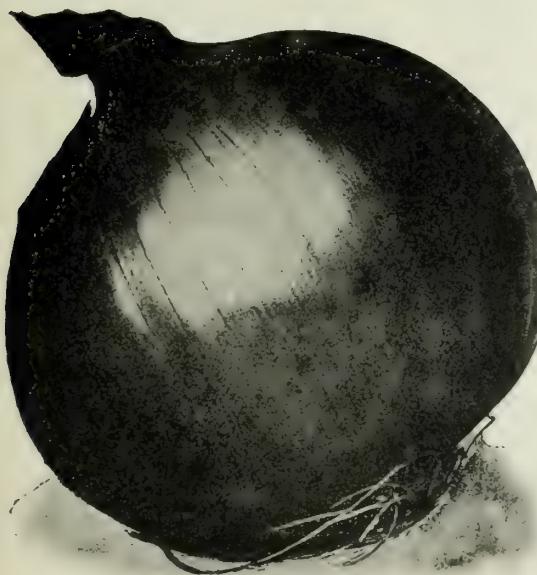
Yellow Bottom Sets. Quart, 30 cents; peck, \$1.00; bushel, \$3.00.

White Bottom Sets. Quart, 30 cents; peck, \$1.25; bushel, \$3.50.

EGYPTIAN OR PERENNIAL TREE ONION SETS

The young sets of these are produced on top of the stalks. As they cannot be kept out of ground over winter they must be planted in the fall; therefore, orders for them should be given in the spring for delivery next autumn. When once set out, they will come up year after year as soon as frost is over. They need no protection; grow rapidly, and are very productive, sweet and tender. Quart, 25 cents; peck, 60 cents; bushel, \$1.75.

At quart prices we prepay postage. Bushel and peck delivered at freight or express office, Rochester.



ONION, SOUTHPORT WHITE GLOBE

Large Red Wethersfield. The standard red variety, and, owing to its great productiveness, the most profitable red Onion for the market gardener. Form somewhat flattened, skin a deep purplish red, flesh purplish white. The best variety for poor or dry soils. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 20 cents; 1/4 lb., 50 cents; lb., \$1.50.**

Southport Large Red Globe. Our strain is unsurpassed; it is used for growing the exceedingly fine large bulbs seen in the New York markets. Its beautiful form makes it extremely desirable. It produces large crops on favorable soils, and is a good keeper. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 25 cents; 1/4 lb., 75 cents; lb., \$2.00.**

Southport Early Red Globe. This variety differs from the Red Globe in being much rounder. Excellent for fall and winter use. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 20 cents; 1/4 lb., 50 cents; lb., \$1.75.**

Southport White Globe. Handsome, large-sized, globular in form. Skin and flesh a pure white. The demand at all times being fully up to the supply, the grower is well repaid for all expense and labor. To succeed in producing good pure white Onions, the crop should be pulled just as the stalks begin to fall down, and then allow them to dry off in the open air, keeping them free from rain or dew, which would cause discoloration of the bulbs. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 30 cents; 1/4 lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.00.**

White Portugal or American Silver Skin. A large flat white Onion of exceedingly mild flavor. It is a popular sort, and when young excellent for bunching or for pickles. It is also especially adapted for growing sets. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 25 cents; 1/4 lb., 75 cents; lb., \$2.00.**



ENGLISH MULTIPLIERS

ITALIAN ONIONS

The following Italian varieties have been used for years in this country, and have given perfect satisfaction. The flavor of the Italian sorts is mild and well adapted for all culinary purposes. Seed should be sown thicker than that of the American sorts.

Mammoth White Garganus or Silver King. This is a mammoth in size and the largest in cultivation. The bulbs are very attractive in form, fine-shaped, flattened but thick, with a silvery white skin. The flesh is snow-white, fine-grained, exceedingly mild, and of pleasant flavor. It matures quite early. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 20 cents; 1/4 lb., 50 cents; lb., \$1.75.**

Large White Flat Italian Tripoli. A handsome, large, pure snow-white, flat Onion, mild and of excellent flavor. If seed is sown early in hot-bed and transplanted, they grow to a large size. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; 1/4 lb., 50 cents; lb., \$1.50.**

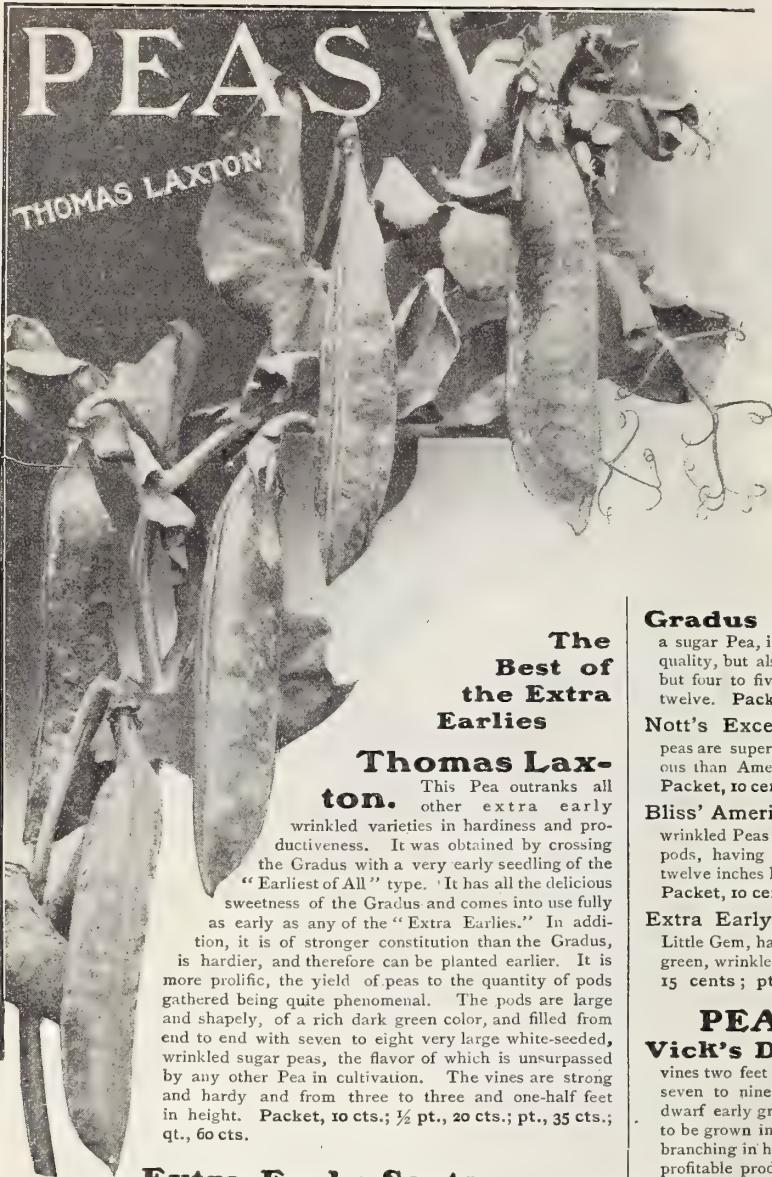
Large Blood Red Italian Tripoli. Same as preceding, except in color, which is a bright dark red. Used in the South when the Bermuda sorts cannot be had. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; 1/4 lb., 50 cents; lb., \$1.50.**

Giant Rocca of Naples. A very large-growing, globe-shaped variety. The skin is reddish brown in color; flesh very mild and sweet-flavored. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; 1/4 lb., 50 cents; lb., \$1.50.**

White Queen or Extra Early Barletta. This is an extra early, very small, round, hard, and handsome variety. The color is a beautiful waxy white; flavor mild and delicate. It is the Onion used in all famous pickle factories in our own country. A favorite for the home garden, as bulbs grown from seed will mature as early as those raised from the ordinary Onion sets. The best variety for pickling. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 20 cents; 1/4 lb., 60 cents; lb., \$2.00.**

White Bermuda (Teneriffe grown). The Bermudas are the earliest Onions in the market, and are grown extensively in the South. Outer skin straw color, flesh pure white. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 30 cents; 1/4 lb., 75 cents; lb., \$2.75.**

Red Bermuda. Similar to the white, but with red skin. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 25 cents; 1/4 lb., 70 cents; lb., \$2.75.**



**The
Best of
the Extra
Earlies**

Thomas Lax-
ton.

This Pea outranks all other extra early wrinkled varieties in hardness and productivity. It was obtained by crossing the Gradus with a very early seedling of the "Earliest of All" type. It has all the delicious sweetness of the Gradus and comes into use fully as early as any of the "Extra Earlies." In addition, it is of stronger constitution than the Gradus, is harder, and therefore can be planted earlier. It is more prolific, the yield of peas to the quantity of pods gathered being quite phenomenal. The pods are large and shapely, of a rich dark green color, and filled from end to end with seven to eight very large white-seeded, wrinkled sugar peas, the flavor of which is unsurpassed by any other Pea in cultivation. The vines are strong and hardy and from three to three and one-half feet in height. **Packet, 10 cts.; ½ pt., 20 cts.; pt., 35 cts.; qt., 60 cts.**

Extra Early Sorts

Alaska. A smooth blue Pea, the earliest of all the extra early varieties; good flavor; pods dark green, well filled and ripen uniformly. One of the very best for market gardeners. Vines two and one-half feet high.

Vick's Selected Extra Early. The earliest of the early white Peas; unsurpassed either for market or family use; of excellent quality; unusually productive for so early a variety. Vines two and one-half feet high.

Surprise. One of the earliest wrinkled Peas in the market. Vines grow about two feet high, are vigorous and need no bushing; pods well filled, containing about six or seven peas, which are exceedingly tender, sweet, and fine-flavored. **Packet, 10 cts.; ½ pt., 15 cts.; pt., 25 cts.; qt., 45 cts.**

Vick's King of the Dwarfs. In season closely follows Premium Gem. On careful comparison with all the principal dwarf varieties, all planted at the same time, on the same soil with equal cultivation, we find it outyields them all by twenty per cent. It is a cross between American Wonder and Little Gem. Quality of the very best. The vines are eighteen inches high. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pt., 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 45 cents.**

THE Pea is very hardy, and will endure a great amount of cold, either in or above the ground; and it is well to sow some of the earliest varieties as soon as possible,—the sooner the better,—in warm light soil, prepared the previous autumn. The general crop may be sown about two weeks later, and on somewhat heavier soil. Avoid fresh manure and very rich soil, as they cause the vines to grow too rank. Sow Peas in drills about four inches deep. The drills must not be nearer than two feet, except for the lowest sorts. Those growing three feet high or more should not be nearer than three or four feet, and should have brush for their support. One pint will sow forty feet of drill; two bushels for an acre, in drills three feet apart.

**Packet, 10 cents; ½ pint, 15 cents;
pint, 25 cents; quart, 40 cents;
except as noted.**

Our patrons will please bear in mind that we prepay postage.

For quantities larger than here quoted, see page 35.

Gradus (Proportion). As an extra early Pea, the Gradus, being a sugar Pea, is far superior to all smooth varieties, not only in its delicious quality, but also in the long pods. While the early smooth varieties contain but four to five peas to the pod, the Gradus usually contains from eight to twelve. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pt., 20 cents; pt., 35 cents; qt., 60 cents.**

Nott's Excelsior. An extra early dwarf, green, wrinkled sort. The peas are superior in sweetness and quality; the vines larger and more vigorous than American Wonder, and yield one quarter more in shelled peas. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pt., 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 50 cents.**

Bliss' American Wonder is one of the very best of the earliest wrinkled Peas in cultivation, and a superior cropper, bearing large, well-filled pods, having from six to nine large peas in a pod. The vines are ten to twelve inches high, and of robust habit. A fine variety for the home garden. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pt., 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 45 cents.**

Extra Early Premium Gem. A great improvement over McLean's Little Gem, having larger pods and being more productive. A fine dwarf, green, wrinkled variety, fifteen inches high. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pt., 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 45 cents.**

PEAS—Second Early Sort

Vick's Daisy. The Daisy is a second early Pea of robust habit; vines two feet in height, bearing an abundance of well-filled pods containing seven to nine large and deliciously-flavored peas. It is one of the finest dwarf early green wrinkled Marrow Peas in cultivation, and one that ought to be grown in every garden whose owner appreciates Peas. Sturdy and branching in habit, requiring no stakes, coming early and remaining late in profitable productiveness, giving green peas of considerable size and of best quality, it is one in the very front rank. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pt., 20 cents; 15 cents; pt., 35 cents; qt., 60 cents.**

Bliss' Everbearing. A fine wrinkled sort, about thirty inches high; very robust, bearing heavy crops of large, well-filled pods; peas of excellent flavor. Owing to its branching habit, the peas should be planted about six inches apart.

Bliss' Abundance. Remarkably productive. Plant one and a half to two feet in height; pods three inches long; peas large, wrinkled, of superior quality.

Horsford's Market Garden. A wrinkled variety of superior quality, growing two feet high, very stocky; requires no brushing; extremely prolific, bearing pods in pairs. A very desirable sort for canners' use.

McLean's Advancer. A fine early market variety, exceedingly prolific, with well-filled pods of green wrinkled peas of delicious flavor. It is also known as **Dwarf Champion.** Vines two to two and a half feet high.

Telephone. A fine, tall, wrinkled variety, and a great cropper, bearing immense pods of large peas of exquisite flavor. It is decidedly a market garden Pea. The pods fill a basket quicker than any other variety. Vines four feet. **Packet, 10 cts.; ½ pt., 15 cts.; pt., 25 cts.; qt., 45 cts.**



PEA, NOTT'S EXCELSIOR



VICK'S SELECTED EXTRA EARLY

Long Island Mammoth. One of the most productive Peas in the list. Pods large and handsome, and well filled with peas of excellent flavor. This is another one of those popular sorts for the market gardener, as the large pods soon fill a basket, requiring but little time for gathering the crop.

Late or Main Crop

Improved Stratagem. This is one of the very best of the large-podded sorts; vigorous, productive, and of exceedingly fine quality; a favorite with market gardeners everywhere. Vines two to two and a half feet. **Packet**, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 50 cents.

Improved Pride of the Market. A very robust, strong-growing variety, about two feet high, requiring no bushing or support; wonderfully productive; fine in appearance, and quality most excellent. A fine Pea for the kitchen garden or for market use.

Yorkshire Hero. A very fine, large, dwarf, wrinkled variety, of extra fine quality and very productive. Vines two and one-half feet high, bearing numbers of large well-filled pods.

Champion of England. A handsome variety, popular everywhere; one of the richest and best-flavored green wrinkled Peas. Five feet in height.

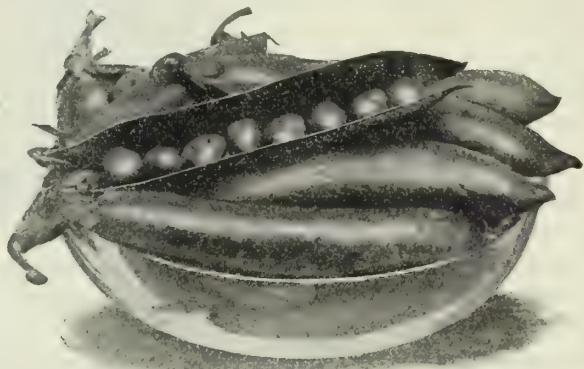
Melting Sugar. This variety is used either shelled or cooked in the pod, like string Beans, and when young is very tender and sweet. It is but little known in this country, while abroad it is considered a great relish. **Packet**, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 50 cents.

American Champion (Duke of Albany). A remarkably hardy and vigorous variety, producing in great profusion its large pods, which are well filled with large and delicious peas. A valuable main crop sort. It is a tall grower, of branching habit, and should be sown thinly. **Packet**, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 15 cents; pt., 25 cents; qt., 50 cents.

Large Black-Eyed Marrowfat. Well-filled pods. Four feet tall. $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 10 cents; pint, 20 cents; qt., 30 cents.

Large White Marrowfat. Like the Black-Eyed Marrowfat, extensively grown as a field crop. $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 10 cents; pt., 20 cents; qt., 30 cents.

Canada Field. For sowing broadcast. **Bushel**, \$2.00.



PEA, VICK'S IMPROVED STRATAGEM

OKRA or Gumbo

A large, vigorous, tender plant, cultivated in the South for its young seed-pods, which are very nutritious, and are used in soups, stews, etc., and especially for making gumbo soup. Should be more generally grown in the North wherever it is warm enough for Sweet Corn. About the last week in May sow seed thinly, in drills one inch deep and three feet apart. When well up, thin the plants out to one foot apart in the row. Gather the pods when quite young (about an inch and a half long), before woody fibre is formed. One ounce of seed will sow fifty feet of drill.

White Velvet (White Creole). Pods round, smooth, much larger than other sorts; produced in great profusion. **Packet**, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; lb., 60 cents.

Perkin's Mammoth Long Pod. A dwarf but enormously productive variety. Pods long, slender, deep green, and remain tender much longer than most sorts. **Packet**, 5 cts.; oz., 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cts.; lb., 80 cts.

POTATOES

Special Points on Shipping Potatoes

We always ship Potatoes and other heavy goods by Freight, excepting when ordered sent by Express, or the quantity is such that to send by Express is cheaper.

Many people order small quantities, like a peck, to go by freight, thinking the charges will be less. This is seldom the case as the railroad companies make no rate for less than 100 pounds; therefore, the freight on a bushel is just as cheap as on a peck. Packed for shipment, Potatoes weigh about: Peck, 20 pounds; half bushel, 40 pounds; bushel, 70 pounds; barrel, 185 pounds. Please state whether you want the Potatoes by Freight or Express, and do not fail to name the station to which they are to be sent.

Shipping season begins just as soon as danger from freezing is over. We shall send out none but first-class stock, and at prices named in this Catalogue will sell as long as stock lasts, no matter what advance there may be. When so desired we will pack two or three varieties in one barrel without extra cost. All orders filled directly from our bins, and no charge made for packing or cartage.

Samples by Mail

To those who desire to examine the form and general style of any variety before purchasing, we will send a sample Potato, postpaid, for eight cents in postage stamps.

Vicktor. This new Potato, introduced by us in 1903, is rapidly gaining in popularity. Think of it! a white Potato with the earliness of the Early Ohio, productiveness of the Rural New Yorker, and quality of the old favorite Snowflake. It cannot help becoming a permanent favorite with all who give it a trial. The plants are of strong healthy growth, producing tubers compactly. Tubers large, of uniform size, roundish and slightly flattened; skin white, somewhat russeted. Either baked or boiled the flesh is dry and mealy. Its early ripening secures it from blight, and thus assures a large crop of sound tubers, which keep as well as the late varieties. Pound, 25 cents; three pounds, 60 cents; by mail or express, prepaid. Peck, 60 cents; bushel, \$1.80; barrel, \$4.50; by express or freight, not prepaid.

Early Astonisher.

New and early. Skin, light yellow, often netted, flesh white and floury when baked or boiled. It resembles Early Rose in shape and is just the variety for the market gardener. In our field test this season, it out yielded all others. Pound, 25 cents; three pounds, 60 cents; by mail or express, prepaid. Peck, 60 cents; bushel, \$1.80; barrel, \$4.50; by express or freight, not prepaid.



A bushel of the Vicktor Potatoes

Quick Crop As the name implies, is an early variety. It is a rapid, vigorous grower; vines strong and of a healthy dark green. Its cooking qualities are unsurpassed. When planted on good soil big returns can be expected, as it is an exceptionally heavy yielder. The tubers are oval to long in shape, and light rose in color. We especially recommend this variety to the market garden trade and to the home garden for first early. Pound, 25 cents; three lbs., 60 cents; by mail or express, prepaid. Peck, 50 cents; bushel, \$1.60; barrel, \$4.00; by express or freight, not prepaid.

The Bovee For an extra early this variety is one of the best; almost as early as the Ohio, and an exceedingly heavy yielder for an early Potato. A vigorous grower, good keeper, and fine quality. In color it resembles the Hebron or Rose class. It grows to a good size, oval in shape. We consider it an excellent variety. Our seed stock was procured direct from the originator. Pound, 25 cents; three lbs., 60 cents; by mail or express, prepaid. Peck, 50 cents; bushel, \$1.60; barrel, \$4.00; by express or freight, not prepaid.

Ohio Junior. This variety, while not of recent introduction, is one of the earliest Potatoes cultivated, and on this account is prized by market growers. The tubers are oblong-oval, round at the seed end, with full eyes that are almost even with the surface. An excellent keeper, very productive, of fine quality, and has proved to be a most valuable addition to our list of extra early varieties. Pound, 25 cents; three lbs., 60 cents; by mail or express, prepaid. Peck, 60 cents; bushel, \$1.60; barrel, \$4.00; by express or freight, not prepaid.

NEW DECATUR, ALA., April 19th, 1906.

Messrs James Vick's Sons—Gents.:—The plants you sent me lately came all right in good condition, and are beautiful plants. Respectfully, JOHN CHAPINS.

POTATOES--Continued

Early Harvest.

One of the best early White Potatoes. This extra early Potato originated in Maine. It is wonderfully early. This feature, coupled with large yield, superb quality, and fine appearance, makes a most valuable sort for early marketing or home use. The tubers average large, are nearly white, with eyes only slightly indented; shape oval, flattened, sometimes long-oval. Pound, 25 cents; three lbs., 60 cents; by mail or express, prepaid. Peck, 50 cents; bushel, \$1.80; barrel, \$4.50; by freight or express not prepaid.

Carman Seedling.

A new, late, round white, main crop variety, introduced here last season. Very handsome and productive and of excellent cooking quality. It is fresh from the seed ball, and produces unusually well. Pound, 25 cent; three pounds, 60 cents; by mail or express prepaid. Peck, 60 cents; bushel, \$1.80; barrel, \$4.50; by express or freight, not prepaid.

Endurance.

A new round white late variety. Does not blight, and is especially adapted to light, sandy soil where it will produce an enormous yield of handsome white potatoes. Do not fail to give this one a trial. Pound, 25 cents; three pounds, 60 cents; by mail or express prepaid. Peck, 60 cents; bushel, \$1.80; barrel, \$4.50; by express or freight, not prepaid.

Norcross (Late).

A large, flattish-oval, white variety, perfect in shape and quality, largest in yield, and a remarkable keeper. This variety originated in Maine, and for a number of years has been carefully bred to increase the percentage of starch. The result of these labors is a potato that cooks dry and mealy, resists disease, and keeps till late spring without rotting. Pound, 25 cents; three lbs., 60 cents; by mail or express, prepaid. Peck, 50 cents; bushel, \$1.40; barrel, \$3.75; by express or freight, not prepaid.

Maggie Murphy.

Late. The unanimous reports and samples of Potatoes that have been sent us from every State and Territory, also Canada, verify our statement that the Maggie Murphy is conceded by Potato growers to be one of the best late Rose varieties, and if planted on light soil the quality is unsurpassed, the yield enormous. This Potato in form is oval, the skin a delicate pinkish tint, with russet markings, eyes flush with the surface. Plants very strong and vigorous, remaining green up to maturity. Pound, 25 cents; three lbs., 60 cents; by mail or express, prepaid. Peck, 50 cents; bushel, \$1.40; barrel, \$3.75; by express or freight, not prepaid.

Standard Varieties

We can supply seed stock of all the leading varieties including:

Sir Walter Raleigh American Wonder Carman No. 3
Irish Cobbler

PARSLEY

As Parsley seed germinates very slowly, it should be planted in a bed if possible. For outdoor sowing always prepare the seed by placing it in hot water to soak for twenty-four hours, in a warm place. Sow thickly, in rows one foot apart and half an inch deep, pressing down well after sowing. When well up, thin to six inches apart. Parsley lives through the winter, and seed may be sown in the autumn. The curled varieties are beautiful for garnishing, and handsome enough for bouquet green. One ounce will sow 150 feet of drill.

Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cents;
lb., 75 cents; except as noted.

Beauty of the Parterre, or True Emerald. This variety is very distinct in appearance. It has a shade of green not shown in any other, while its leaves are more finely cut and densely curled. Habit dwarf and spreading. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30 cents; lb., \$1.00.

Champion Moss Curled. A compact growing, very ornamental plant. Leaves a bright green color, finely crimped and beautifully curled.

Vick's Triple Curled, or Myatt's Garnishing. One of the best for market or private garden; a handsome dwarf, compact sort. Leaves bright pale green; extra curled and crimped.

Fern-Leaved. As its name indicates, this variety is most beautiful in form and color; valuable for garnishing, and also as an ornamental foliage plant for borders of beds.

Hamburg or Turnip-Rooted. The roots resemble a small Parsnip, and are the edible portion of this variety. Used for flavoring soups, etc.

At prices quoted in this Catalogue, we prepay postage or express charges unless otherwise noted.

MUSTARD

Very hardy. Seed can be sown as soon as the soil is free from frost, in shallow drills. Cut when a few inches high. It grows rapidly, and several sowings may be made. The young leaves are used for spring salad.

Ostrich Plume. Exceedingly ornamental as well as useful. The leaves are long, ruffled and frilled, and curved as gracefully as an ostrich plume. For salad it is better than any other variety, and for boiling it is superior to spinach. Packet, 10 cents.

White. Fine for salad or culinary purposes. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 25 cents; lb., 40 cents.

Giant Southern Curled. The favorite in the South. Continues to yield until frosty weather. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; lb., 75 cents.

PEPPER

The culture of Pepper is precisely the same as for Egg Plant. Transplant when three inches high. One ounce of seed will yield about 1,500 plants.

Packet, 5 cents; oz., 25 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 70 cents; lb., \$2.25; except where noted.

Chinese Giant. A magnificent new variety, the largest and finest Pepper in cultivation. The plant is about two feet high, of strong, vigorous growth, stocky in habit, very productive, and ripens its fruit earlier than the Ruby King. The fruit averages four inches in diameter, and is of a bright glossy scarlet when ripe. The flesh is unusually thick and very mild, having none of the pungency of most of the older varieties. The immense size of the fruit and its brilliant color render it very attractive, and will cause it to sell readily in the market. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 15 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 25 cents; oz., 40 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.10; lb., \$4.00.

Large Bell, or Bull Nose. Very large, nearly four inches long and three inches in diameter; glossy red. Excellent for use in salads and pickles.

Ruby King. A handsome and very productive variety. Fruits from four to six inches long by three and a half to four inches broad; remarkably mild and pleasant. When ripe they are a bright ruby red. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 25 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75 cents; lb., \$2.50.

Golden Dawn or Queen. Resembles the Large Bell in shape, but is more delicate in flavor. Color a rich golden yellow, with very thick, mild, sweet-flavored flesh.

Sweet Mountain or Mammoth. Much like the Large Bell, but larger and milder. Fruit thick and sweet. Fine for making stuffed mango pickles.

Coral Gem Bouquet. The finest of the small varieties. Its shining red pods, an inch in length, are so thickly set as to completely cover the plant. They are very hot, and suitable for seasoning. Makes an elegant pot-plant. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 30 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 85 cents; lb., \$3.00.

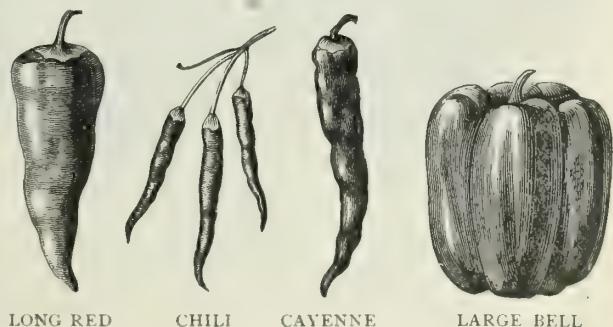
Red Cluster. A distinct and beautiful variety, bearing a profusion of bright scarlet fruit in clusters in an upright position. Hot and pungent. As a decorative plant for the flower garden or for pots, it will be found very useful. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 30 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 85 cents; lb., \$3.00.

Celestial. A Chinese variety, useful as well as ornamental. Sets its fruit early, and continues until frost. When fully grown the fruit is bright scarlet. Makes a plant of striking beauty. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 25 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75 cents; lb., \$2.50.

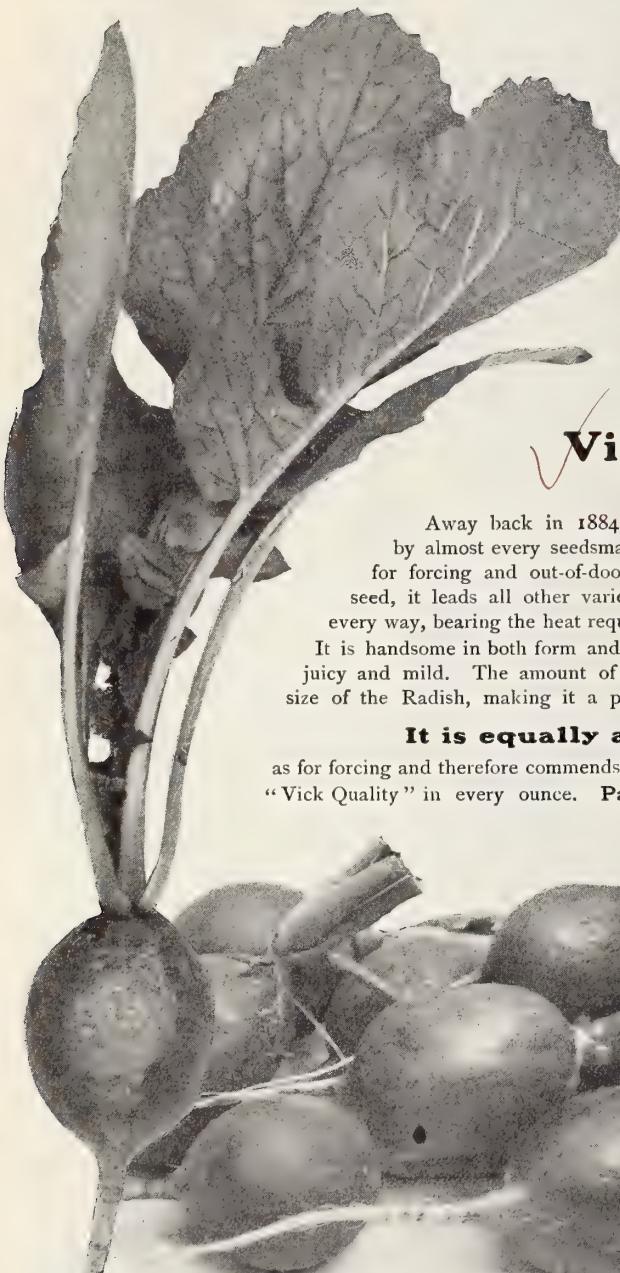
Long Red Cayenne. Beautiful and productive. Fruit four inches long, bright red, pointed pod; flesh thick and pungent.

OTHER STANDARD VARIETIES OF PEPPERS

Monstrous, or Grossum. Small Red Chili. Cherry-Formed Red.



RADISH



RADISHES must make a rapid growth to be crisp and tender. For early use seed should be sown in the hotbed, in drills, three or four inches apart and half an inch deep. For an early crop in the open ground, select a sandy soil, and a warm south border, under the shelter of a fence or building, if possible, and sow thinly in drills ten inches apart. For a succession sow every two weeks until September. A load of fresh sandy loam from the woods is better than manure for the Radish crop. Good Radishes cannot be grown in heavy soils. As soon as the first leaves appear, sprinkle with soot or ashes to save them from the little turnip-fly. The Winter Radish should be sown about the middle of summer, and makes its best growth in the autumn. Pitted out of doors or buried in earth in a cool cellar, it will keep crisp all winter. One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill; ten pounds to the acre.

For House or Garden Culture

Vick's Early Scarlet Globe
is Unequalled by any other Sort

Away back in 1884 we introduced this universally popular Radish, and today it is sold by almost every seedsman in the world, and is also used by the leading market gardeners both for forcing and out-of-door planting. Owing largely to our care in selecting and growing the seed, it leads all other varieties. As a forcing Radish, Vick's Early Scarlet Globe is the best in every way, bearing the heat requisite for forcing without becoming pithy or spongy.

It is handsome in both form and color, a beautiful oval and a rich scarlet; the flesh is crisp, tender, juicy and mild. The amount of its foliage is small compared with other varieties and small for the size of the Radish, making it a particularly attractive market sort.

It is equally as good for open garden culture

as for forcing and therefore commends itself to the amateur as well as the market gardener. You will find "Vick Quality" in every ounce. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cents; lb., 75 cents.

Vick's All Seasons

The finest of its class. It may be sown from spring until autumn, and the roots obtained from late sowings can be kept in storage for winter consumption. It can be used in all stages, from the size of a marble until full grown. The root is round, of brilliant scarlet color, grows to a very large size, and remains firm and brittle to the end. When sliced and salted it makes a very fine relish. The best Radish for all purposes yet introduced. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cents; lb., 75 cents.

Triumph

A striking variety. Root globe-shaped, showing bright scarlet stripes on a white ground. A good forcing. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20 cents; lb., 60 cents.

French Breakfast
or Scarlet Olive-shaped White Tip.

Very tender and beautiful. Fine for open ground or forcing. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20 cents; lb., 60 cents.

VICK'S SCARLET GLOBE RADISH

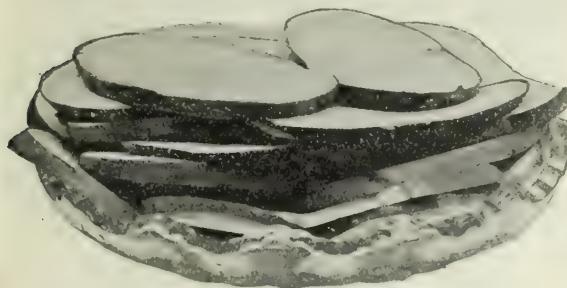
Gentlemen—During the four years I have secured my seed from you, I have found your Scarlet Globe the best Radish I can procure. The stock is uniform in grade, rich in color, extra early, true to type, and a first class shipper. I devote three houses, each 230 x 30 feet, exclusively to Vick's Scarlet Globe Radish.

(IRONDEQUOIT,) ROCHESTER, N. Y., Oct. 30, 1906.

CHARLES HOWARD.

RADISHES — Continued

Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20 cents; lb., 60 cts.; except as noted; all postpaid.



RADISH, VICK'S ALL SEASONS

Early Round Dark Red (Non plus ultra). Especially adapted for forcing on account of its very small tap-roots and tops. It is also good for summer use in the open ground. Skin dark red; flesh white, crisp, and tender.

Extra Early Scarlet Turnip-Rooted. (Forcing.) Medium in size, the root being clear and smooth, with a small top, remaining fit for use a long time. Next to Scarlet Globe we would recommend this variety for forcing.

Scarlet Turnip White Tip (Rosy Gem). (Forcing.) Very desirable for forcing and outdoor planting. Tops and roots both small; skin bright scarlet; flesh very mild and crisp.

Scarlet Olive-Shaped. Oval; very tender and excellent; an inch and a half long; fine for forcing or open ground.

White Olive-Shaped. Like all the olive-shaped varieties, except in color.

Philadelphia White "Box." Is superior and entirely distinct from any early White Turnip Radish. Remarkably short top, rapid growth, perfect turnip shape, extra fine quality, showing no disposition to become pithy with age. Its short top and rapid growth especially fit it for growing under glass.

Scarlet Turnip. Round, about an inch in diameter; skin scarlet; flesh white.

White Turnip. Similar to preceding, except in color; less pungent.

Yellow Turnip. Similar to above, except in color.

Wood's Early Frame. Similar to Long Scarlet, but shorter, earlier, and adapted for forcing.

Long Brightest Scarlet or Cincinnati Market. The brightest and handsomest scarlet Radish grown. It makes roots fit for use in twenty-five days from time of sowing, and remains in good condition until fully grown, when it is as large and crisp as Wood's Early Frame. Tops small.

Vick's Improved Long Scarlet Short-Top. The favorite long market Radish everywhere; six or seven inches long. Our strain of this popular sort has been grown from a selection year after year until it is perfection itself.

Beckett's Chartier, (Shepherd). A distinct variety. Color red at the top, shading to pink in the middle, and passing into pure white. It attains a large size before becoming unfit for use.

Long White Vienna or Lady Finger. Beautiful in shape; skin and flesh snow white; crisp and tender in summer.

Icicle. A beautiful transparent white variety, about three inches long and half an inch in diameter, with small tops; very crisp and brittle, and remains in good condition a long time; does not get pithy. Suitable for forcing. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cents; lb., 75 cents.

White Delicious. An improvement on the White Strasburg, being earlier, more evenly shaped, and having a smaller top. For outdoor early fall sowing it is sure to make a crop of uniform white Radishes. Quality first class. A market gardener's sort. Packet, 5 cts.; oz., 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30 cts.; lb., \$1.00.

White Strasburg Summer or White Hospital. A large, white, showy, half-long variety. Matures early. A leading market variety.

Giant White Stuttgart. A popular variety, early, of quick growth and large size; in shape like a large top. Both flesh and skin are pure snowy white.

Winter Radishes

Chinese Rose Winter (Scarlet Chinese). One of the very best for fall and winter use, and popular with market gardeners. Bright rose color; flesh white and firm, of superior quality.

Large White Spanish Winter. A well-known and popular sort. Flesh solid and milder in flavor than the black sorts.

Round Black Spanish Winter. This is a large black-skinned Radish, much relished by the Germans. Flesh white and firm.

Long Black Spanish Winter. Like the above, but the roots are longer and perhaps slightly milder in flavor.

California Mammoth White Winter is really a Chinese Radish, grown by the Chinese in California; eight to twelve inches long and from two to three inches in diameter; white, solid, and of good flavor.

RHUBARB

Seed should be sown in a deep, rich, well-pulverized soil, in drills eighteen inches apart and one inch deep. Thin out the plants to six inches apart. In the fall prepare the permanent bed by trenching two feet deep, mixing a liberal quantity of manure with the soil. Into this set the plants about five feet apart each way. Give a dressing of coarse manure every fall. The stalks should not be cut until the second year. The varieties of Rhubarb do not usually come true from seed. One ounce should give about 500 plants.

Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40 cents; lb., \$1.25.

St. Martin's. One of the earliest as well as most prolific sorts.

Victoria. Very large, but later than Linnæus.

Linnæus. Early and tender.

Roots of above, each, 15 cents; dozen, \$1.50.

SPINACH

The Spinach is cultivated extensively for spring and winter "greens." A profitable crop for market. Select a rich, well-drained soil, highly manured. For a succession, the seed may be sown early in April and again in May, in drills one foot apart and one inch deep, properly thinning out when plants are an inch in the leaf. For the principal crop, sow from first to middle of September, on ground from which a summer crop has been taken, protecting the crop with a light covering of straw or leaves. In the South no covering is necessary. One ounce for 100 feet of drill; 10 pounds, in drills, for an acre.

Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15 cents; lb., 40 cents; except as noted.

Improved Thick-Leaved, or Long-Standing. Leaves large and thick, somewhat crumpled. Does not run to seed as early as other varieties.

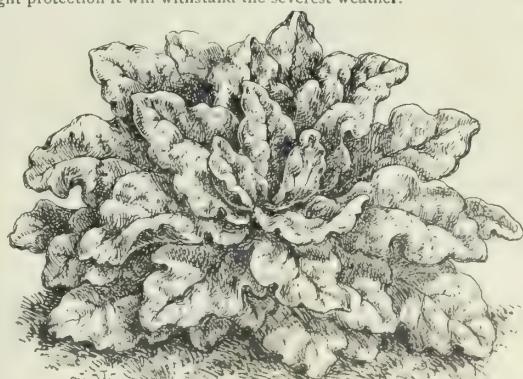
Victoria. A valuable sort. Its attractive dark green color, long-standing, and hardy character, make it desirable for both spring and late sowing.

Round or Summer. Adapted for early spring sowing, and quite popular with market gardeners. Leaves thick and large. It stands the winter well.

Large Round-Leaved Viroflay. Large, round, thick and fleshy leaves. Good for early sowing. Quite hardy. One of the best for fall sowing.

Bloomsdale or Savoy-Leaved (Norfolk). The earliest of all the varieties, and one of the best for autumn planting for early spring use.

Prickly or Fall. A hardy variety, used for fall sowing. With very slight protection it will withstand the severest weather.



SPINACH, IMPROVED THICK-LEAVED OR LONG STANDING

PARSNIP

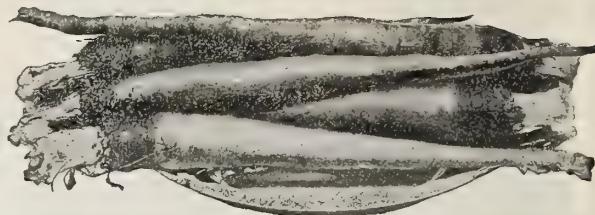
Parsnip seed germinates very slowly, and does best in a cool, moist soil, therefore it should be sown as early as possible, in drills from fifteen to eighteen inches apart, and about half an inch deep. The soil should be deep, mellow, and moderately rich. When well up, thin the plants to three to five inches apart. The roots may remain in the ground for spring use in the North. If needed for winter they may be dug and covered like potatoes. A light covering will answer. One ounce will sow 200 feet of drill; five pounds for an acre.

Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15 cents; lb., 50 cents.

Long Hollow Crown (White Dutch or Sugar). The old standard, and one of the best for general farm use and for home or market purposes. Long, smooth, tender, and sugary; very hardy; will keep throughout the winter with very little protection.

Improved Guernsey. Half-long. The roots are not so long as those of the Long Hollow Crown; are larger in diameter and more easily gathered; smooth, fine-grained, and of excellent quality.

Early Short Round. A variety well adapted for hard or shallow soils, and comes into use much earlier than other sorts. Flavor mild and pleasant.



SALSIFY

Salsify, or Vegetable Oyster, is used for soups, also boiled, fried, etc., and possesses the flavor of the oyster, for which it is sometimes used as a substitute. Culture the same as for Carrots and Parsnips; flourishes best, with longest, smoothest roots, in a light, deep, mellow soil, thoroughly enriched with *well-rotted* manure. Coarse and fresh manure will cause the roots to grow ill-shaped. Sow early in the spring, in drills a foot or more apart, covering the seed not more than two inches in depth. Thin out to six inches apart. A portion of the crop may remain in the ground all winter, like the Parsnip. One ounce will sow 75 feet of drill.

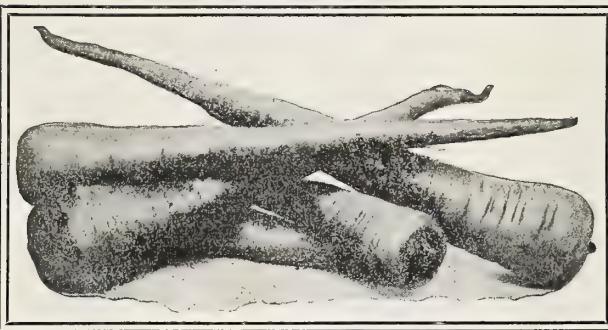
White French. The old favorite variety. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40 cents; lb., \$1.25.

Mammoth Sandwich Island. This is the largest and most profitable Salsify now in cultivation. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50 cents; lb., \$1.50.

Black, or Scorzonera. A black variety, with a somewhat bitter root. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50 cents; lb., \$1.75.

SCOLYMBUS—Spanish Salsify

More productive than Salsify. The roots resemble a small Parsnip, and will keep through the winter like a Turnip. Cultivate like Parsnips. It is eaten boiled, like Salsify. Packet, 10 cents; oz., 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 85 cents; lb., \$3.00.



PUMPKIN

The Pumpkin under good care, bears abundantly and furnishes a great amount of palatable food for cows, pigs, etc. Several of the finer-fleshed varieties are also used for culinary purposes. May be grown as a field crop. Plant in hills eight feet apart each way, any time after the middle of May. Avoid planting near other vine crops, as they will hybridize and damage the crop. One ounce will plant about twenty-five hills; four pounds to the acre.

Winter Luxury. This is the finest pie Pumpkin yet introduced; we cannot recommend it too highly for this purpose. It is also a good keeper, wonderfully productive, while its finely netted and golden-russet color make it desirable for market use. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cents; lb., 80 cents.

Large Sweet Cheese (Kentucky Field). One of the best for table use, and very productive. Shape flat; skin mottled light green and yellow, changing to a rich crimson color; flesh yellow, thick, and tender. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cents; lb., 80 cents.

Sugar, or Pie. A rather small, but handsome variety. Shape round; skin deep orange-colored; flesh fine-grained, very sweet-flavored; superior for pies. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cents; lb., 80 cents.

Golden Oblong. A productive variety, oblong in shape, growing 16 to 18 inches long. Skin golden orange, thin and tough; almost as good a keeper as the hard-shell winter Squash. Flesh yellow, dry, and sweet; excellent for pies. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cents; lb., 80 cents.

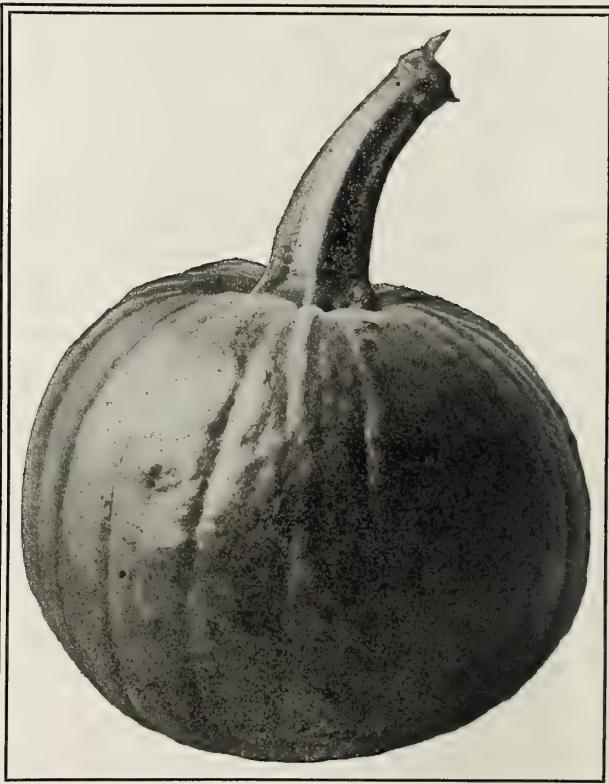
Large Tours, or Mammoth. Grows to an immense size, often weighing over 100 lbs. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30 cents; lb., \$1.00.

Mammoth Red Etampes. Skin brilliant, glossy red; flesh deep orange, very thick. Matures early. Packet, 10 cents; oz., 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60 cents; lb., \$2.00.

King of the Mammoths, or Jumbo. The largest of all Pumpkins. Round in shape, flattened at both ends. It is a splendid keeper, and valuable for stock feeding; also desirable for exhibition purposes. Packet, 10 cents; oz., 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40 cents; lb., \$1.50.

Connecticut Field. The hardest of all Pumpkins; cultivated mainly for stock-feeding, producing enormous crops. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15 cents; lb., 40 cents.

Cushaw, or Crookneck. A favorite sort of excellent quality. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30 cents; lb., \$1.00.



PUMPKIN, SUGAR OR PIE

SQUASH

Squash likes a rich soil, and it is best to manure in the hill. Plant a dozen seeds in each hill, and when danger from "bugs" is over pull up all but three or four. For bush sorts, make hills four or five feet apart each way, and for the running kinds twice that distance. Winter Squash should be ripened thoroughly, or they will not keep through the winter. One ounce of early varieties for fifty hills and two ounces of late will plant fifty hills; three to four pounds per acre.

Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30 cents; lb., \$1.00; except as noted; all postpaid.

Summer Squash

Mammoth White Bush Scallop (Silver Custard). The best of the scalloped Squashes. Handsome and of fine quality.

Mammoth Bush Summer Crookneck. The richest and best of the Summer Squashes. Early and productive. It is almost twice as large as the ordinary Summer Crookneck.

Autumn and Winter Sorts

Delicious. The Delicious is the result of years of careful selection crossing, and isolating. In size it resembles the Hubbard. In thickness of flesh it surpasses nearly every variety. The color is a dark orange. For table use no other variety compares with it in its remarkable combination of fineness and compactness of grain, dryness, sweetness, and exceeding richness of flavor. It is a fall and winter squash. Though at any time excellent, it does not acquire its best quality until winter.

Early Prolific Orange Marrow. An improvement by selection from Boston Marrow; not so large but much earlier. Skin orange colored; flesh deep, fine-grained, and of delicious flavor. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35 cents; lb., \$1.10.

New Golden Bronze. Weight from eight to ten pounds; color, a dark grayish green with bronze on the upper surface when ripe; flesh golden yellow, very thick, fine-grained, dry, sweet, and of delicious flavor. Matures early, and is a splendid keeper and good yielder. As a Squash for the table and pies it has no superior. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35 cents; lb., \$1.10.

Hubbard. The standard Winter Squash; no better variety grown; more generally cultivated as a late sort than any other. Flesh fine-grained, dry, and of excellent flavor.

Chicago Warted Hubbard. This has some points not seen in the old Standard, the shell having a dark green, almost a black color; and also distinguished by a dense covering of knots (warts). It is of first-class quality. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35 cents; lb., \$1.10.

New Golden Hubbard. This is a true Hubbard Squash except in color, which is a bright orange-red. The flesh is deep golden yellow. This deserves to and will become a most popular variety. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35 cents; lb., \$1.10.

Fordhook. A winter variety possessing much merit. Shell a bright yellow; flesh straw-yellow, dry and sweet, and of good flavor. Matures early, a sure cropper, and very productive. May be used at any stage of growth. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35 cents; lb., \$1.10.

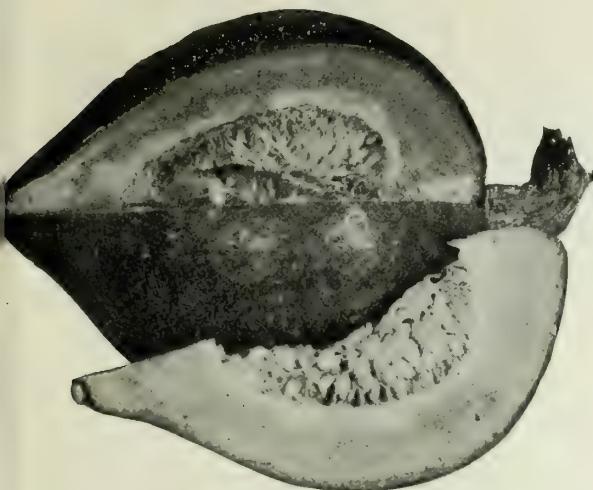
Essex Hybrid or Hard Shell Turban (Warren). A cross between the Hubbard and American Turban, having the color, shape, and fine quality of the Turban, with the dryness and hard shell of the Hubbard. Flesh thick, fine grained, and solid. A good keeper. Very productive, early and of rapid growth. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35 cents; lb., \$1.10.

Sibley, or Pike's Peak. A very distinct and valuable variety, Shell pale green, very hard; flesh solid and thick, orange color; flavor rich and delicate. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35 cents; lb., \$1.10.

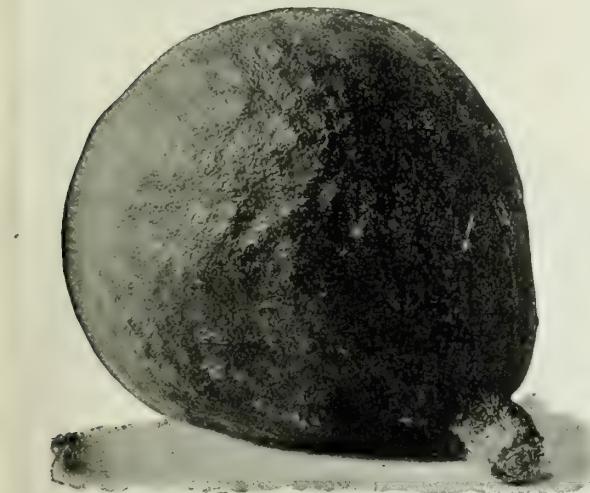
Boston Marrow. Very popular in the Boston market. Oval shape; skin yellow; flesh orange-colored and fine-grained.

Mammoth Chili. The largest of all Squash; grows to an enormous size. One of the most profitable sorts for stock-feeding. Keeps well throughout the winter. This variety is also extensively grown for fair exhibits. Packet, 10 cents; oz., 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50 cents; lb., \$1.75.

Vegetable Marrow. Flesh rich, salmon yellow, dry and fine-grained. Excellent as a pie-squash. Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35 cents; lb., \$1.10.



NEW GOLDEN HUBBARD SQUASH



DELICIOUS SQUASH



HUBBARD SQUASH, THE STANDARD SORT

TO obtain fruit very early, sow in the hotbed in March. In about five weeks plants should be transplanted to another hotbed, setting them about four or five inches apart. Here they should remain, having all the air possible, until after the middle of May, when they may be put out in the ground, four feet apart each way. If not too early or too cold, a coldframe will answer for the first transplanting. Very good plants can be grown in boxes in the house. The soil for early Tomatoes should not be too rich, and a warm, sheltered location selected, if possible. Pinching off the ends of the branches when the first fruit is set, will hasten the ripening very much. One ounce will produce 2000 plants; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. (to transplant) for an acre.

Packet, 5 cents; oz., 25 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75 cents; lb., \$2.50; except as noted.

EARLIANA Vick's Special Selected Strain

The Earliest and Best Large Smooth

Tomato. Our experience with this most valuable variety confirms all that has been claimed for it. Gardeners in this vicinity are enthusiastic in its praise, and grow it for early market in preference to any other variety.

It is a full week ahead of all others.

The plant is of strong and vigorous growth, setting its fruit freely and in great abundance. The fruit is not only remarkable for its earliness, but for its large size, perfect form, bright red color, and delicious flavor.

Ripens clear to the stem and does not crack.

Its solidly and fine quality are quite equal to the best medium and late sorts. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 35 cents; oz., 60 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.60; lb., \$6.00.

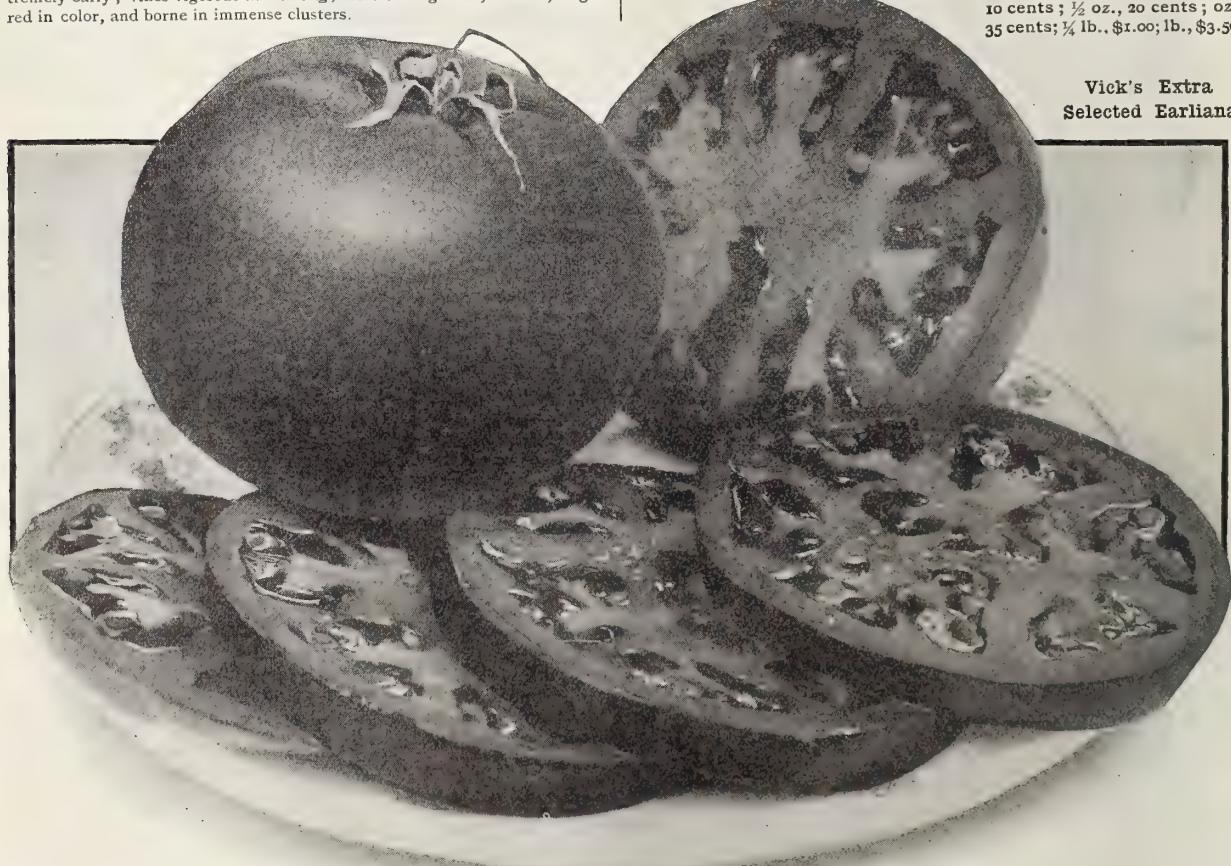
Atlantic Prize, or Early Ruby. Possesses extra good qualities; extremely early; vines vigorous and strong; fruit of large size, smooth, bright red in color, and borne in immense clusters.

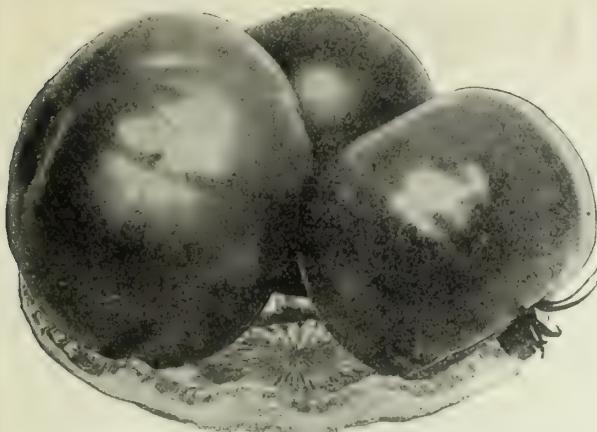
Bright and Early. A very desirable variety for the home garden. Color a fine, deep red, and very uniform; skin firm and free from cracks; flesh solid, and of the finest flavor. While some large specimens are produced, the average size is slightly below medium; but whatever is lacking in the size of the individual fruit is more than made up in the immense clusters.

Stone. Ripens for main crop; very large; color bright scarlet; very smooth; ripening even to the stem without a crack; exceedingly solid and firm fleshed; an excellent shipper; quality the very best; not subject to rot; its appearance on market remarkably attractive; a heavy variety. It is the standard Tomato for market gardeners and truckers, and superior for canning.

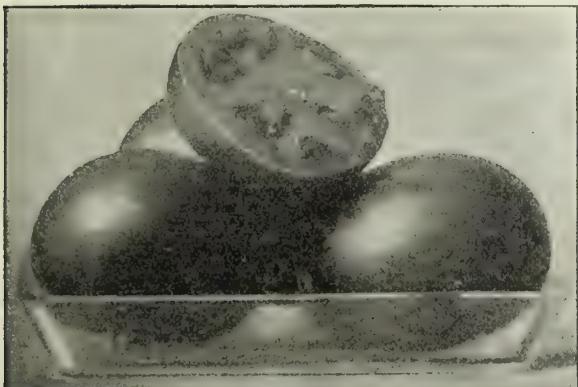
New Dwarf Stone. This splendid new variety is one that will meet with general favor, especially with those whose gardening space is limited. The strong, upright growth allows very close planting. In small gardens the plants may be set 18 by 24 inches apart and yet produce an abundant crop. The shape of the fruit is perfect, with a good skin, which is free from cracks about the stem end. It is very solid, ripens evenly, and is of most excellent quality. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 20 cents; oz., 35 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.50.

Vick's Extra
Selected Earliana





TOMATO, BEAUTY



TOMATO, DWARF CHAMPION



TOMATO, NEW DWARF STONE

Magnus. This new variety is of the same color as Acme, but the fruit is thicker, heavier, and more solid. It is medium early, of perfect form, large and attractive; ripens evenly, does not crack about the stem, flavor most desirable. The plant is a robust grower, short-jointed, setting its clusters of fruit closer than most sorts; a heavy cropper. An excellent variety to follow Earliana.

Improved Acme. A fine solid, smooth, early variety, medium size, red, with a purplish tinge. It has become quite popular for private gardens and with canners.

Dwarf Champion. Dwarf and compact in habit, the plant growing stiff and upright, with very thick and short-jointed stems, requiring no stakes. Often sold as Tree Tomato. Can be planted as close as three feet. As a cropper it is unsurpassed. Color same as Acme. Perfectly round and smooth.

Dwarf Aristocrat. This new variety resembles "Dwarf Champion," and might be taken for that popular variety if it were not for the color of its rich, glossy red fruit, so much preferred in many localities to the purple or rose-colored varieties. The size, solidity, productiveness, smoothness, flavor of its fruit, etc., are up to the present day standard of excellence. **Packet, 10 cents; oz., 35 cents; 1/4 lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.50.**

Beauty. A decided favorite for either home market or shipping purposes. Hardy, productive, large size, always smooth, glossy crimson with a slight tinge of purple. A great favorite with Florida and long distance shippers.

Royal Red. Bright scarlet and the reddest throughout of any grown. In size, smoothness, productiveness, solidity, and general appearance, it will please the most fastidious.

Golden Queen (Queen of the Yellows). Solid, smooth, large in size, and ripens early. Makes a handsome, rich' preserve. This Tomato should be grown in every home garden; its flavor is better and more delicate than that of the red varieties, the flesh finer-grained and very, tender. Try it. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 30 cents; 1/4 lb., 85 cents; lb., \$3.00.**

Plum-Shaped Yellow. Handsome in appearance, and valuable for preserving. Excellent served raw with pepper and vinegar.

Pear-Shaped Red. True pear-shaped, small, bright red. Used for preserves and for making "Tomato figs."

Pear-Shaped Yellow. Same as the above, except that the color is a beautiful yellow.

Red Cherry. Small, perfectly round and smooth, bright red borne in large clusters. Fine for preserves and pickles.

Yellow Cherry. Differs from the Red Cherry only in color.

Husk or Strawberry (Winter Cherry, etc.). Fruit golden yellow, size of a cherry. Fine for pies, preserves, or eating from the hand. **Packet, 10 cents; oz., 35 cents; 1/4 lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.50.**

Forcing Varieties

Stirling Castle. A fine variety, not only for forcing purposes, but for outdoor planting when grown on a single stem. The fruit is round and deep, of medium size, smooth, free from cracks or watery cavities, and almost seedless; color bright scarlet. Very early. **Packet, 20 cents.**

Lorillard. A good sort for forcing under glass as well as for outdoor culture; bright red, smooth, early. **Packet, 10 cents; oz., 35 cents; 1/4 lb., \$1.00**

OTHER STANDARD VARIETIES

Our limited space forbids a description of the following varieties, some of which, however, are well-known. We have also included some of the specialties of other seedsmen. All at the uniform price of **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 25 cents; 1/4 lb., 75 cents; lb., \$2.50.**

Honor Bright, Livingston's Favorite, Ponderosa, Perfection, Improved Trophy, Peach.

TOBACCO

Connecticut Seed-Leaf. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 25 cents.**
Havana (or Cuban). **Packet, 10 cents; oz., 40 cents.**

MASONVILLE, N. Y., Oct. 29, 1906.

James Vick's Sons—Sirs—From a piece of ground 54 by 78 feet, Mrs. Clarissa Wilber raised this year (1906),

Beans, 27 1/2 quarts Hubbard Squash, 80 large ones

Beets, one-half bushel Potatoes, 6 bushels

Corn, 374 ears Tomatoes, 3 bushels

Carrots, 1 1/2 bushels Celery, 50 bunches

Cucumbers, 1664, besides two gallons of canned Cucumbers

beside Lettuce, Radishes, Peppergrass, young Onions for a family of four, and many Onions to give to our neighbors, and three ounces Onion Seed and a small bed of winter Onions, Beets for greens, early Beets for the table and Snap Beans. The seed came from Vick's, which I have found for 35 years or more to be the best.

MRS. CLARISSA WILBER.



TURNIP, EARLY SNOWBALL

RUTA BAGA OR SWEDE TURNIPS

Ounce, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15 cents; lb., 50 cents.

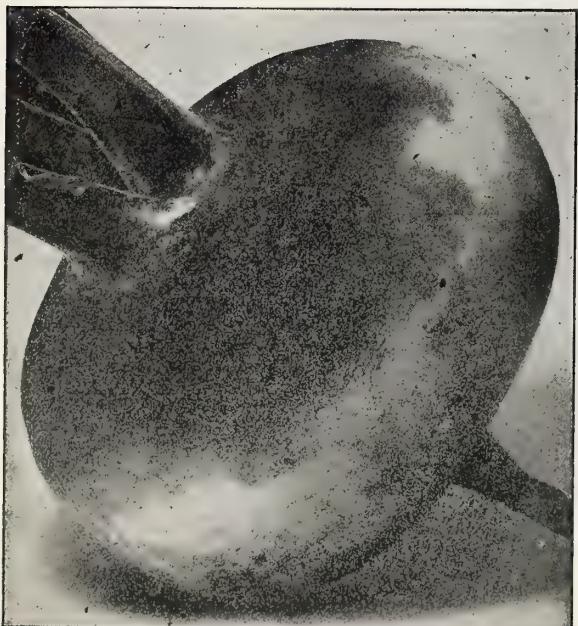
When five to ten pounds, or larger quantities, are required, special prices will be quoted.

White Sweet Swede. A large, white, solid Swede, sometimes called White Russian. Quite desirable for table or stock-feeding. A great yielder. Fine form and good keeper.

Vick's Imperial Purple-Top Yellow. An excellent variety either for the table or cattle-feeding. Flesh yellow, firm, solid, rich, and sweet. Very hardy, prolific, tender. A splendid keeper.

Hall's Westbury. An excellent variety of splendid quality. Purple above ground and yellow below.

Laing's Purple - Top Strap - Leaved. A large early sort of fine quality. Flesh yellow, very sweet. Tops peculiar in that they are strap- or entire-leaved.



TURNIP, PURPLE-TOP WHITE GLOBE

1/4 TURNIP

THE soil for Turnips should be rich and mellow. Sow in drills from twelve to eighteen inches apart, and half an inch deep, or sow broadcast, although much larger crops are obtained by drill culture. When the plants are a few inches in height, and strong enough to resist the attacks of insects, thin them out to some five or six inches apart in the drills. In this climate we sow from the 25th of July until the middle of August. Swede or Ruta Baga Turnips should be sown the first of June, the rows being about eighteen inches apart, and the plants in the rows not less than ten inches. Ruta Bagas are excellent for all kinds of stock, and are relished by all. One ounce of seed will sow 200 feet of row; and two to three pounds are required for an acre in drills.

Ounce, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15 cents; lb., 50 cents;
except as noted.

Purple - Top Strap - Leaved. Flat, medium size, purple above ground, white below. The most popular variety for early use, either for table or stock.

Early White Flat Dutch, Strap-Leaved. Similar to above. A fine, early, white sort, of quick growth and excellent quality.

Purple-Top White Globe. An improved variety of the purple-top flat Turnip; globular in shape, of fine appearance, a good keeper, of excellent quality, and equally desirable for table or stock.

Extra Early Purple-Top Milan. A white variety, purple-top and strap-leaf. This, with the White Milan, is the earliest of all Turnips. Remains in good condition a long time. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cents; lb., 80 cents.**

Extra Early White Milan. Similar to above except it is pure ivory white in color, and about one week earlier. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30 cents; lb., \$1.00.**

Early White Snowball or Six-Weeks. A perfect globe-shaped, white-skinned Turnip, of medium size and excellent flavor. For early sowing this is one of the best, being crisp and tender, and maturing in six weeks from the time of sowing. A good keeper. Fine for family or market. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cents; lb., 80 cents.**

New White Egg. A very excellent variety. Nearly oval or egg-shaped. Flesh firm and fine-grained, and of snowy whiteness. Its flavor is of the very best. Particularly desirable for table. Can be sown as late as the middle of August. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20 cents; lb., 60 cents.**

Long White Cow-Horn. A quick-growing sort, half-long in shape, fine-grained, sweet, good quality. Roots grow partly above ground. Very productive. **Packet, 5 cts.; oz., 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20 cts.; lb., 60 cts.**

Sweet German. This Turnip is very popular in many sections. It partakes largely of the nature of the Ruta Baga, and should be sown as early. Flesh white, hard, firm, and sweet, with none of the pungency of the common Turnip. Superior for table or for stock. A long-keeper, and generally solid until midsummer. Highly recommended for winter and spring use.

Orange Jelly (True). This is the most distinct yellow Turnip ever offered. It is of very fine texture, and the best, sweetest, and most delicious of the yellow-fleshed varieties. It is of medium size, with small tap-root, a rapid grower, matures early, and keeps well. A superior table variety. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20 cents; lb., 70 cents.**

Robertson's Golden Ball. Similar to Orange Jelly, but larger and not so fine-grained.

Large Yellow or Amber Globe. Good for general crop. Excellent for table or for stock-feeding. Flesh yellow, firm, and fine-grained. A good keeper and cropper.

Yellow Aberdeen. Roots medium size, round, flesh yellow, tender and sugary. Very hardy and productive. A good keeper. Good for both table and stock.

Yellow Stone. One of the best yellow-fleshed sorts for table use and stock. **Packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20 cents; lb., 60 cents.**

Pomeranian White Globe. Very productive, in good soil roots frequently grow from ten to twelve pounds. Good for table or stock-feeding.

Large White Norfolk. A standard variety for field-culture for stock-feeding. Grows to a large size and is very productive.

SEEDS IN BULK

In the following list we quote prices for seeds by the bushel, peck, four quarts, and quart, when sent by freight or express **at the expense of the purchaser.** We deliver them at express offices or railroad depots in this city at these rates, bags, packing, and cartage free, but in no case can we prepay the charges unless the amount has been previously advanced to us for that purpose. On all seeds not included in this list, ordered by express or freight to be shipped not prepaid, the purchaser may deduct from the prices given in the preceding pages 10 cents per lb. on all seeds quoted by the pound.

BEANS—Wax-Podded.

Qt. 4 qts. Pk. Bu.

Prolific German Black Wax	30	\$1.00	\$1.85	\$7.00
Improved Golden Wax	30	1.00	1.85	7.00
Rustless Golden Wax	30	1.00	1.85	7.00
Wardwell's Kidney Wax	35	1.25	2.25	8.00
Davis' White Wax	35	1.10	2.00	7.50
Refugee Wax	35	1.10	2.00	7.50
Round-Pod Wax, White Seeded	30	1.00	1.85	7.00
Pencil-Pod Wax	30	1.00	1.85	7.00
Yosemite Mammoth Wax	35	1.35	2.50	9.00

BEANS—Green-Podded.

Qt. 4 qts. Pk. Bu.

Long Yellow Six Weeks	25	75	1.35	4.75
Extra Early Red Valentine	25	75	1.35	5.00
Bountiful	30	1.00	1.85	7.00
Giant Stringless Green-Pod Valentine	30	1.00	1.85	7.00
Extra Early Refugee	25	75	1.35	5.00
Dwarf Horticultural	30	1.00	1.75	6.50
Early Mohawk	25	75	1.35	4.75
True Bush Lima (Burpee)	30	1.00	1.85	7.00
Imp'd Bush Lima (Dreer)	30	1.00	1.85	7.00
Small Bush Lima (Henderson)	30	1.00	1.75	6.50
Wood's Prolific Bush Lima	30	1.00	1.75	6.50

BEANS—Pole or Running.

Qt. 4 qts. Pk. Bu.

Extra Early Jersey Lima	30	1.00	1.85	7.00
Seibert's Large Early Lima	30	1.00	1.75	6.50

BEANS—Continued.

Qt. 4 qts. Pk. Bu.

King of the Garden Lima	30	1.00	1.85	7.00
Dreer's Improved Lima	30	1.00	1.85	7.00
Large White Lima	30	1.00	1.75	6.50
Dutch Case Knife	30	1.00	1.75	6.50
London Horticultural	30	.90	1.60	6.00
Old Homestead	30	1.00	1.75	6.50
Scarlet Runner	30	1.00	1.85	7.00

SWEET CORN.

Hiawatha	30	1.00	1.85	7.00
Vick's Earliest of All	25	70	1.15	4.25
Mammoth White Cory	20	60	1.10	4.00
Extra Early Golden Bantam	30	1.00	1.85	7.00
Metropolitan	20	70	1.30	4.75
Kendel's Early Giant	20	60	1.00	3.25
Perry's Hybrid Sugar	20	60	1.00	3.50
Early Minnesota	20	60	1.00	3.50
Crosby's Early	20	60	1.00	3.50
Moore's Early Concord	20	60	1.00	3.75
Potter's Excelsior (Squashum)	20	60	1.00	3.50
Early Evergreen	20	60	1.00	3.75
Early Mammoth	20	60	1.10	3.75
Hickox's Improved	20	60	1.00	3.75
Black Mexican	20	60	1.00	3.75
Stowell's Evergreen	20	60	1.00	3.75
Country Gentleman	20	60	1.10	4.00
Mammoth Late Sugar	20	60	1.00	4.25

PEAS.

Qt. 4 qts. Pk. Bu.

Vick's Extra Early	25	70	1.15	4.50
Alaska (Earliest of All)	25	75	1.25	4.50
Gradus (Prosperity)	45	1.50	2.75	10.00
Thomas Laxton	45	1.50	2.75	10.00
Nott's Excelsior	35	1.10	2.00	7.25
Vick's King of the Dwarfs	30	1.00	1.75	6.50
Extra Early Premium Gem	30	.95	1.70	6.25
Surprise	30	.90	1.60	6.00
American Wonder	30	1.00	1.85	7.00
Bliss' Abundance	25	75	1.25	4.50
Bliss' Everbearing	25	70	1.15	4.25
Vick's Daisy	45	1.50	2.75	10.00
Horsford's Market Garden	25	70	1.15	4.25
Improved Pride of the Mar-				
ket				
McLean's Advancer	25	75	1.25	4.50
Improved Stratagem	35	1.25	2.25	8.00
Telephone	30	1.00	1.85	7.00
Long Island Mammoth	30	.90	1.60	6.00
Yorkshire Hero	25	75	1.25	4.50
Champion of England	25	70	1.15	4.25
Duke of Albany (American				
Champion)				
Mammoth Melting Sugar	35	1.10	2.00	7.25
Large White Marrowfat	30	1.00	1.85	7.00
Large Black Eye Marrowfat	15	45	75	2.50
Canada Field	15	45	75	2.50
				2.00

USEFUL HERBS

A very small space in the garden will give all the herbs needed in the family. The culture is very simple; and the best way is to make a little seedbed in the early spring and set the plants out in a bed as soon as large enough. As a general rule it is best to cut the herbs when in flower, tie them up in small bunches, and hang in the shade to dry. We give a list of the herbs generally cultivated and prized. Of some kinds we furnish roots, as will be seen below:

PKT.		PKT.		PKT.	
Anise, per lb., \$1.00; per ounce, 10 cents	5	Lavender, (<i>Lavandula spica</i>), per oz., 10 cts.	5	Rue, per ounce, 20 cents	5
Balm, per ounce, 30 cents	5	True, (<i>Lavandula vera</i>), per ounce, 25 cents	5	Saffron, per ounce, 10 cents	5
Basil, Sweet, per ounce, 20 cents	5	American. A symmetrical bush from 12 to 20 inches high. Flowers lavender-colored. Yields honey freely in warm weather. Blooms all summer till killed by frosts. Both flowers and foliage are very fragrant, and retain their pleasant odor after being dried, making the plant very useful and desirable for wardrobes, etc.	10	Sage, per lb., \$1.50; per ounce, 15 cents	5
Borage, per ounce, 15 cents	5	Marjoram, Sweet, per ounce, 20 cents	5	Savory, Summer, per ounce, 15 cents	5
Caraway, per lb., 75 cents; per ounce, 10 cents	5			Savory, Winter, per ounce, 20 cents	5
Catnip, per ounce, 50 cents	5			Sorrel, French, per ounce, 15 cents	5
Coriander, per lb., 75 cents; per ounce, 10 cents	5			Tansy, per ounce, 30 cents	5
Dill, per ounce, 10 cents	5			Thyme, Broad-Leaved, or Winter, per oz., 30 cts.	5
Fennel, Large Sweet, per ounce, 10 cents	5			Summer, per ounce, 30 cents	5
Hoarhound, per ounce, 25 cents	5			Wormwood, per ounce, 30 cents	5
Hop Seed, per ounce, \$1.50	25			Lavender, roots, by mail, each, 15 cts.; two for 25 cts.	
Hyssop, per ounce, 25 cents	5			Sage, roots, by mail, each, 15 cts.; two for 25 cts.	

BOOKS FOR GARDEN OR GREENHOUSE

Postage or Express Charges prepaid on any of these Books.

The Amateur's Practical Garden Book. By C. E. Hunn and L. H. Bailey. Contains complete directions for growing the commonest of things about the house and garden. \$1.00	Commercial Violet Culture. By B. T. Galloway. The only comprehensive work on this subject; gives every detail necessary to success. 224 pages. \$1.50	Greenhouse Construction. By Prof. L. R. Taft. A complete treatise for professionals and amateurs; 100 illustrations and plans. Cloth. \$1.50
The Forcing Book. By L. H. Bailey. Profusely illustrated. A manual of the cultivation of vegetables in glass houses. Full instructions for the construction and management of forcing-houses, preparation of soils, control of insects and fungous diseases; methods of forcing, etc. \$1.00	American Carnation Culture. By L. L. Lamborn. A standard work on the culture of the Carnation, revised, and brought up to date. Recognized authority on Carnation Culture in Europe and America. Fourth edition. \$1.50	Insects and Insecticides. By C. M. Weed. A practical manual concerning noxious insects and methods of preventing their injuries. 334 pages, with many illustrations. Cloth. \$1.50
Garden Making. By L. H. Bailey. Contains directions for buildings, fences and hedges, preparation of land, planting trees and shrubs; insects and diseases, tools, laying out grounds, lawn making and planting, pruning trees, raising flowers, vegetables and fruits. \$1.00	The Chrysanthemum: Its culture for professional growers and amateurs. By Arthur Herrington. 50 cents.	Making a Lawn. By C. W. Seelye. A little booklet of ten pages, giving full directions for preparing the soil, grading, time of planting, mowing and after care. Price 10 cents, or free with an order for a quart or more of grass seed.
The Horticulturist's Rule Book. A compendium of useful information for fruit growers, truck gardeners, florists, and others. By L. H. Bailey. Indispensable to every one who cultivates a garden. Cloth. 75 cents	Strawberry Culturist. By Andrew S. Fuller. Showing the history, sexuality, and best culture; how to fertilize, grow from seed, etc. Illustrated. Flexible cloth, 12mo. 25 cents	How to Grow Mushrooms. By Wm. Falconer. A practical treatise on Mushroom Culture for profit and pleasure. \$1.50
	Greenhouse Management. By Prof. L. R. Taft. Manual on the forcing of flowers, vegetables and fruits in greenhouses and the propagation and care of house plants. 400 pages; illustrated. \$1.50	How to Make Money Growing Violets. Saltford. 25 cents.
	How to Plan the Home Grounds. By Samuel Parsons, Jr. 249 pages; illustrated. \$1.00	The Small Fruit Culturist. By A. S. Fuller. Equally adapted to the needs and requirements of the private cultivator and the large grower. Illustrated. \$1.00

GRASS MIXTURES



LAWN AT THE HOME OF MR. GEORGE EASTMAN, ROCHESTER, N. Y.

A FINE LAWN is admired by all, but thousands do not avail themselves of the opportunity for one, believing that the making of a lawn requires much time and money. Yet how simple and easy it all is. Make the soil light and mellow, so that it will not bake after a rain; and if it is very heavy or clayey, cover the surface with a light coating of fine manure after sowing the seed. For small plots sow about one quart of Vick's Velvet Lawn Seed to a square rod, which will make a beautiful thick turf. For larger areas we give here a table showing how much seed is required for any number of square feet:

For 1 acre, 43560 square feet . . . 4 bu. or 80 lbs.	For $\frac{1}{3}$ acre, 14520 square feet . . . $1\frac{1}{3}$ bu. or 27 lbs.	For 1-12 acre, 3630 square feet . . . $\frac{7}{4}$ bu. or 5 lbs.
" $\frac{1}{2}$ " 21780 " " 2 " 40 " " $\frac{1}{2}$ " 7260 " " 14 " " 1-16 " 2723 " " . . . $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. or 5 " " 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ "	" $\frac{1}{3}$ " 10890 " " 1 " 20 " " $\frac{1}{8}$ " 5445 " " 10 " " 1-32 " 1362 " " . . . $\frac{1}{2}$ " 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ "	

Sow as early as possible in the spring, so as to get the benefit of early spring rains. If it is not convenient to sow then, wait till September;—do not sow during the summer months. After sowing, rake seed in thoroughly so that it will be well covered. Rolling improves the appearance of any lawn, and frequent mowing is of course necessary. To stimulate the growth nothing is better than

PULVERIZED SHEEP MANURE

a pure, natural, odorless fertilizer and the most nutritious food for all vegetable growth. The best for lawn and garden. Its effect is immediate, lasting, and it can be applied without risk. On lawns its effect is readily apparent and should be applied either in spring or fall to achieve the best results. One ton is sufficient for an acre, and 12 pounds for a plot 15 by 20 feet. 6 lbs., 25 cents; 25 lbs., 60 cents; 50 lbs. \$1.00; 100 lbs., \$1.75; charges not prepaid.

" Making a Lawn," by C. W. Seelye, a little booklet of ten pages, gives full directions for preparing the soil, grading, time of planting, mowing and after care; price 10 cents, or free with an order for a quart or more of grass seed.

Vick's Velvet Lawn Grass. The Velvet Mixture contains all of the very best varieties of grasses suited for the purpose of making a Lawn beautiful in appearance, durable and lasting, and which will stand the frosts of winter and the hot sun of summer, showing a deep rich green at all seasons. The seed used is pure and heavy and especially cleaned, and the finest ever offered. Per quart, 25 cents; lb., 40 cents; postpaid. Peck, (5 lbs.) \$1.25; bushel (20 lbs.) \$4.50; express or freight not prepaid.

Vick's Shady Spot Lawn Grass. For shaded corners or under trees, where ordinary grasses will not thrive. Per pound, 35 cents, postpaid. 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.50; 100 lbs., \$23.00; express or freight not prepaid.

Vick's Golf Mixtures. For Golf Grounds we make two mixtures: One for Putting-Greens, and another for Fair-Greens. Both are the results of careful trials, and can be relied on to give satisfaction.

Putting-Green Mixture. Per pound, 35 cents, postpaid. 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.50; 100 lbs., \$23.00; express or freight not prepaid. Sow 100 pounds per acre.

By quart and pound we prepay postage.

At the price per bushel and peck we ship by Express or Freight, not prepaid. No charge for bags, packing, or cartage.

Fair-Green Mixture. Per pound, 30 cents, postpaid. 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00; express or freight not prepaid. Sow 50 pounds per acre.

GRASS SEED

In some cases we are unable to quote by the bushel or 100 pounds, owing to the changes in market price from day to day; but we will be pleased to make special prices on application.

Creeping Bent, or Fiorin (*Agrostis stolonifera*). Desirable for mixing with other lawn or pasture grasses, as it thrives in moist land, on which water does not stagnate. 2 to 2½ bushels per acre. Bushel, 20 pounds. Pound, 45 cents; 100 lbs., \$30.00.

Red Top, fancy (*Agrostis vulgaris*). Valuable in a mixture for either lawns, pastures, or meadows, growing in almost any soil, moist or dry. For lawns forty-five pounds; for pasture twenty-five to thirty pounds per acre. Fancy cleaned. Pound, 40 cents; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

Red Top. Pound, 30 cents; peck, 50 cents; bushel, (14 lbs.) \$1.75; 100 lbs., \$12.00.

Bermuda Grass. Invaluable for crop in the South. It will stand a greater degree of heat than any other known grass. Pound, 75 cents.

Sweet Vernal Grass, TRUE PERENNIAL (*Anthoxanthum odoratum*).

The chief merit of this grass lies in its fragrant odor. As a mixture for lawns and pasture lands it is invaluable. Per lb. \$1.35 cents; ounce .15 ANNUAL SWEET VERNAL, per lb. 30

Tall Meadow Oat Grass (*Avena elatior*). Valuable for pasture. The most promising for replacing prairie grass at the west. Four bushels to the acre. Bushel, 13 pounds. Pound, 35 cents; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

Hungarian Brome (*Bromus inermis*). A perennial grass especially suited to dry lands and regions subject to severe droughts. It does well in all parts of the country, North and South. It grows most rapidly in sandy soils, but will establish itself on the heaviest lands. 25 pounds of seed per acre. Bushel, 14 pounds. Pound, 30 cents; 100 lbs., \$15.00.

Orchard Grass (*Dactylis glomerata*). One of the very best pasture grasses, exceedingly palatable to stock, will endure a good deal of cropping. One and one-half to two bushels per acre. Bushel, 14 pounds. Pound, 35 cents; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

Meadow Fescue (*Festuca pratensis*). Excellent pasture grass. Sow in a mixture with other grasses, as Orchard Grass, Rye Grass, or Kentucky Blue Grass. 40 lbs. per acre. Bushel, 22 pounds. Pound, 40 cents; 100 lbs., \$22.00.

Perennial Rye Grass (*Lolium perenne*). Valuable for permanent pasture, in mixture with other pasture grasses. One and one-half to two bushels per acre. Bushel, 24 pounds. Pound, 25 cents; 100 lbs., \$8.50.

Italian Rye Grass (*Lolium Italicum*). Used in Europe for soiling. Gives early, quick, and successive growth, till late in fall, 2 bushels to the acre. Bushel, about 18 pounds. Pound, 25 cents; 100 lbs., \$10.00.

Hungarian Grass (*Panicum Germanicum*). Valuable soiling plant. May be sown as late as first of July, and produce a large green crop. 1½ bushels to the acre. Bushel, 48 pounds. Pound, 20 cents; bushel, market price.

Japanese Barnyard Millet (*Panicum Crus-Galli*). Enormously productive, yielding from four to six tons of cured forage per acre, on rich soils. Six to eight feet in height. Sow in May, broadcast, ten to twelve pounds per acre; or in drills, eight pounds per acre. Pound, 25 cents; 100 pounds, \$8.00.

German, or Golden Millet. Medium early forage plant, prolific in stalk and grain; 25 pounds to an acre. Bushel, 50 pounds. Pound, 20 cents; bushel, market price.

East Indian or Pearl Millet (*Penicillaria spicata*). Grows from eight to ten feet high. When cultivated for fodder, sow in drills three feet apart, and thin out to one foot apart in the rows. Three to five pounds per acre. Pound 25 cents; 100 pounds, \$10.00.

Siberian Millet. A new and wonderfully productive forage plant from Russia; extremely hardy; about four feet in height. The hay and fodder are very nutritious and much liked by all kinds of stock. Sow in April, May, or June, one peck to the acre. Pound, 25 cents; 100 pounds, \$7.50.

Timothy (*Phleum pratense*). A field and not a pasture grass, as it will not endure close and frequent cropping; but for a hay crop on strong soils it will produce more than any other sorts. One-fourth to one-half bushel per acre. Bushel, 45 pounds. Pound, 20 cents.

Kentucky Blue Grass (*Poa pratensis*). In conjunction with White Clover it forms the finest and closest turf. As a pasture grass it furnishes the most nourishing food for cattle of any, until winter; thrives on a variety of soils, but does best in dry and somewhat shady localities. Sixty pounds for lawn and twenty pounds per acre for pasture. Extra fancy, re-cleaned. Pound, 40 cents; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

Rough-Stalked Meadow Grass (*Poa trivialis*). One of the most valuable grasses to cultivate in moist, rich, sheltered soils. 20 pounds to the acre. Bushel, 14 pounds. Pound, 60 cents; 100 lbs., \$40.00.



SPECIAL GRASS MIXTURES

These Mixtures contain over a dozen of the best permanent grasses, both American-grown and imported. All are permanent, and when once established will last indefinitely, if the fertility of the soil is kept up by occasional top-dressing.

Standard Hay Mixture. For general hay lands; containing six varieties of grasses and clover. Pound, 18 cents; 100 lbs., \$13.00.

Standard Pasture Mixture. For ordinary pastures, where the land is neither very wet nor very dry. Pound, 20 cents; 100 lbs., \$15.00.

Dry Pasture Mixture. For very high and dry pastures; containing grasses that withstand exposure and severe weather. Pound, 23 cents; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

Wet Pasture Mixture. Made up of grasses especially adapted to damp places. Pound, 25 cents; hundred lbs., \$20.00.

All the above mixtures are made up to sow 35 pounds to the acre. At the prices given we do not prepay carrying charges. If you wish charges prepaid, postage must be added at the rate of 8 cents per pound. Not less than 50 pounds at 100 pound rate. No charge for bags or packages.

FERTILIZERS

Pulverized Sheep Manure. This is a pure, natural, odorless fertilizer and the most nutritious food for all vegetable growth. The best for lawn, garden and greenhouse use. Its effect is immediate, lasting, and it can be applied without risk. Strewn over and dug into the soil it promotes a rapid, steady growth until maturity of the plants. For either flower or vegetable it makes the richest, safest and quickest liquid invigorator. On lawns its effect is readily apparent and can be applied in spring or fall to achieve the best results. Quantity to an acre one ton, 12 lb. to 300 square feet, 6 lbs., 25 cts.; 25 lbs., 60 cents; 50 lbs., \$1.00; 100 lbs., \$1.75; charges not prepaid.

Walker's Floral Fertilizer. A chemically correct flower food for house plants. Has no odor, and can be used dry or dissolved in water for sprinkling. Small size (feeds 25 plants six months), 25 cents; large size (feeds 25 plants for one year), 50 cents; postage paid.

Nitrate of Soda. (Chili Saltpetre). The best and cheapest form of Nitrogen for plants. Highly concentrated and immediately available. Nothing like it to make plants grow. Price subject to market changes. 5 lbs., 30 cents; 10 lbs., 50 cents; 25 lbs., \$1.00; 100 lbs., \$3.50; charges not prepaid.

Muriate of Potash. The strongest form of potash salts. 5 lbs., 30 cents; 10 lbs., 50 cents; 25 lbs., \$1.00; 100 lbs., \$3.00.

Fruit and Root Crop Special. Per sack of 167 lbs., \$2.35; charges not prepaid.

Pure Raw Bone Meal. Per sack of 100 lbs., \$3.00; charges not prepaid.

WE are always glad to hear from our customers and friends, and to assist them, if possible, in planning their gardens.

At Pound or Quart, we Prepay Postage. Pecks or Bushels by Express or Freight at Expense of Purchaser.
Special Prices on Large Quantities.

ARTICHOKE

Helianthus tuberosus (*Jerusalem Artichoke*). Artichokes are planted same as potatoes. Four bushels will produce 1200 bushels of roots. It is very hardy, and will stand freezing and thawing, and hogs will grow faster and become more healthy on this than on any other feed. Quart, 30 cents; peck, 60 cents; bushel, \$1.50.

AUSTRALIAN SALT BUSH

Atriplex semibaccata. Recommended highly for alkali soils and regions subject to perennial drought. Very nutritious, and good for all kinds of live stock. One pound of seed for an acre. The ground should be well plowed and harrowed. Ounce, 15 cents; lb., \$1.50.

BEANS

Soja Bean (*Glycine hispida*, or *Soja hispida*). Valuable as a forage crop and for fertilizing the soil. Thrives well in hot and dry weather. Sow broadcast one-half bushel to the acre, or plant in drills three feet apart and one foot between plants. Pound, 25 cents; bushel, \$3.50.

Velvet Bean (*Mucuna utilis*). Used by farmers in the Southern States as a forage plant, and also as a fertilizing plant for turning under. Its nitrogen-gathering properties are said to surpass those of the Cow Pea. Stock readily eat the vines and leaves, and the beans when ground, with or without the pod, are used in place of oats or corn, and sometimes mixed with them. Two or three seeds planted four feet apart in rows five feet apart will literally cover the ground two or three feet thick with a mass of foliage and vines, no matter how poor the soil. Pound, 25 cents; peck, \$1.00; bushel, \$3.50.

BROOM CORN

Improved Evergreen. This variety is now grown more extensively than any other, on account of its straight, long, light green brush. It is very productive. Sow six pounds to an acre. Pound, 25 cents; 100 lbs., \$7.00.

COW PEAS

This pea has always been valuable for improvement of the soil. It is considered superior to clover for plowing under as a preparation for wheat, as it matures the first year from seeding. Plant seed in a thoroughly pulverized warm soil. If wanted to plow under for manure, sow in drills one foot apart. If grown for fodder, or for the seed, plant three feet apart and cultivate thoroughly.

Black Eye. Peck, 75 cents; bush., \$2.50.

Clay. Peck, 75 cents; bush., \$2.50.

Wonderful. Peck, 65 cents; bush., \$2.00.

Whippoorwill. Peck, 70 cents; bush., \$2.25.

Mixed. Peck, 65 cents; bush., \$1.75.

FLAX

Flax Seed for sowing. One and a half bushels per acre. Pound, 25 cents; bushel of 56 lbs., \$2.50.

FLAT PEA

Lathyrus sylvestris. A perennial forage plant. It grows well on very poor, unimproved, sandy soil; withstands severe frosts, and is not injured by severe drought. Valuable for plowing under in a green state. It is recommended to sow seed in a small garden bed and transplant to the field when the plants are of suitable size. Ounce, 10 cents; lb., \$1.00.

RAPE

Dwarf Essex, English. The best Sheep Fodder. While Rape is more especially grown for feeding sheep, still cattle, pigs, and milch cows do very well upon it. Sheep should have access to a grass pasture, on which they will feed alternately with the Rape, thus keeping them in the best condition. A constant supply of salt in the Rape field is quite beneficial. For sheep pasture, sow in May, and it will be ready for pasturing in July and August. Or sow in June, or even up to the latter part of July, it will furnish a large amount of pasture or fodder. In drills, sow five pounds to the acre; broadcast, ten pounds to the acre. Pound, 25 cents; 100 lbs., \$7.00.

SPURRY

Spergula arvensis. Annual. Grows well on poor, dry, sandy soils. It is in best condition for pasture in four to six weeks after sowing, and may be sown every month from March to August. Excellent pasture for cattle and sheep; also as a fertilizer for light sandy soil. Sow fifteen pounds to the acre. Pound, 25 cents; 100 lbs., \$7.00.

SERADELLA

Ornithopus sativus. A valuable forage plant. Succeeds in dry, sandy soil, and furnishes good pasture for sheep. Can be sown with winter rye. About 50 pounds to an acre. Pound, 25 cents; 100 pounds, \$7.00.

SUNFLOWER

Mammoth Russian. Highly valued by farmers and poultry breeders who have tried it as an excellent and cheap food for fowls. Sow seed as soon as the ground is warm, in hills four feet apart each way. Three pounds of seed will plant one acre. Yields from fifty to seventy bushels per acre. $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 15 cents; lb., 25 cents; 100 lbs., \$6.00.

White Beauty. A Sunflower with snow-white seeds. This strikingly distinct new sort is not only the most beautiful, but the most vigorous, out-yielding the old sorts almost two to one, 3,000 pounds per acre being no unusual yield. Ounce, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15 cents; lb., 35 cents.

SORGHUM

When wanted in larger quantities than quoted, ask for special prices.

Early Amber. This variety is coming into general use for summer fodder for cattle in place of sowed corn, yielding two crops in a season. It is claimed to keep up the flow of milk, and cows like it better than any other feed. It is also easily cured, and makes excellent dry fodder. Three to four pounds are sufficient for an acre, in drills thirty inches apart, sowing the seed thick and shallow in the row. Pound, 25 cts.; 100 pounds, \$6.00.

Kaffir Corn. This will do well wherever Amber Cane will grow. It is used as a green fodder, and is eagerly eaten by cattle, hogs, etc. It is a great fatterer. The average height of stalk is six feet. Fifty to sixty bushels of seed to the acre have been harvested. Pound, 25 cents; 100 lbs., \$6.00.

Millo Maize. The merit of this non-saccharine Sorgbhum is that when cut for feeding it starts again from the remaining stumps with renewed strength and vigor; thrives in the hottest and driest localities. It is relished by cattle, hogs, etc. Pound, 25 cents; 100 lbs., \$7.00.

Jerusalem Corn. Belongs to non-saccharine Sorgbhum. It is considered a good sure grain for dry sections and seasons. It produces several small heads on side shoots, often as many as eight heads on a stalk. Three pounds will plant an acre. The grain being very small, it makes most excellent chicken food. Pound, 25 cents; 100 lbs., \$8.00.

Johnson Grass (*Sorghum Halapense*). Popular in the Southern States, where it is considered one of the most valuable forage plants. One bushel per acre. Bushel, 25 pounds. Pound, 25 cents; 100 lbs., \$9.00.

WILD RICE

Zizania aquatica. Valuable as a forage plant for swamps and wet land. Stock are fond of it when green and also when cured for fodder. It is also much sought after by water fowl. Pound, 35 cents; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

HEDGE PLANTS

HONEY LOCUST

Gleditschia triacanthos. Is regarded as one of the most valuable native trees, on account of its rapid growth and longevity of the timber. It does not have troublesome sprouts at the roots, like the common Locust, and is not so liable to injury from the borer worm. After the second season's growth they become perfectly hardy. The seeds are very slow to germinate, and for this reason should be treated with hot water. Take up small plants and heel in; cover the plants in the fall and set out the next spring. About 175 seeds to the ounce. Ounce, 10 cents; lb., 60 cents.

OSAGE ORANGE

Maclura aurantiaca. Used extensively as a hedge plant, for which purpose its rapid growth, together with its strong spines, render it quite suitable. It is easily kept dwarf by cutting back. Young plants are grown from seed, which, if sown in good soil, will make good strong plants for the hedge-rows in two years. This species is hardy and makes fine hedges for lawns, cemeteries, etc. Sow last of May. About 600 seeds to the ounce. Ounce, 10 cents; lb., 60 cents.

VICK'S UNRIVALED ASTERS



FIELD OF VICK'S WHITE BRANCHING ASTER, AT OUR DESPATCH SEED FARM

FIFTEEN YEARS ago we first gave special attention to the cultivation of Asters, our field at that time being only one-quarter of an acre. By careful selection, hybridizing, and high culture, we improved the old strains, until today the Aster rivals the Sweet Pea in popularity. In 1893, we introduced the now famous Vick's Branching White. This was soon followed by the Branching Asters in colors, which are equally popular. Within the past five years we have introduced Vick's Daybreak, Vick's Purity, Vick's Lavender Gem, Vick's Mikado, and Vick's Violet King, and this year we introduce five more of equal merit—Vick's Royal Purple, Vick's Rosy Carmine, Vick's Sunset, Vick's Upright Aster and Vick's Cardinal, a superb bedding Aster.

From a quarter of an acre in 1890, to the product of over 50 acres in 1906 proves that our claim to leadership in Aster Culture is well founded. Only the seed from the best plants and largest flowers is saved, the selecting being done by experts of long experience in Aster growing. That this extreme care is appreciated by our customers is shown by the following letters, which come from the North, East, South, and West:

Sarnia, Ont., January 27, 1906.

DEAR SIR:—Your Aster Seed of last year gave us great satisfaction. Would like your catalogue this year to see what new ones you have. Yours truly.

JAMES MACKLIN & SONS.

Augusta, Me., May 1, 1906.

GENTS:—I have the greatest success with your Aster Seed; they are simply immense; everybody admires them in this city when they are in bloom. Fully ninety per cent of your seed germinated. Yours truly,

WM. SMITH.

Alleville, Ala., Aug. 22, 1906.

DEAR SIRS:—No doubt you have forgotten that last March I sent you an order for Aster Seed. I want

mainly to let you know that I have been repaid tenfold and the wealth of bloom, white, rose-pink, pale pink, violet and pale lilac, have not only delighted my husband and myself, but every passer by. It is so hardy and lasting a flower. My beautiful plants will, I think, bring you more orders * * * * These have been blooming since about the middle of July, and bid fair to bloom in September.

MRS. J. W. P. OCKENDEN.

Lewiston, Idaho, Oct. 8, 1906.

DEAR SIRS:—Never have such beautiful Asters been seen in this country. Everything grew.

Sincerely yours.

GENEVIEVE VALLEUER.

Vick's "Quality" Aster Collection—Six best varieties and "How to Grow Asters" postpaid for \$1.00.
(See Colored Plate.)

How To Grow Asters

A Manual on Asters; Their Culture and Care. 24 pages of information. If you wish to grow healthy plants and large flowers, you should have a copy of this book, which treats of our own experience in Aster growing. Free with an order for Aster seed amounting to 25 cents; or 10 cts. per copy.

VICK'S UNRIVALED ASTERS

THE ASTER family is divided into numerous classes of varieties, all of which are handsome and worthy of cultivation. Asters, as a class, may be compared with Chrysanthemums; for summer and fall decorations they fill the place of this magnificent flower the best of anything we have. Our illustrations show several of the various forms. Seeds may be sown in the open ground, or started early in the spring in the house or under glass. The large-growing varieties of Asters, such as Vick's Branching, need to be set as much as eighteen inches apart, and the upright varieties, Daybreak, Purity and Victoria types, twelve inches apart in good soil, and will quite fill the space. The soil about the plants should be stirred frequently during the summer, and a vigorous growth encouraged. The dwarf varieties make beautiful border plants. To produce extra large show flowers, remove all the buds on lower portion of the plant, allowing only from five to seven buds on the main stem to remain. Annual.

VICK'S VIOLET KING

Illustration Natural Size of Flower

We sold last season 6000 packets of our new Aster Vick's Violet King to 4000 good customers, and venture to say there are 4000 good customers who will gladly join us in lauding its many good qualities. We are more satisfied with it than ever, it blooms so evenly, the flowers have such lasting qualities, and continue so late in the season; in fact it is a veritable garden gem. The habit of Vick's Violet King is similar to the popular Vick's Branching, vigorous in growth, with long stiff stems, and luxuriant foliage of the richest green. In form the flower is

Entirely Distinct

petals somewhat resemble the quilled varieties, but are much larger and broader, those in the center being fantastically twisted, curled and incurved, completely covering the crown. The bloom is round, full and very large, many of the

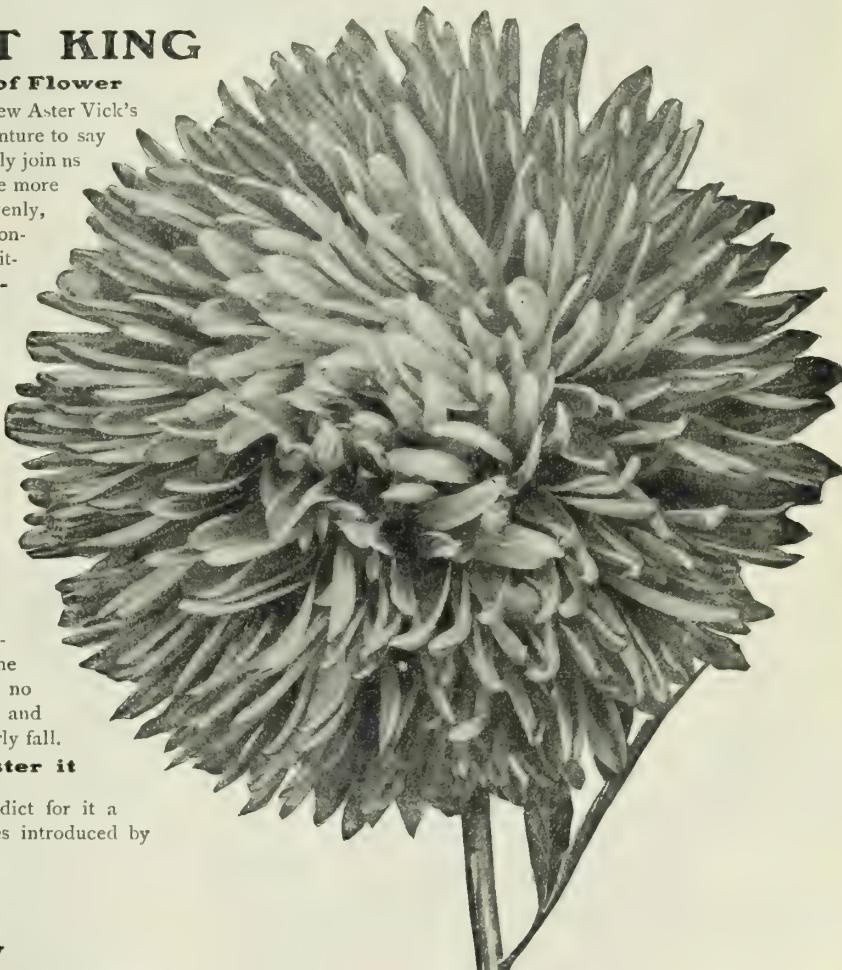
Flowers measuring from Four to Five inches in diameter.

Its color is a soft violet-lilac. This Aster is easily the peer of the grandest Chrysanthemum, with all the advantages in favor of the Aster, especially its ease of culture, since no greenhouse is required, and its continuous and prolific blooming during the summer and early fall.

To appreciate this unique Aster it must be seen

Florists who have seen this new Aster predict for it a future equal to that of other famous varieties introduced by us in the past.

Packet, 15 cents.



Vick's New Purplish-Violet Upright Aster

(Novelty.) The Upright Aster is an entirely new form of growth in the Aster family. Every one is familiar with the form and habit of the Branching Class, but this new Upright is especially interesting from the fact that the plants grow very compactly, not over eight inches in diameter, with the flower stems growing directly upwards. The flowers in both form and style resemble the Branching Aster, being symmetrical, double and full to the center, while the color (purplish-violet) is peculiarly striking. The long stems make the flower especially valuable for cutting. Blooms about the first of August. **Packet 25 cents.**

Vick's New White Upright Aster

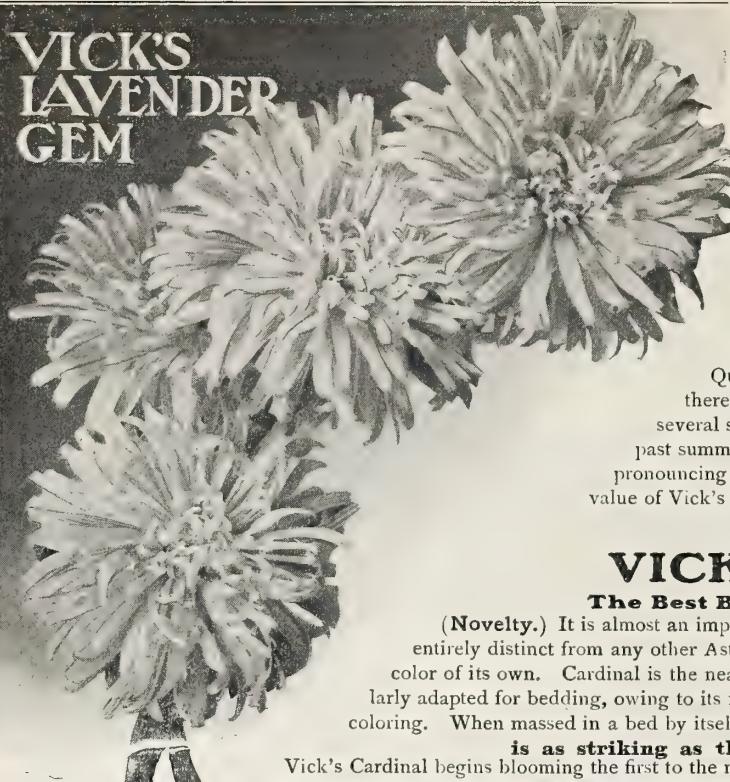
Flowers similar in size and shape to Vick's Violet Upright Aster, but the color is a clear white, and like its sister is particularly useful for cutting.

Packet 25 cents

"How to Grow Asters"

24 Pages of information on the culture and care of Asters. Price 10 cts.; or free with an order for Aster seed amounting to 25 cts.

VICK'S LAVENDER GEM



Photograph of Flowers one-half natural size.

Vick's Lavender Gem

The color of this variety is the most beautiful shade of lavender ever seen in the Aster. When first opened the flower is an exquisite lavender, deepening with age. The flower is always full double, showing no tendency to produce single or semi-double blooms. The feathery effect of the Ostrich-feathered type, to which it belongs, is enhanced by the fact that it bears a large proportion of long, partly tubular florets, that are irregularly cut and slashed, so that the flower looks like a ragged Chrysanthemum. The plant is erect and of medium height, branching close to the ground. The flowers are borne in profusion on long, slender, wiry stems. In season it comes between

Queen of the Earlies and Vick's Daybreak, and is therefore classed with the early sorts. Visitors, including several seedsmen and florists, calling at our Despatch Farm the past summer were particularly pleased with its shape and color, pronouncing it the best they had ever seen. To the florist the value of Vick's Lavender Gem can scarcely be over-estimated.

Packet 20 cents.

VICK'S CARDINAL

The Best Bedding Aster Ever Introduced

(Novelty.) It is almost an impossibility to describe the coloring of this Aster, which is entirely distinct from any other Aster on the market today; in fact it possesses a striking color of its own. Cardinal is the nearest we can come to it. This new variety is particularly adapted for bedding, owing to its free blooming qualities, (see photograph,) and brilliant coloring. When massed in a bed by itself, its deep vivid cardinal color

is as striking as the brilliant scarlet Salvia.

Vick's Cardinal begins blooming the first to the middle of August, retaining its brilliant coloring and full, well-developed flowers until late in the fall. Is excellent for cutting, either for florists or amateurs. Without a doubt, it is the most brilliant and attractive Aster ever introduced. Packet 25 cents



VICK'S NEW ASTER, CARDINAL

(PHOTOGRAPH $\frac{3}{4}$ NATURAL SIZE)

FLOWER AND PLANT OF VICK'S ROYAL PURPLE ASTER

THE FAMED VICK'S

Vick's Branching

Late Flowering. This magnificent Aster still reigns supreme. It is as favorably known among European as American growers, and every up-to-date florist has a fine stock of the flowers in his show windows just before the Chrysanthemum comes in,—in fact it is often mistaken for the Chrysanthemum, which it very much resembles. It begins blooming about August 15, and continues throughout the season. The flowers are of extraordinary size, and are borne on long, graceful stems from fifteen to twenty inches in length. The plants are extra large and of strong growth, one plant often covering a space of two and one-half feet square. It is unexcelled for cutting, and is by far the most satisfactory late Aster grown. The time of blooming can of course be regulated to some extent by sowing the seed in the house in March or April.

Snowy-white, pink, rose, crimson, purple, lavender, each 10
One packet each of the six colors for 45
Above colors mixed 10

Vick's Royal Purple Aster

(Novelty). A new strain of Vick's Branching Aster, growing about fifteen inches high. Its habit of growth is entirely distinct, the stems growing directly from the ground, and not on side shoots from the main stem like other varieties (see engraving above made from a photograph taken on our seed farm at Despatch). Nine out of every twelve flowers are sufficiently large for cutting, either for house decoration or florists use. A medium early bloomer continuing in flower until late in the fall; in fact it holds its blooms longer than any other variety we know of. The flowers are large and full to the center; petals flat and somewhat incurved; color bright purple. We consider it a great acquisition and confidently recommend it, believing it will please both our aster loving friends and florists. We expect in the near future to introduce other colors of this excellent variety.

Packet 20 cents.

BRANCHING CLASS

Vick's Branching Aster, Rosy Carmine

(Novelty.) When we introduced the famous White Branching Aster, we little thought it would be our privilege to introduce a new color nearly every year, but such has been the case and this year is no exception.

This new and distinct novelty in the Branching Aster family possesses all the good qualities of its parent. In our opinion, it is one of the best colors for cutting we have ever introduced. The time of blooming is close to that of the other Branching Asters, while the size and beauty of the flower fully sustains the high reputation of the family. A vase on the table will light up the whole surroundings, or in a florist's window will attract the attention of every lover of a beautiful flower. Leading florists in New York, Pittsburg and Cincinnati, who have received samples of the cut blooms, pronounce it a color that will be popular with florists.

Packet 25 cents.

Seample's Pink Branching

The flowers are very large and the color is an exquisite shade of bright pink. Stems long and stiff.

Price 10 cents.

VICK'S EARLY SNOWDRIFT

Is certainly the Earliest Aster in cultivation

being a few days in advance of Queen of the Earlies, while the flower is not surpassed in beauty by any of the later varieties. The leaves are narrow and sparse, and the branches spring from close to the ground. The entire energy of the plant seems given to the production of twelve to twenty long, slender, upright stems, crowned with immense feathery flowers. The long, recurved petals give the flowers an exceedingly graceful effect, heightened in many cases by the ragged, irregular character of the petals in the center of the flower. The type is well established, the flowers all coming perfectly double 25

Vick's Imperial Asters

Vick's Daybreak

This beautiful Aster is one of those rare gems that have come to stay; no private garden is complete without it and for florist's use it is unsurpassed. The flowers are round as a ball, very large and full, on long stems; the color a lovely sea-shell pink. The plant flowers very early, and is a continuous free bloomer, a compact strong grower, and in all respects a desirable addition.

Packet 10 cents.

Vick's Purity

is the handmaid to Vick's Daybreak, being identical with it in form and habit, but the blooms are pure white. A finer combination of color cannot well be imagined than the massing together of these two beauties, either in bouquet groups or for decorative design. The plant is an early free bloomer, like its companion.

Packet 15 cents.

Vick's Sunset (Novelty.)

Since the introduction of Vick's Daybreak and its sister, Vick's Purity, which in popularity have far surpassed our highest expectations, we have been striving to produce new colors in the same class, and at last our efforts have been rewarded with success. This year we are pleased to introduce an additional color in the Imperial class, an extremely delicate shade of light pink, shading to a deep, rich pink in the center, making a most charming addition to this valuable class, not only on account of the color, but the time of blooming, which is several days earlier than Daybreak. The habit of the plant is identical with Daybreak and Purity, while the magnificent globe-shaped flowers are borne on long stems, and in the greatest profusion.

Packet 25 cents.

BALL OR JEWEL

A beautiful class, selected from the well-known Peony Perfection race, somewhat dwarfer in habit than the latter, with shorter florets; flowers round as a ball. Mixed 10

BOLTZE'S DWARF BOUQUET

Each plant looks like a bouquet of flowers. Fine for edgings or small beds. About twelve different colors mixed 10

CHRYSANTHEMUM-FLOWERED

A desirable class, one foot high. Late, and valuable on this account, as well as for its great beauty. Mixed colors, or white, rose, fiery scarlet, light blue, each 10

QUILLED GERMAN

A showy class, from one and a half to two feet high, with quilled flowers and branching habit. Mixed colors 5

COCARDEAU, OR CROWN

Two-colored blooms, the central florets pure white, sometimes small and quilled, surrounded with large flat florets of a bright color. Plant eighteen inches high. Mixed colors 10

LADY ASTER

The distinguishing features of this Aster are its profusion of bloom and the distinctness of its foliage. The leaves are long and narrow, light green in color. The plant is light and graceful in habit, and bears from forty to sixty buds, which develop gradually, affording a prolonged season of bloom. The small flowers are very double, semi-globular, about an inch and a half in diameter, produced on slender stiff stems, and are excellent for floral design work. Mixed colors 10

LARGE-FLOWERED ROSE

One of the very best. Two feet in height; robust. Flowers large, finely imbricated, and of great substance. Mixed colors 10



VICK'S BRANCHING WHITE ASTER

OSTRICH PLUME

A class with pure white and rose-colored flowers similar to Giant Comet, but with longer petals and the plants more free-blooming. Each color 10

QUEEN OF THE EARLIES, or Earliest Paris

An improved strain of our own growing; fully three weeks earlier than any other variety. Should be cultivated by every up-to-date florist. 10

QUEEN OF THE MARKET

This variety is two weeks earlier than most other sorts. Plants dwarf and branching; flowers quite double; valuable for cutting. White, rose, crimson, light blue, dark blue, and all colors mixed; each 10

TRUFFAUT'S PEONY-FLOWERED PERFECTION

A standard Aster, two feet in height, blooming very freely; the flowers are large, very double, peony-like, the floret mostly incurved. The colors range from pure white to light blue, violet, crimson, rose, and scarlet, each 10
Amethyst. A superb new color in the Peony-flowered race. Flowers white at first, changing with age to a beautiful amethyst. 10
 Mixed colors 10

VICTORIA

One of the finest. Two feet high; habit pyramidal; flowers large; having, with one or two exceptions, the greatest range of colors of any of the Asters.

White. Peach-blossom. Crimson. Light Blue.
 Light Yellow. Rose and White. Dark Crimson. Dark Blue and White
 Apple-blossom. Carmine Rose. Dark Scarlet. Violet.

One packet each of the above twelve varieties 85 cts.

Separate colors, each 10
 Mixed colors 10

DWARF VICTORIA

The finest class of Half-Dwarf Asters, and the best for pots. For size, color, and profusion of bloom it is unsurpassed. Mixed colors, or dark scarlet, white, rose, dark crimson, light blue, rosy lilac, apple-blossom, peach-blossom; each 10

MIXED ASTERS

Tall varieties mixed, ounce, \$1.50 5
 Dwarf varieties mixed, ounce, \$1.50 5



ASTER, VICK'S MIKADO

Vick's Comet Asters

Vick's Mikado

A novelty of sterling merit. The flowers of this beautiful new white variety are immense, measuring four and a half to five inches in diameter, with curled and twisted petals, resembling huge Chrysanthemums, and are borne on long, stiff stems. The blooming season is most opportune, coming between the Extra Earlies and the late Branching sorts, thus enabling the Aster grower to have a fine display from mid-summer till heavy frosts. Plants grow from eighteen inches to two feet high.

Packet, 25 cents.

Empress Frederick

This superb new variety grows from fifteen to eighteen inches high, bearing pure white flowers, from four to five inches across, of a perfect comet shape. The plant is very sturdy and vigorous in growth, making it an ideal sort for pot culture.

Packet, 15 cents.

Giant Comet

A superb class, differing from others in its long, wavy, twisted florets, which are formed into a head three and one-half to four and one-half inches across. One of the most perfect of Asters, and should be included in every collection.

Separate colors, white, rose, crimson, light yellow, lilac and white, dark violet, rose and white, light blue, azure blue and white, white passing to light blue; the Bride, white passing to rose; any three for 25 cents; each 10
Mixed colors 10

Hohenzollern

New. Of the large-flowering, branching Comet type. Flowers four to six inches across. Two colors—rose and white—each 20

Vick's "Quality" Aster Collection

Six of our latest introductions, and a copy of "How to Grow Asters." (See colored plate.)

Vick's Sunset	25 cents
Vick's Cardinal	25 cents
Vick's Violet King	15 cents
Vick's Lavender Gem	20 cents
Vick's Mikado	25 cents
Vick's Royal Purple	20 cents
"How to Grow Asters"	10 cents

All for \$1.00 by mail postpaid.

AGERATUM

The Ageratum is interesting on account of its neat, bushy habit, and its pretty, brush-like flowers, which are produced in clusters constantly all through the summer. Seeds may be sown in a mellow seedbed in the open ground, or under glass early in the season. The plants serve well in carpet bedding or as a border. Annual.

Grandiflorum album. A large-flowering pure white variety. The plant is of medium height and vigorous growth, and has luxuriant green foliage, above which the relatively large flowers of beautiful shape are gracefully upheld by long stalks

5

Conspicuum. Fine white, 18 inches

5

Lasseauxii. Compact plant; flowers pink; 18 inches

5

Swanley Blue. A fine, large-flowering dwarf variety; flowers deep blue

5

Little Dorrit. Six inches high and one foot through, covered with a mass of azure blue flowers

5

Little Dorrit White. Same as above, except in color of flower

5

Blue Perfection. A new and splendid dwarf dark blue bedding variety, the darkest of all blue Ageratums that can be grown from seed

5

Princess Victoria Louise. A beautiful Tom Thumb variety, differing from all others by its beautifully colored flowers, being bright blue, with white center, the contrast being really exquisite

5

Mixed varieties

5

AMARANTUS

Our warm summers suit admirably the varieties of Amarantus cultivated for ornament. These are plants which are striking on account of their foliage or peculiar mode of bloom. In rich ground the plants and leaves are of large size, but the coloring is apt to be less bright. The seed can be sown in the house, in a hotbed, a coldframe, or in a seedbed in the garden, and the plants transplanted into place; or the seeds can be sown where the plants are to stand, if the soil is fine and the spots protected. They should be given sufficient space to develop on all sides. Fine in borders of tall plants, or for center of large beds. Annual.

Atropurpureus. A fine variety with blood-red foliage and racemes of flowers in erect masses 5

Caudatus (Love Lies Bleeding.) Long drooping "chains" of flowers

Pretty for decorating. Three feet high 5

Henderi. Foliage beautifully variegated. Two feet. Should be in every collection 5

Sunrise. The most brilliant of the family. Top of plant brilliant crimson, the lower leaves dark maroon. Four feet 10

Tricolor (Joseph's Coat). Red, yellow, and green foliage. Two feet 5

All varieties mixed 5

At these Prices we prepay Postage or Express charges, unless otherwise noted



BED OF SWEET ALYSSUM

ALYSSUM

Every garden should have plenty of Sweet Alyssum; its small white flowers, borne in great profusion, are delicately fragrant and valuable for cutting. It is a good basket and pot plant, and valuable for carpet bedding. In the border sow thickly, so as to make a mass. It is desirable to sow the seeds early in spring, or even in the previous autumn. To prepare a basket for winter blooming, sow the seeds about the last of August. If the plants come up thickly, thin them out; a dozen plants are enough for a good-sized basket. When out of bloom cut back, and they will produce another crop of flowers.

Sweet.	Hardy annual. Flowers small and sweet. Ounce, 25 cents	5
Benthami compactum (Little Gem).	A dwarf, compact, annual variety, not over six inches high, bearing its pure white fragrant flowers in the greatest profusion during the entire summer. Ounce, 50 cents	5
Carpet of Snow.	Only two or three inches high. A profuse bloomer, showing as many as 300 heads of snow-white flowers at one time on one plant. Annual	10
Saxatile compactum.	Perennial, ten inches high, compact habit, golden yellow flowers. The popular name is Gold Dust	5

ANTIRRHINUM SNAPDRAGON

These showy, half-hardy perennials are usually treated as annuals. They grow two to three feet high, and are covered with bloom. They are easily raised from seed sown early in spring in warm dry soil. If the plants are not weakened by blooming too much the first year, they will stand over winter. In poor dry soil they will bloom best and last longest. A few leaves scattered over the plants will give a little protection in winter. To produce good flowering branches for the second season, cut back a number of the branches in mid-summer about one-half or two-thirds; then new shoots will start out, which will be ready to bloom the following season.

Brilliant, scarlet and yellow. **Carnation Striped**, irregularly striped. **Firefly**, orange and scarlet, with white throat. **Galathe**, crimson, throat white. **Luteum**, yellow. **Papilionaceum**, blood-red, throat white. **White**. Seven varieties, each

One packet each of the above seven varieties for 25 cents.

Fine Mixed. Ounce, 50 cents

New Giant-Flowered. Fine flowers double the size of ordinary sorts, of a rich velvety texture. **Bright Crimson**; **Brilliant**; **Chamois**; **Deep Scarlet**; **Firefly**; **Galathe**; **Yellow**; **Rose**; **Striped**; **White**; each

One packet each of the above ten varieties for 70 cents; or any six for 45 cents.

Extra Fine Giant-flowered Mixed

Tom Thumb. Very pretty dwarf plants, about six inches high, and of the usual colors described above. **Mixed colors**



ASPERULA

Aurea setosa. A charming, profuse blooming hardy little annual, bearing clusters of fragrant sky-blue flowers, admirably adapted for bouquet-making. One foot

Odorata. A perennial of delightful fragrance; it is the Mayflower of the Germans, being used in their Maitrank or May wine. The flowers are pure white, and the whole plant is often dried and preserved for its perfume. If kept among clothes it imparts an agreeable odor to them. Six inches .

ALLEGHANY VINE

Adiumia cirrhosa. Sometimes called Wood Fringe, Mountain Fringe, or Climbing Fumitory. This graceful hardy climber deserves a place in every garden. Its delicate feathery foliage somewhat resembles that of the Maiden-Hair Fern, and its panicles of drooping flesh-colored flowers completely cover the plant. For covering trellises, tree stumps, etc., it is very desirable. It is biennial, but re-sows itself, and when once established will remain for years. Sow seed in the spring, in a cool damp place, and transplant in autumn. 10

ADONIS—PHEASANT'S EYE

Aestivalis. *Flos Adonis*, or Pheasant's Eye, has finely-cut foliage and brilliant scarlet flowers. It will do well in partial shade, and may be used to advantage in any corner of the garden. Twelve to eighteen inches in height. It blooms in early summer. Annual

Vernalis. A handsome perennial border plant, about a foot in height. Prefers a light soil. Flowers yellow

AQUILEGIA

Aquilegias are probably known better as Columbines. Thrive well with ordinary garden culture, but are quite at home under the spray of a fountain or by the water side. The plants are perfectly hardy and form large clumps from one to two feet in diameter, and produce a large number of flowers early in spring. Seeds may be sown in open ground. Plants can be increased by division of root. Perennial.

Carnation or Striped. White, with red stripes; double. Eighteen inches .

Chrysanthia. A beautiful, large-flowered, canary-yellow variety. Excellent.

Three feet

Skinneri. Very beautiful. Colors scarlet and yellow. Two feet

Cœrulea. Flowers large; sky-blue and white

Glandulosa vera. Large, erect, dark blue flowers; pure white corolla .

New Large-Flowering Hybrids.

Large yellow, with orange spurs

Sulphur yellow, with blue spurs

Mixed varieties, single or double, each



BALLOON VINE—Cardiospermum

Love-in-a-Puff. A pretty rapid-growing summer climber, with small white flowers, followed by curious inflated seed-vessels. Thrives in light soils. Sometimes grown in pots on verandas, etc. Annual

BARTONIA AUREA

Golden Bartonia. In our opinion this is one of our brightest garden flowers and we recommend everyone of our customers to try it. Its large and exceedingly brilliant glossy yellow blossoms are thrown well above its gray thistle-like foliage, and are produced in great profusion all summer, and remain in perfection until destroyed by severe frost in autumn. Light frosts do not affect it. Fine for masses or as single plants in borders. Seed should be sown where the plants are to stand, as it does not bear transplanting. Annual. Two feet

BRACHYCOME

Swan River Daisy. A charming flower in white and blue varieties. The plants grow about twelve inches in height and bloom freely. They make elegant border plants, either in separate colors or mixed. The flowers are fine for cutting, and the neat slender foliage is well adapted for bouquet making. Annual. Seed may be sown in the open border after the weather is warm, or in the house earlier. Blue, white, or mixed, each

BALSAM

The garden Balsam, or Lady's Slipper, is one of the most beautiful and most popular of our tender annuals. It is a native of India, and likes a bright sun and warm weather. The seed should be sown in the house, the hotbed, coldframe, or in a warm, sheltered spot in light soil in the garden, after the ground has become warm. The seeds germinate quickly, and young plants make a rapid growth. When they are an inch or two high, transplant the seedlings four or five inches apart, so that they may have light and air on all sides, and by the time they are about four inches high transplant to their permanent place. Set the plants at least a foot apart, in well enriched soil. Two feet high.

Improved Camellia-flowered, New White Perfection 10
 Improved Camellia-flowered. The flowers are very large, and extra double. A superb strain. Mixed colors 10
 Camellia-flowered Deep Blood Red. Very double. Extra fine 10
 Camellia-flowered White. Double 10
 Camellia-flowered Spotted. Very double flower, spotted with white.

Mixed colors 10
 Camellia or Rose-flowered. Very double. Perfect form. Mixed colors 10
 Carnation. Double; striped like the Carnation 10
 Solferino. White, striped and spotted with red 10
 Common Double. Occasionally only semi-double. Ounce 40 cents 5
 This set of four, — Camellia-flowered White, Deep Blood Red, Spotted, and Carnation Striped,—for 30 cents.

CANNA

The Cannas are perennials, but will bloom the first year if seed be sown early. Seeds should be soaked for twenty-four hours in warm water before sowing.

Crozy's New Hybrids, saved by Mr. Crozy from the handsomest of his new introductions. These new Cannas are the most gorgeous bedding plants we have. Most of them are dwarf in habit, early bloomers, and remarkable both for beauty and size of flower and foliage. If seeds be sown before April in hotbed or greenhouse, the plants will bloom in July, and continue until frost. These plants may be potted in the fall and kept blooming through the winter, or the roots may be taken up in late fall and kept over like Dahlias and re-planted in the following spring. Mixed varieties 10

Madame Crozy. Brilliant vermillion-scarlet, bordered with deep golden yellow 10

Alphonse Bouvier. Brilliant crimson, foliage green 10

President Faivre. Fine dwarf, dark-leaved variety 10

Queen Charlotte. Crimson-scarlet, bordered with gold 10

Jules Cretien. Yellow, splashed with orange 10

Mixed Tall Varieties of the old types. Among these are many fine colors not represented in the newer sorts. Ounce, 20 cents 5

Dark-leaved varieties mixed, ounce 40 cents 10

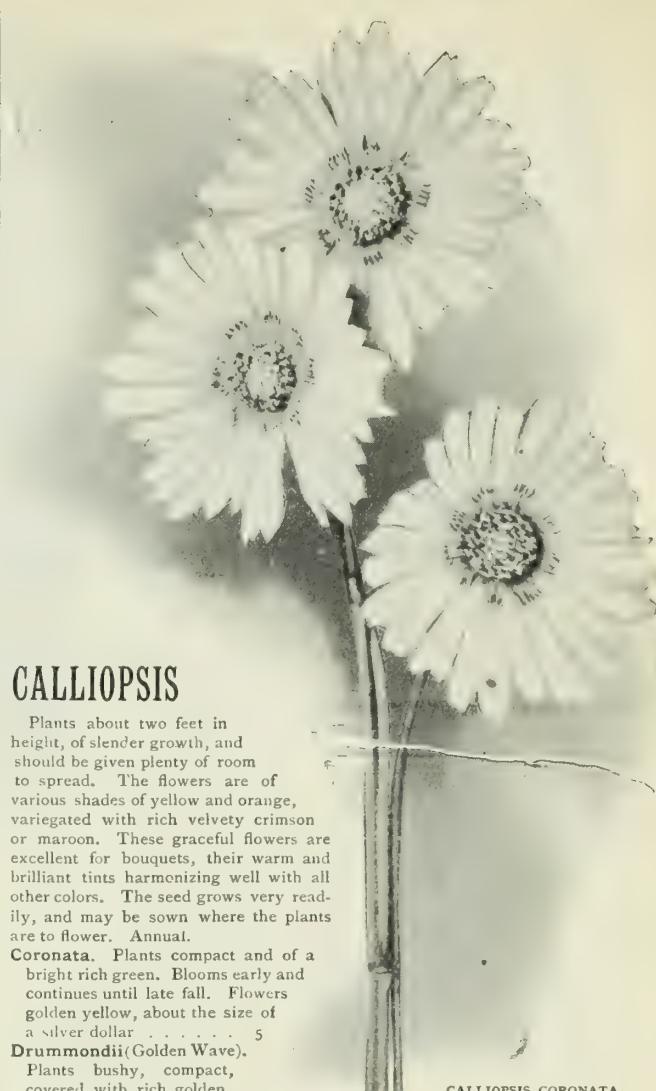
COBEEA SCANDENS

One of the most beautiful annual climbers, of rapid growth, with fine foliage flowers bell-shaped, almost $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches across and two inches long. In good soil the stems often grow twenty or thirty feet long and cover a large surface. Plants begin flowering when quite young. Put the seed in barely moist earth, edge down, and merely cover with light soil. Do not water until the plants appear, unless the soil is very dry.

Purple 10 **White** 10



DOUBLE BALSAM



CALLIOPSIS CORONATA

TOM THUMB VARIETIES.
 The Tom Thumb varieties are admirable for edgings or pots.

Golden King. Fine for cutting. 10 **Bicolor**. Yellow, dark brown center 5
Atrosanguinea. Dark crimson 5 **Tom Thumb Varieties Mixed** 5

COREOPSIS

Grandiflora. One of the best hardy perennials. Very free-flowering. The large, showy, golden yellow flowers are borne on long stems, and will last a week or more when cut, making them very desirable for that purpose. Will grow anywhere. Two to three feet 10

Lanceolata. Similar to the above. Used extensively for cut flowers 10

CALENDULA

The well-known Pot Marigold, valued for flavoring soups and stews. Flowers are dried in fall and kept in paper bags for use. In mild climates this plant will bloom nearly all the year round, and make a fine show in the flower-garden. Seeds can be sown in early spring in open ground. Hardy annual. About one foot in height.

Double Sulphur. Flowers very large and double. Color light lemon-yellow 5
Meteor. Handsome, double, and beautifully striped, the petals having a creamy center edged with orange-yellow 5

Orange Giant. The finest large-flowered orange. Very double 5

Pure Gold. Flowers golden yellow, extra large and very double 5

Prince of Orange. Fine orange. Double 5

Mixed Varieties 5

CAMPANULA

The well-known popular, large bell-shaped flower, known everywhere as Canterbury Bell, is a biennial Campanula. There are double varieties of every color, but, though curious, are not really as beautiful as the old single bell; they lose that light transparent grace that is so attractive in a flower.

Medium (Canterbury Bell). Flowers large. Plants two feet high. Biennial.

Single varieties mixed 5

Double varieties mixed 5

Calycanthema (Cup and Saucer.) Beautiful flowers, three inches long, saucer three inches across. Plants form pyramids of bloom about two feet high, and frequently bear 150 blossoms for weeks during the early summer. 5

Carpatica. Hardy perennial, six inches high, blooming the whole season. White and blue, mixed 5

Pyramidalis. A grand hardy perennial species, known as the Chimney Bellflower. Plants three feet high, of pyramidal form, bearing hundreds of beautiful cup-shaped flowers. Suitable for the garden or pots. Blue and white, mixed 5

Grandiflora (Platycodon). Hardy perennial, producing large broad bell-shaped, showy, deep blue flowers, during the whole season. Very desirable for planting in permanent borders or among shrubbery 10

CANDYTUFT

Candytufts have long been among the most highly prized of garden annuals. The best effect is produced by raising the plants in masses, the seeds being sown where the plants are to bloom. Sow in rows six to eight inches apart, and thin out the plants so that those remaining will have plenty of room. The soil should be rich, and when blooming time comes keep the plants well watered especially if it be a dry time.

Purple, White Rocket, Sweet-scented, Flesh, Extra
Dark Crimson, each, ounce, 30 cents 5

New Carmine. True to color 10

One packet each of the above six varieties for 25 cents.

Mixed colors of above six varieties, ounce, 20 cents 5

Empress. A pure white variety, of large size, and the finest in cultivation. Strong, free grower, producing large trusses of flowers, on candelabra-formed branches; individual flowers of large size. After devoting several years to selecting and saving seed from only the most perfect flowers, we have succeeded in procuring an extra fine strain of this grand variety. Ounce, 50 cents 10

Dwarf Hybrids. Six inches high, bloom the entire season, fine for edgings. Mixed colors 10

CANDYTUFT, HARDY

Handsome, hardy perennial plants, well adapted for permanent borders or clumps. Valuable for early decorating.

Iberis sempervirens. White, one foot 10

Gibraltarica. Large, showy flowers; lilac, shading to white. One to two feet in height 10

COSMOS

A strong grower, having elegant foliage, and for fall blooming has no superior. Seed sown in the house or hotbed in March or early in April, and the young seedlings transplanted to the open ground as soon as the weather is warm, will produce plants three to five feet high by September, which thereafter, and until November, will yield hundreds of blossoms three inches across. The flowers are of various shades from pure white to purplish crimson. Both foliage and flowers are unsurpassed for bouquets and vases. Annual.

Mammoth Perfection. A vast improvement over the old sort; flowers double the size, the petals being broader and over-lapping, forming a perfectly round flower. Fine for cutting for bouquets and vases, keeping several days in water, and lasting out doors until cut down by frosts. The foliage is one mass of feathery emerald green. If grown in pots and housed by the end of September, they will flower all winter. Pure White, Pink, Crimson, each 10

Mammoth Perfection Mixed. 10 Fine Mixed 5

Dawn, New Early Dwarf, Large-Flowering. More bushy and compact than the older varieties, and grows only about four feet, while all others attain a height of six to seven feet. The flowers are fully as large as those of the old sort, pure white, with a tinge of rose. They commence to bloom in July and last until frost 10

CATCHFLY. *Silene Armeria.* A bright-colored, free-flowering annual, grown largely for spring flower-gardening. Suitable for rock-work or open border. Succeeds in a light, loamy soil. Red, white, and rose, mixed 5



CANDYTUFT, EMPRESS

COCKSCOMB—CELOSIA

Celosias are interesting and brilliant annuals, and when well grown from seed of good quality never fail to please the grower and attract attention. There are two desirable forms of the Celosia, the Cockscomb and the Feathered. There are several colors, red, orange, and yellow, but the bright reds are the best. These combs are often grown a foot or more across the top.

COCKSCOMB.

Crimson Giant. One of the largest and brightest Cockscombs 10

Glasgow Prize. Fine dwarf. Dark leaves and crimson comb 10

All-a-Glow. A magnificent large-headed dwarf Cockscomb. Ruffled combs, scarlet edged, with depths of glowing orange-scarlet 25

Dwarf varieties mixed. 10

Tall varieties mixed. 10

FEATHERED CELOSIA

The Feathered Celosias have feathery plumes of great size and beauty. The following are the best of this class in cultivation, and come true from seed.

Superba plumosa. Superb feathered, bright crimson 5

Thompson's Superb Feathered. Splendid. One of the best of the late introductions 10

Golden Plume. Bright golden yellow. Habit pyramidal 5

Mixed colors. 5

CYPRESS VINE

Ipomoea Quamoclit. This delicate and symmetrical climber, with its dark green feathery foliage, is one of the most graceful and beautiful of garden vines. For training upon a light trellis it is unexcelled. Its scarlet or white flowers are produced in profusion, and its finely-cut foliage is well adapted to ornamental work. When plants are set in rich soil, where they are to grow, they will reach a height of ten feet; or, if planted thick, they will soon make a screen of the most exquisite foliage and flowers. Soak the seeds over night in warm water before sowing. Scarlet, White, or mixed, each, per ounce, 25 cents. 5

CENTAUREA

The following Centaureas are perfectly hardy annuals, of easy culture, and are general favorites both for the garden and for cut-flowers. Seed should be sown early where plants are desired to bloom. Plants should stand one foot or more apart each way.

Cyanus (Bachelor's Button, Corn Bottle, and Ragged Sailor, known in Germany as the Kaiser Blumen and Corn Flower). Blooms in almost any situation. Eighteen inches to two feet. Various colors mixed	5
Emperor William. Fine dark blue.	5
Pure White	5
Victoria Dwarf Compact. A charming miniature variety. Fine for pots and edgings	10
Americana. Lilac-purple. The largest flowering of the Centaureas. Plants two feet high. Flowers sometimes four inches in diameter; handsome	10
Suaveolens. (Yellow Sweet Sultan). Bright sulphur yellow; very fragrant. Blooms all summer. Splendid for bouquets. Eighteen inches	5

LARGE-FLOWERED SWEET SULTANS

These mammoth new varieties are great improvements on the old Sweet Sultans. They are as easily cultivated, and succeed everywhere. The flowers are two to four inches across, of graceful form, and of the sweetest fragrance. Being on long, stiff stems, they are admirably adapted for bouquets, vases, etc., and are splendid as corsage flowers. They will keep in good condition a week after being cut.

Odorata. Light blue. Two feet in height.

10

Chameleon. Sulphur-yellow, changing to creamy white, and again to pink. Two feet

10

Marguerita. Pure satin white. Two feet

10

Imperialis. A new strain of Giant-flowering Sweet Sultan, and the finest of all for cut flowers. Blooms continuously from summer till autumn. The flowers are of various colors, from glistening white, through shades of pink, lilac, crimson, and violet, to purple. Very fragrant. Plant vigorous, nearly four feet high, and covered with enormous flowers on very long stems. Mixed colors

10

SILVER-LEAVED CENTAUREAS--DUSTY MILLERS.

These are white-leaved perennial varieties, much used for ribbon-borders and edgings of beds, not being allowed to bloom. Succeed anywhere.

Candidissima. Entire plant silvery-white. Leaves much divided.

Flowers purple.

10

Clementei. Entire plant densely white-woolly. Leaves broadly cut.

Flowers yellow.

10

Gymnocarpa. Whole plant velvety-white. Leaves silver-gray, finely divided. Flowers rose-violet.

10



LARGE-FLOWERED SWEET SULTANS

CHRYSANTHEMUMS

The glorious and showy autumn-blooming Chrysanthemums, so much admired and cultivated, have their relatives among summer annuals, which are easily raised from seed. There are many very elegant flowers among these annual varieties that would be quite a surprise to those who know the Chrysanthemum only by the late introductions. They are free-blooming, showy border plants, and the flowers are very desirable for cutting. Seeds can be sown in the open seedbed, or where the plants are to stand, provided the plants are thinned out to eight or twelve inches apart. A little shade, or shade in the after part of the day, is desirable for them. Pinch them back until July 15th, to make them grow branching and stocky.

ANNUAL VARIETIES

Golden Feather. Plants semi-dwarf, with yellow foliage. Mixed colors 5

Single varieties. Mixed colors

Double White, Double Yellow, and Double Mixed, each

5

PERENNIAL VARIETIES

Seed of Perennial Chrysanthemums should be sown in February or March, in the house. If slightly covered, and placed in a warm temperature, they will soon germinate. If the seedlings are pricked off at once into pots and placed near the glass, good plants will soon be obtained. By the middle of May they may be planted out of doors. For after treatment see Plant Department.

Marguerite, or Paris Daisy. Elegant bushy plant, one to two feet high. Blooms all summer in the garden, and fine for winter flowering.

Flowers white, star-shaped

Greenhouse varieties. Mixed seeds selected from a choice collection

25

ESCHSCHOLTZIA

California Poppy. This is California's chosen State Flower. The plants grow to about a foot in height; the leaves are of a grayish green color, finely cut and divided. The large, handsome flowers, two inches or more in diameter, are produced in great profusion all summer. Seeds can be sown where the plants are to bloom.

Cross of Malta. Foliage silver-gray; flowers bright yellow, with a broad, dark orange cross in the shape of the Cross of Malta.

5

Mandarin. Inner side of petals a rich orange, the outside scarlet-orange.

5

Golden West. A beautiful variety; color light orange-yellow

10

Californica canaliculata rosea. A beautiful novelty. The rosy petals are delicately fluted with tiny folds radiating from the center, and richly adorned with a soft primrose-yellow hue

10

Rose Cardinal. A charming variety, producing freely large intense carmine flowers

10

One packet each of the three finest varieties, Golden West, Californica canaliculata rosea, and Rose Cardinal, 25 cents.

Orange, Yellow, and White, single, separate colors, each

5

Single varieties mixed

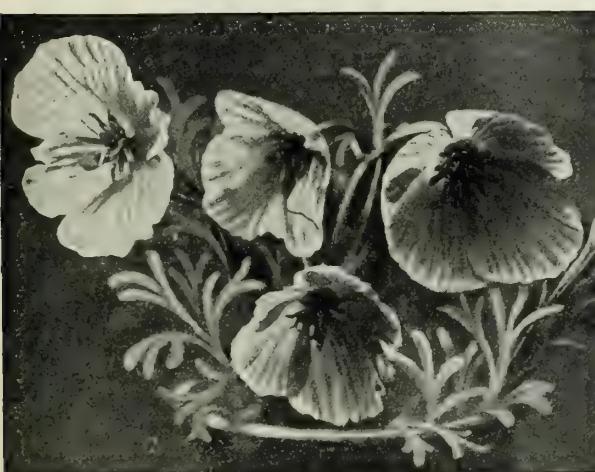
5

Double Orange, and Double White, each

5

Double varieties mixed

5



ESCHSCHOLTZIA CALIFORNICA CANALICULATA ROSEA

DIANTHUS

CHINESE AND JAPANESE PINKS

The varieties of Dianthus known as Chinese Pinks and Japanese Pinks are among the most brilliant of our garden flowers, and are worthy of particular care. The plants are from twelve to fifteen inches in height. Seeds can be sown under glass in the spring, or in an open, sheltered bed. The young plants are easily transplanted, and should be set from eight to twelve inches apart. Bloom the first summer, and also the second if the flowers are freely picked during the season, and the plants are protected in the winter.

CHINESE OR INDIAN PINK.

Best double varieties mixed, ounce, 50 cents 5

DOUBLE IMPERIAL PINK.

White and Red Striped; White and Purple Striped;
Blood Red; White; each 5

Set of Four for 15 cents.

All Colors mixed 5

HEDDEWIGII—Single.

A beautiful strain of Japan Pink. The flowers are large and exquisitely colored in pink, rose, purple, maroon, and white, with occasional patterns of black and white; the petals finely fringed.

Crimson Belle. Brilliant dark red; very handsome . . . 5

Eastern Queen. An exquisite rose color 5

All Colors mixed 5

HEDDEWIGII—Double.

The rich color patterns are similar to those of the single varieties, but the flowers are very double.

Mourning Cloak. Rich blackish crimson, tipped and fringed with snowy white. Large and handsome 5

White. Large double flowers 5

Diadem Pink. One of the most marked of the Heddewigii varieties. Brilliant markings and dazzling colors.

Mixed 5

All Colors mixed 5

LACINIATUS.

Flowers deeply fringed, both single and double, and of very choice colors.

Salmon Queen. A very distinct tint; the most brilliant salmon color imaginable, changing into a rosy salmon.
Single and double mixed 10

Sanguineus, blood-red 5

Single, all Colors mixed 5 **Double, all Colors mixed** 5

Hedgewigii and Laciniatus, both double and single, mixed 5

Special Mixture of Annual Varieties 5

CARNATION PINK

Seed may be sown under glass in the spring, or in the open ground, and the second summer the plants will flower. Young plants are perfectly hardy; but when old they are injured in the winter. A succession of young plants should be procured, either from seeds or from layers, every year. Perennial.

Early-Flowering Dwarf Vienna. An excellent class for borders and other outdoor uses. Fine mixed 15

Pure White. Very fine 15

Earliest French. (Chabaud Carnation.) Combines the perfection of flowers of the perennials with the earliness of the Marguerite 25

Grenadin. Double scarlet. Dwarf and compact. Very early 15

Extra Choice German Seed. Mixed varieties 20

Choicest, Picotee, with white ground 50

Choicest, Picotee, with yellow ground 50

Extra Italian Seed, saved from prize flowers only 50

PERPETUAL-FLOWERING CARNATIONS.

Marguerite, Early-Flowering. This class excels in all respects. It is the most profuse bloomer of any of the "Pinks." Exquisite in color, showing beautiful shades in white, red, pink, variegated, etc. Large size, perfect form, dwarf habit, compact and robust; flowers in a few weeks from seed. They can be potted and taken into the house and will flower abundantly throughout the winter.

White, nearly true from seed. Extra fine 10

Mixed varieties, extra fine 10

New Giant Large-Flowering Marguerite or Mal-maison. A new large-flowering strain, same as above Marguerites, but with flowers much larger.

Pure Yellow 25

Yellow Ground varieties 25

Mixed Varieties, splendid 25



HARDY PINKS

All of these varieties have large, brilliantly colored, and handsomely marked flowers. The plants are of easy culture, blooming freely and for a long time. **Dianthus plumarius**, (Pheasant's Eye, or June Pink, sometimes called Grass Pink). Fine for massing. Closely related to the Carnation, but smaller flowers and more hardy. Flowers beautiful and fragrant. Perennial. Plants are hardy until they become old. It is best to keep a few young plants coming on. **Single varieties mixed** 5

Plumarius, Pheasant's Eye, or June Pink. Double 10

Cyclops Pink. New variety of Scotch Pink, producing an entirely new series of colors of exquisite beauty, enlivened by a large eye of velvety blood red. Has a sweet clove-like perfume. Single 10

Semperflorens. Florist's Perpetual Pink. Very sweet-scented, double and single flowers. Great diversity of colors 25

DATURA

Large, strong-growing plants, with large, trumpet-shaped flowers. Roots can be preserved in the cellar like Dahlias. Three feet in height.

Wrightii. The best single variety; white, tinged with lilac, sweet-scented 5

Double varieties mixed 5

DOUBLE DAISY

Sow the seed very early. The flowers are abundant in early spring, and may be continued later by the use of water. Plants can be removed safely even when in flower. Set about six inches apart in a cool border. Perennial.

Best German Seed, mixed colors 10

White, Constant 10

Longfellow. Large, rose-colored flowers 10

Snowball. Of all Daisies grown from seed this is decidedly the best.

Unusually large type; perfectly double and pure white, having long stiff stems. Valuable for cutting for bouquets 15

THE GOURD FAMILY

The following plants are prized for their rapid growth and their odd-shaped and highly-colored fruits. They are very useful for covering arbors, old fences, stumps, etc.

Dish-rag, or Sponge.	When ripe the inside resembles fibrous cloth, and is used for bathing, scouring, etc.	5
Balsam Apple and Balsam Pear	have ornamental foliage. When ripe the golden yellow fruit opens, displaying the carmine interior. Each	5
Benincasa cerifera.	Pretty wax gourd	5
Serpent Gourd		5
Abobora viridiflora.	Beautiful climber, with delicate foliage, and oval, scarlet fruit.	5
Bryonosia laciniata.	Foliage elegant; fruit scarlet, striped with white	5
Cucumis odoratissimum.	Fruit orange-yellow, fragrant	5
Coccinea Indica.	Handsome, glossy foliage, and scarlet fruit	5
Echinocystis lobata.	Wild Cucumber. A fast-growing climber, running 30 feet in a season. White fragrant flowers, prickly seed pods.	5

One packet of each of the above ten varieties for 35 cents.

The following are some of the most valuable of the common varieties. The fruits, when allowed to ripen, can be kept for years.

Hercules' Club.	Large, long, club-shaped	5
Pear-formed.	Yellow and green cream striped	5
Gooseberry.	Small, bright green	5
Egg-formed.	Nest Egg Gourd	5
Mixed.	per ounce, 30 cents	

One packet of each of the above eight varieties for 30 cents.

Mixed, per ounce, 30 cents



ORNAMENTAL GOURDS

DIGITALIS—Foxglove

The Foxgloves are quite stately and highly ornamental plants when well grown, with flower-stems at least three feet in height. They are fine for the mixed border, or planted singly in half-shady places near a walk or drive. The racemes of flowers are often two feet in length, containing scores of the prettily-spotted thimble-shaped flowers. Perfectly hardy. Sow seed in spring in the garden, and transplant as desired. Perennial. Mixed varieties . . . 5

EUPHORBIA

Heterophylla. Known as "Fire on the Mountain," "Mexican Fire Plant," "Annual Poinsettia," and "Painted Leaf." A bushy plant two to three feet high, with highly ornamental leaves, which become flared with dark fiery scarlet, leaving only a small tip of green. Easy of cultivation, growing in places fully exposed to the sun, which brightens and hastens the coloring. It can also be grown in pots and then moved about at pleasure. Annual 5

Marginata. Two feet high; leaves light green and white-margined; called "Snow on the Mountain." Annual 5

GAILLARDIA

Gaillardias, known as Blanket Flowers, are good bedding plants, being strong, constant bloomers, through the whole summer. Flowers large and showy, two to three inches across; fine for cutting, as they last a long time in water. Set plants twelve to eighteen inches apart. Half-hardy.

Picta Lorenziana. Fine double variety. Heads two inches in diameter.

Annual 5

Aurora. Double. Red, tipped with yellow. Fine large flower 10

Grandiflora. Perennial. Very large and brilliant flowers of richest colors; crimson, scarlet, orange, and yellow; excellent for cutting. Mixed colors 10

Mixed single annual varieties 5

GYPSOPHILA

Gypsophilas are valuable for bouquet making, either green or dried. They are very graceful, and easily cultivated. Should be in every garden. All flower the first season. *G. paniculata* continues to bloom several years.

Muralis. Beautiful, hardy annual; six inches high, forming a dense mass.

Fine for edgings. Blooms profusely. Flowers pink 5

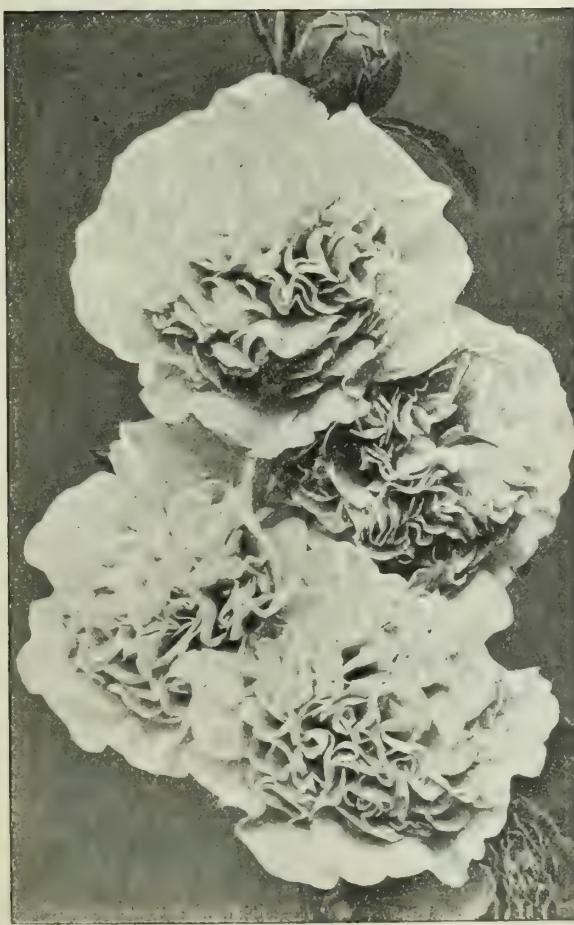
Paniculata. (Baby's Breath). Perennial. White. Fine for cutting 5

HOLLYHOCK

In situations suitable for tall flowers we know of nothing better than the Hollyhock; and yet the improved varieties do not grow very high—from four to six feet being about the range. New plants are obtained from seed and by dividing the root. Seeds sown in the summer will give plants that will endure winter. The plants may be protected during the winter with a little straw and evergreen boughs, or leaves. Biennial. See also Plant Department.

Hollyhock, Double. Very double and fine, from the best named collection in Europe 10

New Fringed Mammoth Allegheny. This grand new flower is a decided improvement on the old-fashioned single Hollyhock. Flowers are single, semi-double, and double, fringed, seldom less than five inches and often seven inches across. Perpetual bloomer. Has from two to four buds where the old style has only one. All colors mixed 10



DOUBLE HOLLYHOCK

At Prices quoted in this Catalogue we Prepay Postage or Express Charges, unless otherwise noted

HUNNEMANNIA FUMARIÆFOLIA

Don't Fail to Save a Spot in the Garden for this Beautiful Flower

This most beautiful plant forms a shrubby bush two feet in height, with finely-cut foliage similar to that of the *Eschscholtzia*, and produces its large tulip-shaped flowers on long stiff stems, from August till November. The color is a clear, brilliant yellow, the petals resembling crushed satin. The flowers will keep in water for several days. Seed should be sown quite early in the spring, in shallow drills, where the plants are to bloom, as they do not stand transplanting. The *Hunnemannia* will always give satisfaction, and we heartily recommend it. 10

HELIOTROPE

This class of plants is one of the finest for cutting, as the delicious fragrance of all the varieties is very durable. For the same reason they make excellent house plants. Seed sown early in the spring in the house will make fine plants for summer bedding.

Queen Marguerite.	Bears immense clusters of large, deep dark blue flowers, with an exceptionally rich and spicy perfume.	10
Dr. Livingston.	Fine dark blue clusters	10
Louise Delaux.	Rose-tinted flowers	10
White Lady.	Large pure white flowers	10
Giant-flowered.	Choicest mixed	10
All varieties mixed		10

IPOMŒA

The *Ipomœas* are climbers of rapid growth. Succeed best if started in the hotbed and transplanted as soon as all danger of frost is past.

Bona Nox (Good Night or Evening Glory, Moon Flower).	Flowers large, white	10
Giant Pink Hybrid.	A new variety of marvelous growth. Seeds germinate quickly, and plants begin to bloom nearly as early as those of the Morning Glory. The soft lilac-pink flowers are produced abundantly all summer and fall. They remain open from about four o'clock in the afternoon until near noon of the next day. The vine branches freely, and the foliage is abundant	10
Grandiflora superba.	Fine, large flowers, sky-blue, bordered with white	5
For other varieties of <i>Ipomœa</i> , see <i>Cypress Vine</i> and <i>Morning Glory</i> .		

ICE PLANT

Mesembryanthemum crystallinum. A pretty, half-hardy annual, with delicate, succulent, almost transparent branches and leaves. Of drooping habit, adapted to baskets, vase work, and rockeries. Prized for its singular foliage. 5



HUNNEMANNIA FUMARIÆFOLIA

KOCHIA SCOPARIA

Makes a Beautiful Specimen Plant, or
Grown in Hedge Form is most attractive.
May also be trimmed to any shape or form

Although this is not a new plant, it is so little known, and so attractive in appearance, that we consider it worthy a place in the garden. It grows two to two and a half feet high, with many slender branches pressed close to the main stem, and resembles a small, closely-sheared evergreen, the slender foliage being light green until September, when the whole plant is a solid mass of crimson. Seeds germinate readily, and may be sown in the open ground about the first of May. The plants should stand about two feet apart. 10

HYACINTH BEAN—*Dolichos*

Lablab. This really beautiful climbing plant is of quick growth; the foliage is handsome, and the clustered spikes of flowers are borne in great profusion. The shining purple seed-pods are also very ornamental. Tender annual, growing six to eight feet. Seed should be planted where plants are desired, in as warm and dry a spot as possible. 5

New Japan. A new and beautiful variety, with large, pure white flowers, and waxy white seed-pods. Eight to ten feet. 10

JAPANESE HOP

A splendid annual climber, rapidly covering arbors, walls, trellises, etc. The foliage resembles that of the common Hop, but is much more dense. Seed sown in the open ground in spring will produce large plants in a short time. Withstands heat, drought, and insects.

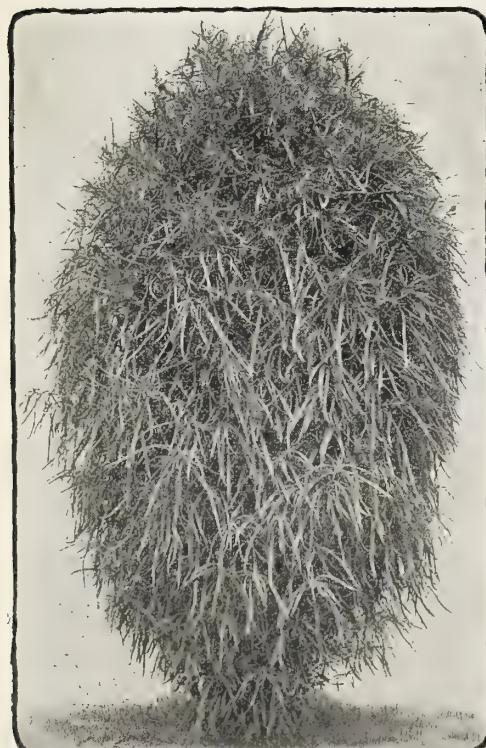
Japanese Hop. 5
Variegated Japanese Hop. Leaves green and white variegated. 10

LINUM

Grandiflorum rubrum. Brilliant crimson flowers, an inch or more across, and a continuous bloomer. Annual. 5
Perennial varieties mixed. 5

LYCHNIS

To obtain good flowers the first summer, start under glass and transplant as early as possible.
Chalcedonica. Two feet high, with heads of brilliant scarlet flowers. Perennial. 5
Haageana hybrida. Finest of the Lychnis family. One foot in height. Mixed colors. 5
Viscaria splendens. Flowers bright crimson. A very fine red-flowered hardy perennial. 5



KOCHIA SCOPARIA

LARKSPUR—*Delphinium*

ANNUAL VARIETIES

Beautiful plants. They prefer a cool soil and season. Sow seed in fall, or early in spring. The branching varieties grow two feet high, and should stand eighteen inches apart. The Rocket varieties are very free bloomers, and produce large spikes of flowers, white, pink, rose, light blue, dark blue, and violet. In some varieties the flowers are double, in others single. The beautiful plume-like foliage is very ornamental, and the whole series are excellent for bouquets and table decorations.

Double Dwarf Rocket.	One foot in height.	Mixed colors, ounce, 25 cents.	5
Double Tall Rocket.	Large plant; very showy.	Two feet. Mixed colors	5
Stock-Flowered.	Double. Branching.	Fine for cutting. Two feet. Mixed colors	5
Candelabrum.	One foot in height; flowering late.	Mixed colors	10
Emperor.	Compact; brilliant.	Two feet. Mixed colors	5

PERENNIAL VARIETIES

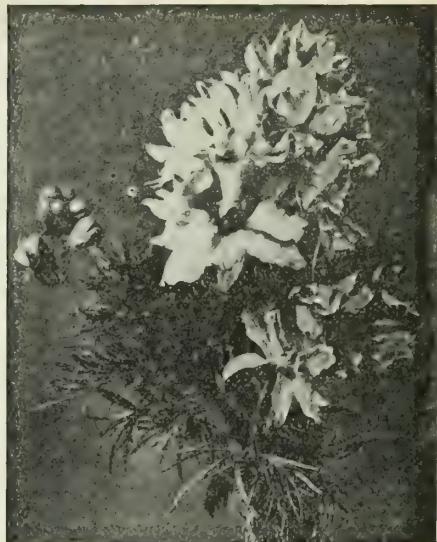
The perennial Larkspurs are valuable plants. Foliage clean and pretty; habit strong and good flowering branches of some varieties often four feet high; flower spikes six inches or more in length. Propagated by division of roots and from seed. Sow seed in open ground, early in spring, and strong plants will be produced by fall that will flower the next spring, and some of them the first season.

Formosum.	Brilliant blue, white eye.	Three feet	5
Formosum <i>coeruleum</i> . (Pillar of Beauty).	Celestial blue; flowers large; spikes long.	Plants three feet in height	10
Nudicaule.	Bright scarlet; native of California.	One foot.	10
Chinese.	Fine. Two to three feet.	Blue, white, and pink, mixed	5
Zalil (Hardy Yellow Larkspur).	A lovely shade of sulphur-yellow, bearing spikes of forty to fifty blossoms each, one inch in diameter.	Plants one to two feet	10
Large-flowering Hybrids.	Three to six feet high.	Flowers of various shades; very showy.	5
Finest varieties mixed.			

LOBELIA

Exceedingly useful plants for edging of flower beds, their free-blooming qualities and brilliant shades of blue to white making a pleasing contrast to the masses of reds and yellows so prevalent in bedding. They are also elegant for hanging baskets, pot culture, etc. All are annuals except *L. cardinalis*, which is a hardy perennial.

Cardinalis.	Our native Cardinal Flower.	Spikes of brilliant scarlet.	
	Blooms first year if well started with heat		10
Barnard's Perpetual.	This is the finest Lobelia ever introduced.		
	Flowers a brilliant blue, white eye		10
Crystal Palace compacta.	Dark blue. The best for edging and carpet-bedding		10
Emperor William.	Light blue; compact; very fine		10
Erinus erecta compacta.	Deep rich blue		10
Erinus erecta alba.	White		10
Prima Donna.	Dwarf, compact. Velvet maroon flowers		10



White Gem.	Forms a ball of snow-white flowers	10
Golden Queen.	A valuable variety. Makes a striking contrast with its bright golden-yellow leaves and brilliant blue flowers	10
Erinus (<i>gracilis</i>).	Blue. Fine for baskets or trailing purposes	10
Erinus <i>speciosa</i> (Crystal Palace).	Dark blue; very fine	10
Hybrida grandiflora.	Large, dark blue flowers, white eye	10
	One packet of each of the above twelve varieties for 75 cents.	
Mixed varieties.	for baskets, etc	10

MARIGOLD

The African and French Marigolds are valuable for their flowers in autumn, and can be grown to advantage in little clumps with other plants in the front of shrubbery or in the garden border. The African varieties are the taller in growth, and produce large self-colored blossoms. The French varieties are smaller, some of them being elegantly striped and spotted. The dwarf-growing kinds adapt themselves to spots where the taller varieties would be unsuitable. Seeds can be sown in a coldframe or in a seedbed in the open border, and the young plants transplanted late in the spring to where they are to remain. They succeed best in a light soil, with full exposure to the sun. Annual.

AFRICAN MARIGOLDS

Pride of the Garden.	The immense flowers of this grand variety are densely double, and of a beautiful golden yellow color. A notable feature is the compact, dwarf habit of the plant, which forms dense bushes fifteen to eighteen inches high and two feet across	10
Eldorado.	Flowers very large, ten to fourteen inches in circumference, and extremely double; quilled like a Dahlia; primrose, lemon, orange, and golden shades. Plant three feet in height	5
Lemon Queen.	Large lemon-colored flowers	5
Prince of Orange.	Large orange flowers	5
Mixed varieties.	Ounce, 50 cents	5

FRENCH MARIGOLDS

Striped, yellow and brown		5
Tall varieties mixed.	Ounce, 50 cents	5
Dwarf varieties mixed.	Ounce, 50 cents	5
Dwarf Marigold Little Brownie, or Legion of Honor.	A charming single-flowered plant, about six inches high. Very effective in masses or borders. Begins flowering extremely early, commencing in June. Color a brilliant gold, blotched with maroon	5
Gold Margin.	Excellent. Flowers velvet maroon, margined with gold. Plant only eight inches high, bushy, compact, and free-flowering	5
<i>Tagetes signata pumila</i> .	A beautiful dwarf plant, forming a globular dense mass. Fine for bedding or borders	5



MARIGOLD

How to Grow Asters

Their Culture and Care. 24 pages of valuable information, free with an order of Vick's Aster Seed amounting to 25 cents. Ten cents without the seed.

MIGNONETTE

Seeds of Mignonette may be sown at any season, so that by having pots prepared at different times, a succession of flowers can be secured. Seeds sown early in the garden will give flowers through the summer. Plant in a cool place and it will continue to bloom all through the fall. For winter blooming keep in a cool room till buds are formed and begin to show, then bring into a temperature not exceeding fifty degrees at night. Very few cultivate the Sweet Mignonette compared with the many that might show their love for this sweet little flower. Annual.

Sweet, (Reseda odorata grandiflora.) A well-known fragrant plant.

Ounce 15 cents	5
Grandiflora Ameliorata. A large variety, with reddish tinge to the flowers. Ounce 20 cents	5
Giant Pyramidal. A mammoth variety. Ounce 20 cents	5
Golden Queen. A very fine and distinct variety, with flowers of a golden hue. Ounce 30 cents	5
Machet. Plant dwarf and vigorous, of good habit, producing large spikes of very sweet-scented flowers. Fine for pot culture. Ounce 60 cents	10
Golden Machet. This variety has all the excellencies of the popular Machet Mignonette, recognized by all as the best for forcing and pot culture. Plants are of strong, compact habit, bearing long massive spikes of golden yellow flowers	10
Allen's Defiance. Spikes from twelve to fifteen inches long, deliciously fragrant. Spikes have been kept three weeks after cutting, retaining the fragrance till every bud opened	10
Goliath. Of all the new varieties of Mignonette that have been introduced within the last few years this is the best and most distinct. The plants are compact in habit, with rich green foliage, and the immense trusses of highly-scented flowers are borne on erect, strong, stiff stalks, surpassing all others in fragrance. It is especially suited to house culture	25
New Large-flowering Bismarck. Very large, true pyramidal shape. Reddish-colored flowers borne on strong stems, well elevated above the dark green, slightly crumpled foliage	10
Parson's White. Nearly white; strongly scented. Ounce 60 cents	5
New Hybrid Spiral. Robust plant, long spikes. Ounce 20 cents	5

MAURANDYA

Maurandyas are delicate and graceful free-blooming climbers, six to ten feet in height. Suitable for greenhouse or outdoor culture, but especially useful for baskets, vases, etc. The flowers are of good size; colors white, and various shades of rose, purple, and blue. Seed should be sown in the hotbed, greenhouse, or in pots in a warm sunny window. Annual.

Fine mixed 10



MIGNONETTE

MORNING GLORIES

Convolvulus Major

The old Morning Glory. Annual. One of the most free-flowering and rapid-growing plants in cultivation. The richness and delicacy of the brilliant flowers is unsurpassed. The seeds germinate so readily that they can be grown in the garden anywhere the plants are needed, and almost at any time. White; white and violet striped; white striped with rose; light blue; dark blue; carmine; lilac; incarnata, bright red; atrosanguinea, dark red; each color

One packet of each of the above nine varieties for 30 cents.

All the above mixed. Ounce 15 cents

New Double-Flowering. Very fine. About eighty per cent. of the plants will produce double flowers; the remainder semi-double or single

Large-Flowered Morning Glory, Rochester

This grand Morning Glory is remarkable for the large size and beautiful color of the flower. Vines strong, growing quickly twelve to twenty feet high, with magnificent foliage, leaves measuring from eight to ten inches across, and remaining on the vines close to the ground during the entire summer. Flowers four to five inches across, deep violet-blue in the throat, blending out to an azure blue, bordered with a wide white band around the edge. The flowers form in clusters of from three to five, from the ground to the top of the vines

Brazilian Morning Glories

Ipomoea setosa. A most interesting climber, with rose-colored flowers from three to four inches in diameter, and leaves eight to twelve inches across. It presents a remarkable appearance, branching in all directions, and intertwining so as to make it impenetrable to the sun's rays. The large seed-pods, with short, reddish hairs on the stems, make it unusually ornamental and attractive. After planting pour on scalding water.

Imperial Japanese Morning Glories

OUR OWN SPECIAL STRAIN

These Morning Glories have given great satisfaction. Their exquisite beauty and enormous size (from four to six inches across), with their innumerable markings and shadings, command the admiration of all flower lovers. We have given considerable labor and space to the cultivation and improvement of these large and desirable Morning Glories, and as a result are able to offer a very fine mixture of choice colors, ranging through white with pink throats, white spotted with violet, white spotted with rose, mauve with white throat, lavender with central band of crimson, cobalt-blue with rose bands, violet with blood-red bands, crimson with carmine bands, and purple with maroon bands. The vines are strong and robust, attaining a height of thirty to fifty feet. The foliage is large and finely cut; sometimes plain green, and occasionally green beautifully mottled with creamy buff. Sold in mixed colors only. Ounce, 50 cents

MARVEL OF PERU

Also known as Four O'Clock, because its flowers open about that time of the evening and fade the next morning. Two feet high, with bright foliage and fragrant flowers of desirable colors. Set plants two feet apart. Makes a nice hedge if set a foot apart. Seed should be planted in the open ground where plants are desired. The roots may be taken up in the autumn and preserved through the winter for spring planting, in the same manner as Dahlias.

Marvel of Peru. Mixed colors, ounce 20 cents

Variegated Foliage. Flowers of a variety of colors

Long-Flowered White. Sweet-scented flowers three to four inches long

Long-Flowered Violet. Same as above, except in color

Tom Thumb. Very dwarf. Mixed colors

MYOSOTIS—Forget-me-not

Perennial plants, flowering the first season if sown early. Small white and blue flowers. Seed may be sown in a hotbed, and transplanted, or in open ground in spring.

Alpestris. Blue. Six inches

Alpestris Alba. White. Six inches

Alpestris rosea. Rose. Six inches

Alpestris Indigo blue. New, very fine

Alpestris robusta grandiflora (Eliza Fonrobert). Large-flowering, of pyramidal habit. Very fine. Blue, with clearly defined yellow eye

Alpestris Victoria. Sky blue, dwarf, strong-growing, globular, abundant. Fine for pots and cutting

Palustris (True Forget-me-not). Blue, with yellow eye

Vick's Perfection. The finest Myosotis known. Large, bright blue flowers, with twice as many petals as other varieties. Plant robust, nine inches high

Azorica var. celestina. Flowers sky-blue

Mixed varieties.



New Climbing Nasturtium

"**Hybrids of Madam Gunther.**" A strain of French origin, most remarkable for the wide range of exquisite colors, showing pink, purple, rose, salmon, light yellow, dark maroon, deep orange, etc., etc.; also striped and blotched, mottled and variegated in the most fantastic manner. They are strong growers, climbing five to seven feet, with rich dark foliage. Fine for porches, vases, or trailing on the ground. Half-hardy annual. Ounce, 25 cents

NASTURTIUMS

CLIMBING NASTURTIUMS

THESE are among the very best climbers. They require but very little care, for seed sown in the spring of the year in any fair garden soil, not too rich, will produce plants ten to twelve feet in height before autumn. They endure hot and dry weather very well. There are several varieties; the leaves of some being very light transparent green, while in others they are very dark, almost purplish. The flowers are all shades of yellow and scarlet, some of them beautifully spotted. The climbing *Tropæolums* are excellent plants for baskets, vases, etc. Grown two or three in a large pot, with brush or lattice work support, they make a most showy ornament, which can be moved at pleasure.

Vick's Complete Collection of Climbing Nasturtiums

Nasturtiums are the favorite flowers of today, vieing in popularity with Sweet Peas. This is owing to their wonderful blooming qualities and great variety of colors. We offer the following eighteen varieties

In One Collection for 50 Cents.

Tropæolum Majus

Per ounce, 15 cents; packet, 5 cents.

Atropurpureum.	Dark crimson.	Scheuerianum.	Straw-color, brown striped.
Atropurpureum fol. aureis.	Foliage yellow, flowers crimson.	Scheuerianum coccineum.	Scarlet striped.
Chocolate.		Scarlet.	
Dark Orange.		Schulzii.	Brilliant scarlet.
Edward Otto.	Bronze, silky.	Schillingi.	Bright yellow blotched with maroon.
King Theodore.	The darkest.	Vesuvius.	Brilliant salmon-rose, dark-leaved.
Orange.	Very handsome.	Von Moltke.	Bluish rose.
Pearl.	Creamy white	Regelianum.	Purple-violet.
Prince Henry.	Light yellow, marbled with scarlet.		Yellow.

Mixed varieties. The green seed-pods used for pickles. Pound, 80 cents; oz, 10 cents 5

Extra choice mixed. 1/4 pound, 50 cents; oz, 20 cents 5

Tropæolum Lobbianum

Resembling the tall variety in habit, with beautiful and various colored flowers borne in great profusion. The flowers and foliage are somewhat smaller than the ordinary Nasturtium. Half-hardy annual.

Asa Gray.	Yellowish white, very fine
Giant of Battles.	Sulphur and red
King of the Blacks.	Very dark brown
Lucifer.	Very dark scarlet
Primrose.	Cream, with brown spots
Princess Victoria Louise.	Light yellow, with blood-red spots and spurs
Choicest mixture,	oz, 20 cents

Tropæolum Peregrinum

Canary-bird Flower. One of the finest of the Nasturtium family, resembling a Canary Bird with expanded wings. Half-hardy annual 5

TOM THUMB NASTURTIUMS

Nasturtiums are much used for making dense masses of color, the Tom Thumb varieties being especially desirable for this purpose. In the hottest weather they thrive and bloom luxuriantly. When planted in poor soil they flower profusely; if the soil is too rich they run to leaves. Hardy annuals.

Aurora.	Salmon-rose, mottled and veined	5	Dark crimson	5	Prince Henry.	Light yellow, marbled scarlet	5	
Beauty.	Orange and vermillion	5	Golden King.	Golden yellow flowers. Very fine	5	Regelianum.	Purplish violet	5
Bronze.	Beautiful coppery bronze	5	Golden Queen.	A beautiful new golden-flowered, yellow-leaved variety	5	Rose.	Rose, tinted with salmon	5
Carter's.	Scarlet	5	King Theodore.	Flowers very dark	5	Ruby King.	Foliage dark	5
Chameleon.	Mottled crimson, bronze, and yellow	5	King of Tom Thumbs.	Leaves bluish green, flowers brilliant scarlet	5	Scheuerianum coccineum.	Scarlet striped	5
Cloth of Gold.	Golden-leaved; flowers intense scarlet	5	Lady Bird.	Golden yellow, flamed crimson	5	Spotted.	Yellow, crimson spots	5
Cœruleo-roseum.	Bluish rose	5	Lili Schmidt.	Beautiful small scarlet flowers	5	Spotted King.	Rich orange, maroon spots	5
Crystal Palace Gem.	Sulphur, maroon spots	5	Luteum.	Yellow	5	One packet each of above twenty-five, 90 cents.		
Empress of India.	Dark leaves, crimson flowers	5	Pearl.	Light cream	5	Extra Choice Mixture,	from named sorts, 1/4 pound, 60 cents; oz, 20 cents	5
						Mixed varieties,	1 pound, \$1.00; 1/4 lb., 30 cents; oz, 10 cents	5

VICK'S SUPERB PANSIES



THE PANSY is, everywhere and with everybody, a very popular flower. Its modest and innate sweetness endears it in the heart of young and old alike.

It gives an abundance of bloom until after severe frosts, endures our hard winters with safety, and greets us in the early spring with a profusion of bright blossoms. Pansy seed may be sown in the herbbed or open ground. If sown in the spring, get it in as early as possible, so as to secure flowers during the early rains.

Seeds sown in a cool place in May or June, and well watered until up, will produce fall-flowering plants. To have good flowers, the plants must be vigorous, and make a rapid growth, as it will in rich moist loam. Young plants give the largest flowers. The old worn-out plants should be replaced. If the plants come into bloom in the heat of summer, the flowers will be small at first, but as the weather becomes cooler they will increase in size and beauty. They will flower better in mid-summer if planted where it is somewhat shaded from the hot sun, and especially if furnished with a good supply of water; but in almost any situation will give fine flowers in the spring and autumn.

Vick's Giant Superb Pansies

For years our Superb Mixture has been unapproached; in fact, no grower has as yet succeeded in producing a Pansy so fine in color, delicate in penciling and so uniformly large in size as our own. To this superb mixture we are constantly adding the newest and most expensive strains, which we know will please all lovers of the Pansy. If you want the best Pansies grown, get our Superb Mixture. Packet, 50 cents; two packets, 80 cents; $\frac{1}{8}$ ounce, \$1.25; $\frac{1}{4}$ ounce, \$9.00.

Vick's Peerless

Comprises the choicest of the standard large-flowering sorts, including many of the rare and expensive varieties, such as Bugnot, Odier, Cassier, and Trimardeau types. For immense size, perfect form, freedom and durability of bloom, and gorgeous colorings, the Peerless stands second only to our New Giant Superb Mixture. For a charming display of show or exhibition Pansies you should try at least a packet of Vick's Peerless. Packet, 25 cents; $\frac{1}{8}$ ounce, 90 cents; ounce, \$5.00.

Bugnot's Superb Blotched. French strain; a beautiful class. Large flowers, broad blotches, and from the large spots extend delicate pencilings to extreme edge of petals. Seed of our own growing, saved from selected plants. Packet, 25 cents.

Bugnot's Exhibition. Saved from plants obtained from the grower's original seed. Packet, 75 cents.

Cassier's Giant Blotched. A magnificent strain of the popular Odier type. Flowers extra large, of fine form and good substance. Each petal is marked with a large, clearly defined blotch. Packet, 25 cents.

Giant Orchid-Flowered. A distinct new race, embracing many rare shades. Packet, 25 cents.

Odier, or Large-eyed. A superb strain of various colored, perfectly formed flowers, with dark blotches on the petals. Very showy. Packet, 20 cents.

Parisian Large Flowered Striped. Extra large flowers. A very showy strain. Packet, 10 cents.

VICK'S PANSIES—Continued

Masterpiece

This is a new strain of the Giant Five-spotted class. The general habit of the plants is strong and compact. In summer, when the weather is warm and dry, it maintains a healthy appearance longer than any other Pansy. The large flowers are borne well above the foliage, on strong stems, possess greatest substance, are perfectly round, and contain a rich combination of colors. Each petal is distinctly marked with a very large dark blotch, and most of the flowers are margined with a light, white, or yellow edge. Packet, 25 cents.

Giant-Flowering Varieties

A distinct class. Plants vigorous and compact. The flowers are thrown well above the foliage and many of them are marked with large blotches. They are of enormous dimensions—some specimens grown on our grounds measuring over three inches in diameter. We offer the following separate colors of this wonderful strain:

Adonis.	Beautiful light blue	10
Auricula-flowered.	Fine shades	10
Bridesmaid.	New. Rosy white ground, beautifully blotched	15
Dark Blue.	. . . . .	15
Emperor William.	Ultramarine blue, with violet-purple eye	15
Fire King.	Golden yellow, upper petals purple. Showy	15
Freya.	Dark purple, with broad pure white margin; extra fine	15
Golden Queen.	Pure yellow	20

Hortensia Red	20
King of the Blacks. Almost jet black. Extra fine large-flowering strain	15
Lord Beaconsfield. Purple-violet, shading to white in the upper petals; splendid	15
Madam Perret. True. Petals frilled. Dark wine, pink, and red shades beautifully veined, all with white margin	15
Peacock. Large peacock-blue flowers, white edged. A superb variety	20
Prince Bismarck. Light brown shades, with dark eye. Extra	15
Ruby King. New. Superb red shades	25
Snowflake. Extra fine pure white	15
Striped. Fine	15
White, with Purple Eye	15
Yellow, with Black Eye	15
Mixed varieties	10

The preceding nineteen named varieties of Giant-flowering sorts for \$2.25.

Standard Varieties

Each 5 cents.

Atrosanguinea.	Dark red.
Azure-Blue.	Extra fine.
Black, with bronzy center.	Fine.
Bronze-color.	. . . . .
Brown-Red.	Various shades.
Cardinal.	Brilliant dark red.
Coquette de Poissy.	Distinctive mauve color.
Dark Blue.	Very rich, constant.
Dark Purple.	Rich, deep purple. Fine.
Diana.	Cream-colored; quite distinct.
Emperor Frederick.	Dark red, bordered with orange-scarlet.

Emperor William. Ultramarine-blue, with violet-purple eye.

Fairy Queen. Brilliant sky-blue, silver-white margin. Very showy.

Fire King. Golden yellow, upper petals purple.

Gold-Margined. Exceedingly beautiful color.

Havana Brown. Beautiful shades of brown.

King of the Blacks. Almost coal-black.

Light Blue. Lovely shades of sky-blue.

Lord Beaconsfield. Deep purple-violet, shading to lighter hue.

Mahogany-colored. A very fine variety.

Meteo. Bright brown

Mourning Bride. Dark purple, red or white edge.

President Carnot. A strikingly beautiful variety.

Petals pure white, with a deep violet blotch.

Purplish Violet. Distinct and fine.

Quadricolor. Distinct. Colors brilliant.

Red Riding Hood. Brilliant red.

Rosy Lilac. Distinct, and very fine.

Silver-Edged. Dark purple, with white border. A charming variety.

Snowy White. Good form and size.

Striped and Mottled. Extra, and very showy.

Victoria. Rich velvety claret-red, large flowers.

Violet, with white border.

White, with dark eye. Very showy.

Yellow, with dark center.

Yellow Gem. Clear yellow, without eye. A gem.

One packet of each of the above thirty-five for \$1.25; or any ten for 40 cents.

Mixed Seeds of the above sorts, oz. \$1.50; 1-8 oz. 25c.; pkt. 5c.

MIMULUS

The Mimulus, or Monkey Flowers (named from the resemblance of the corolla to a mask or face), are beautiful tender plants with almost transparent branches. Fine for baskets, vases, and house culture, and do well planted out where they will be somewhat shaded. Perennial, but bloom the first season.

Hybridus tigrinus grandiflorus. As beautifully spotted as the *Calceolaria*. 10

Musk Plant 5

All sorts mixed 5

NICOTIANA

Sanderæ. The Hardy Annual of the Century. Among Nicotiana nothing approaches it in point of floriferousness, nor in its graceful and copiously branching habit. The whole plant is laden with flowers from base to summit, of an intensely glowing rosy-carmine color; and either in flower beds, shrubbery borders, or in the wild garden, this incomparably beautiful plant is charming. Seed sown in January, pricked out in the ordinary way that hardy annuals are treated, transplanted in May in the position where it is intended to flower, is all that is necessary. No plant is easier to grow. The care given to the most ordinary annual will suit this new Nicotiana admirably. 25

Nicotiana affinis is one of the best we have ever grown. The plant attains the height of three feet, and at evening and early morning is covered with deliciously-scented, large, white flowers. Easily grown from seed, and cuttings rooted in September will bloom freely in the winter. 5

Sylvestris. Grows about five feet high, with very symmetrical foliage. The very long pendulous flowers are delicately fragrant, and are borne in great profusion. 5

NIGELLA

Pretty, hardy annuals, with fine feathery foliage. May be sown in the open ground early in spring.

Damascena. (Love-in-a-Mist.) One foot. Mixed colors. 5

Damascena nana. Dwarf. Six inches. Mixed colors. 5

Hispanica. One foot. Large-flowered. Mixed colors. 5

Fontanesiana. Large-flowered. Blue. Blooms very early. 5

MALOPE. Ornamental hardy plants of vigorous growth, branching freely, and producing large flowers of deep rosy red, veined darker inside, or of pearl white. Sow seeds in the open border, as the plants do not bear transplanting.

Grandiflora. Flowers single, purple. 5

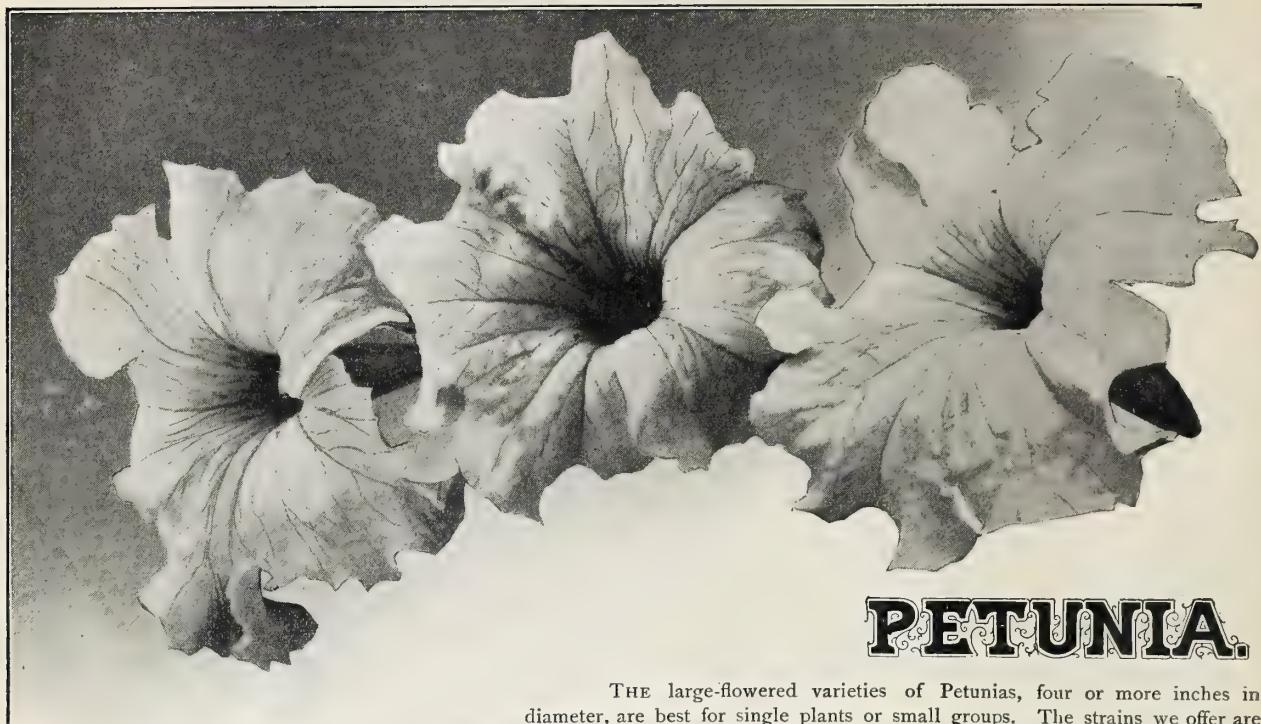
Grandiflora alba. Single, pure white 5



All who visited the State Fair held at Syracuse, N. Y., September 10th to 15th, will recall our exhibition of Asters, in the Horticultural Building. It is especially gratifying to us to announce that we were awarded the

First Prize for Largest and Best Collection of Asters

The entire showing of 42 varieties came directly from the fields on our Despatch Seed Farm, and was not grown for exhibition, and verifies our claim of growing the very finest Aster Seed. For complete list see pages 41, 42, 43, 44 and 45.



PETUNIA.

THE large-flowered varieties of Petunias, four or more inches in diameter, are best for single plants or small groups. The strains we offer are unrivaled in beauty and variety. The seeds are high-priced because of the great amount of labor and care in artificial fertilization. Seed sown in a hotbed or coldframe early in the spring, will produce flowering plants in June. Set the plants about eighteen inches apart. They come pretty true from seed, but are not reliable in this respect, being inclined to sport. Seeds of Double Petunias do not possess as much vitality as those of the single, and care must be used to get them to germinate; nor will all come double. Annuals.

GRANDIFLORA, LARGE-FLOWERED SINGLE.

Superbissima. Magnificent flowers, of various colors, with large throats beautifully veined.	
Extra fine	25
Alba. Large white, fine form	25
Brilliant. Deep rose	25
Kermesina. Rich crimson	25
Maculata. Beautifully blotched and striped	25

GRANDIFLORA, LARGE-FLOWERED SINGLE, FRINGED.

Alba. White, edges crimped and fringed	25
Brilliant rose. Fringed edge	25

GRANDIFLORA, LARGE-FLOWERED DOUBLE.

Aurora. Light rose, veined crimson-purple	50
Brilliant rose.	50
Lady of the Lake. Pure white	50
Mixed varieties	50

DOUBLE-FLOWERED BEDDING PETUNIAS.

Compacta nana multiflora fl. pl. Dwarf, compact plant, profuse bloomer. Fine for bedding. Mixed colors	25
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One Packet each of the following for 75 cents

Large-Flowering Single. Choice mixed	25
Vick's Fringed. Mixed colors	25
Giants of California. Mixed colors	25
Single-Flowered Bedding. Extra choice mixed	10
Double-Flowered Bedding. Mixed colors	25

SINGLE-FLOWERED BEDDING PETUNIAS

The bedding varieties are unsurpassed for massing. Few plants will make a more showy bed, giving a profusion of flowers from early summer until after frost, ranking with the Asters, Phloxes, and Verbenas in freedom of bloom, variety of colors, and effectiveness. The dwarf compact sorts make beautiful edging as well as bedding plants, and are also fine for pot culture.

Blotched and Striped, very symmetrically marked	10
Belle Etoile. A beautiful, somewhat large-flowered strain of the above	10
Brilliant. Rosy carmine	10
Countess of Ellesmere. Dark rose, with fine white throat	10
General Dodds. Beautiful dark red	10
Illustris. Carmine-rose	10
Kermesina. Fine crimson	10
Venosa. Various shades, handsomely veined	10
Extra Choice Mixed. Superb strain	10
Fine mixed	5

New Dwarf Inimitable. A really dwarf variety, forming a compact little plant five to eight inches in height by as much in diameter, covered with regularly striped flowers. Adapted for massing and pot culture 10

Snowball. A charming new dwarf pure white variety 10

"Giants of California." This strain, originating in California, is of incomparable size, luxuriance, and beauty. Nearly all the flowers are ruffled or fringed, and measure from four to five inches across. The great variety of colors, blotchings, stripings and veinings make fantastic and beautiful combinations,—some with deep throats of yellow, white, black, green, or maroon, running off into intricate veins. Some of the colors run to delicate shades, while others are deep, rich, and gorgeous 25

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Sept. 12th, 1906.

DEAR SIRS:—The Aster Seed you sent me this Spring was more than satisfactory, especially the late sorts. I do not believe they were equaled anywhere in this locality for size and beauty. Yours truly,

KENT W. JOHNSON.

PHLOX

The word *phlox* signifies "a flame," and a bed of Vick's Phlox is a dazzling sight. In a good, rich soil, the plants will grow eighteen inches or more in height, and for a mass of splendid colors no annual or perennial will give a more satisfactory return for so little cost. The colors range from the purest white to the deepest blood-purple or crimson, while the clear eye of some of the varieties is peculiarly marked. The Phlox makes a very good border or low summer hedge. The finest effect, however, is produced by planting each color in a separate bed, or in ribbon fashion, its constant blooming making it desirable for these purposes. In selecting the plants, get good contrasts of color, as white, scarlet, and rose. Phlox usually comes very true from seed, so that it is particularly desirable for forming ribbon-beds; and if a plant of wrong color is found it can be easily removed and the place will soon be filled, for the Phlox is a vigorous grower when it has room. Seed may be sown

in the open ground as early in spring as the soil can be put in good condition, or in hotbed or coldframe earlier; and in either case, from June, during the summer and autumn, the plants make a most brilliant show of flowers. Set the plants about one foot apart; if too thick, they suffer from mildew. We grow several acres of Phlox every year, devoting much care to its improvement, and our strain of Phlox Drummondii is the best the world produces.

Phlox Drummondii Grandiflora

The flowers of this section have round petals and larger flowers than the old sorts. These varieties we have found to be nearly constant.

Alba pura. Pure white.
Atropurpurea. Deep purple.
Atropurpurea alba oculata. Dark purple, white eye.
Brilliant. Delicate pink; white eye.
Coccinea. Brilliant scarlet.
Carnea. Flesh color. Beautiful.
Carminea alba oculata. Rose-carmine, white eye.
Chamois rose. Pale rose.

Price, per packet, 10 cents; any seven for 50 cts. The set of fourteen for \$1.00.

Phlox Drummondii grandiflora, choice mixed, ounce, 75 cents
 Phlox Drummondii, fine mixed 5

Phlox Drummondii Nana Compacta

The dwarf annual Phloxes are very desirable for edgings and ribbon beds and useful for pot culture. They grow six to eight inches in height, forming dense masses of bloom all summer. Of the many varieties the following are the best. Fireball. Bright scarlet 10 Best varieties mixed 10

Snowball. Pure white 10

Star Phlox

A decidedly unique variety. While the petals of all other Phloxes are entire, in this variety they are partly fringed and partly toothed; the central teeth of the petals are five or six times as long as the lateral ones, projecting like little spines, giving the flowers a regular star-like form. The beauty of the flower is enhanced by a white margin which borders the edges of the petals. There are many distinct colors. Best varieties mixed 10

The Entire Collection of Phlox Drummondii including Star Phlox, seventeen varieties, for \$1.20

PERILLA NANKINENSIS. A very elegant dark-leaved plant. Its purplish mulberry-colored foliage produces a charming contrast with silver-leaved plants. Desirable for the center of a bed of ornamental-leaved plants, or for a low screen. Annual. Eighteen inches in height



PRIMROSE

In this country Primroses do well in a cold house, but in the open ground succeed best in a northern border. *P. vulgaris* is the sweet, beautiful English Wild Primrose, so ardently loved by all who spent their childhood days among the green lanes of England. Sow seeds under glass and transplant. Perennial.

Primula auricula. Fine mixed	25
Auricula. From named flowers	50
Elatior (Polyanthus). Fine mixed	10
Polyanthus, Gold-laced. Choicest mixed	25
Vulgaris. Wild English Primrose	10

For other varieties of *Primula* see Plant Department.

PYRETHRUM

Handsome herbaceous plants of easy culture. It would be well to sow seeds under glass, but we have grown them by sowing seed in the open ground. A good double Pyrethrum is as desirable as a good Aster. Hardy.

Roseum hybridum. Double varieties mixed	25
Roseum hybridum. Single varieties mixed	10
Double White Feverfew.	10
Golden Feather. Prized for its yellow foliage	10

SENSITIVE PLANT

Mimosa pudica. The Sensitive Plant affords a good deal of amusement, not only to children, but to those of larger growth, on account of its apparently sensitive leaves, which close up when touched. Seeds should be started under glass. Do not transplant to the open ground until the weather is warm. Annual

SCHIZANTHUS

The Schizanthus is a beautiful half-hardy annual, of very graceful habit. The flowers are butterfly-shaped, of rich and varied colors, and completely cover the plant. About two feet high. Best varieties mixed 5

NEMOPHILA. Love-in-the-Grove. Baby Eyes. Are pretty, delicate hardy annuals. The flowers are mainly blue and white. They do best if sown in a frame and transplanted early. Do finely all summer if planted in a rather cool, shady place. Set about six inches apart. Mixed varieties. Ounce, 20 cents 3



FIELD OF SHIRLEY POPPIES ON OUR DESPATCH SEED FARM

ANNUAL VICK'S POPPIES PERENNIAL

Within the past few years many developments in the Poppy family have brought them again into deserved popularity, and now good annual varieties are numerous, ranging in size from the little Ranunculus-flowered, two inches in diameter, to the large Peony-flowered. The plants have strong tap-roots, and are difficult to transplant; it is better to sow the seed early in the spring where the plants are to flower.

ANNUAL VARIETIES

Vick's Brilliant is a superior variety, of strong, robust growth, two to three feet high. The flowers have a variety of bright colors; pure white with a pink tinge, scarlet, rose, purple, and other shades, and are so beautiful and bright as to be almost dazzling to the eye. Round as a ball; perfectly double

Shirley. Flowers exceedingly graceful and elegant; single; colors ranging from blush-white, delicate pink, rose, and carmine, to bright sparkling crimson, occasionally blottedched and streaked with white. The best and most showy of all the single Poppies

Mikado. Flowers large and loose, resembling the Japanese Chrysanthemum; petals cut and fringed in the most fantastic manner; color pure white, edged with purple

One packet of each of the above three for 15 cents

Danish Flag. Flowers brilliant scarlet, large silvery white blotch at the base of each petal, forming a white cross on scarlet ground

Peony-flowered. A splendid class of large double flowers, with broad petals, resembling a Peony; colors range from white to pink, carmine, scarlet, crimson, and maroon

Ranunculus-flowered. Plants two feet high; free bloomers. Flowers double, two inches across. All shades of color, from white to deep crimson

Scarlet single. The single Scarlet Corn or Field Poppy of Europe. Very gorgeous

Umbrosum. Of dwarf habit; branching. Flowers bright vermillion, with a shining black spot on each petal. Very showy

Carnation-flowered (sommiferum fl. pl.) (Double Opium Poppy). Splendid large double flowers. Deeply fringed; same style as Vick's Brilliant. Mixed colors, ounce, 20 cents

Opium Poppy. True, single. Pound 90 cents; ounce, 10 cents

One packet of each of the above seven, 25 cents.

All Annual Poppies listed on this page (15 Varieties)
Mixed, in one Packet, 5 Cents.

American Flag. Flowers snow white, bordered with scarlet, large, double.
White Swan. Large double flowers, elegantly fringed, pure white
Golden Gate. Single, semi-double, and double flowers, in a great variety of colors

The Tulip. An elegant and distinct variety. Plants from twelve to fourteen inches high, producing well above the foliage fifty to sixty large splendid flowers of the most vivid scarlet imaginable. From a mere description no adequate idea can be gained of its strikingly beautiful effect. It commences blooming early in June, and flowers abundantly for a period of from six to eight weeks

Cardinal Poppy (New hybrids). About eighteen inches high; habit erect and compact. Foliage dark green, deeply laciniated. Flowers chamois and brilliant rose on light ground; purple, crimson, brick rose on black, brown, or violet ground

One packet of each of the above five for 20 cents

PERENNIAL VARIETIES

ICELAND POPPY—*Papaver nudicaule*.

The Iceland Poppies are perennials, blooming the first season from seed. The fragrant, elegant crushed-satin-like flowers are produced continuously from June to October. The flowers last fully a week, if cut as soon as open.

Pure White, Yellow, and Orange. Separate or mixed, each
Collection of the three Iceland Poppies for 25 cents.

ORIENTAL POPPIES.

All the perennial Poppies are perfectly hardy, and seeds may be sown in the open ground. The single, large, oriental Poppies are a great addition to the herbaceous border, and are of greater value among shrubbery, as they tend to relieve and lighten up the usually dark and somber character of clumps of shrubs. Flowers very large, five or six inches across.

Bracteatum. Scarlet. Three feet high
Oriental. Very large; red. One of the finest. Three feet

Involucratum maximum. Fine large flowers

PORTULACA

A popular hardy creeper, each strong plant covering a space about two feet in diameter. It delights in a warm sun and sandy soil, and the drouth in never too long nor the heat too intense for this beautiful salamander. It makes a brilliant bed on the lawn. The flowers of the double varieties are like small roses. Sow seed in the open ground as soon as the weather is warm, or in a hotbed earlier. The plants can be transplanted when in full flower; and in making a ribbon bed with Portulaca, wait until the first flower opens, so as to be sure of the color. Annual.

Alba, pure white; *alba striata*, white, striped with rose; *caryophylloides*, rose, striped with carmine; *New Rose*, fine rose color; *Thellussoni*, fine scarlet; *splendens*, crimson; *Thorburni*, straw color; *aurea vera*, deep yellow; *aurea striata*, sulphur yellow striped with gold. Each of the single varieties

One packet each of the above nine for 30 cents.

Fine mixed single varieties, ounce, 50 cents

5

Double Rose-Flowered. A perfect double variety, as much so as the Rose, and of many brilliant colors, as well as striped. First quality, mixed colors

10

Double Rose-Flowered. Seven different colors—cimson, scarlet, rose, white, rose striped with carmine, orange, yellow—each color

15

One packet each of the above seven for 75 cents.

SWEET WILLIAM

The best varieties of Sweet William are of exceedingly beautiful colors, very large and almost perfect in form, with trusses of great size. Treatment as for Carnation. The plants are perfectly hardy, and may be increased by division of the roots. The colors pass from white to pink, crimson, carmine, and purple; with distinct eye encircled with color differing from the rest of the flower, like Phlox or Verbenas. They make very durable cut flowers. It is well to raise new plants every year from seed, for old plants become debilitated and unsightly, and the flowers decrease in size.

Holborn Glory. New. Magnificent large flowers of the most beautiful shades

10

Perfection (Auricula-flowered). Single varieties mixed

5

Double varieties mixed

5

Dunetti. Single. Blood-red, velvety texture

5

White. Single. Constant

5

SALPIGLOSSIS

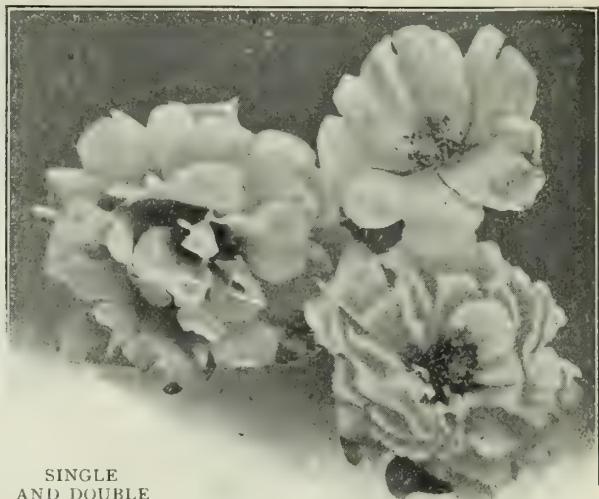
Grandiflora. This has long been one of our favorite flowers, but has never attained the popularity to which it is entitled. Our illustration shows its forms and veinings, but nature only can paint its colors. It is a splendid half-hardy annual, with flowers of a peculiar richness, very delicately and beautifully penciled. Very effective in the sunlight, which brings out the beautiful tints and veinings. Unsurpassed for cutting. Plants about two feet in height. Mixed colors

5



New Emperor. This variety shows a very marked and striking distinction in habit of growth as well as in its flowers. It forms only one thick main stem about thirty inches high, which is thickly covered with flowers considerably larger than those of the old type, and presents a compact bouquet, in the various rich velvety colors usual to the species—purple, crimson, scarlet, rose, etc.—elegantly veined with gold. Mixed colors

10



SINGLE
AND DOUBLE
PORTULACA

RICINUS

The Ricinus has very ornamental foliage and beautiful showy fruit. Fine for the center of a bed, as it gives a magnificent semi-tropical appearance; or, planted thick, it makes a fine screen or hedge. Plant seed in open, very rich, deep-soaked ground, in a dry situation, as soon as safe in spring. The common Castor Oil Bean is cultivated for the oil, and grows about twenty bushels per acre. Annual.

Macrocarpus. Whitish; beautiful. Six feet

5

Purpureus. Purple stems and leaves. Magnificent. Six feet

5

Borboniensis. Very beautiful large green leaves. Fifteen feet

5

Cambodgensis. The finest dark-foliated Ricinus. Leaves maroon; stem nearly black; fruit bronzy purple. Five feet

5

Duchess of Edinburgh. Dark purple stem and leaves. Ten feet

5

Africanus hybridus. Fine. Stem and fruit rose. Six feet

5

Giganteus. Large, fine, and showy. Six feet

5

Philippinensis. Very large, beautiful leaves. Ten feet

5

Ricinus Sanguineus. Blood-red stalk and clusters of red fruit. Eight feet. Ounce 15 cents

5

Communis (Castor Oil Bean, Palma Christi). Pound, 40 cents; oz., 10 cents

5

One packet each of the preceding ten varieties for 35 cents.

Mixed varieties of preceding. Ounce, 15 cents

5

Zanzibariensis (Zanzibar Castor Oil Plant). New and distinct. The gigantic leaves, two to two and one-half feet across, and the great size of the plant, surpass any other known Ricinus. The luxuriant tropical appearance when planted singly or in masses is matchless. Mixed varieties, ounce 15 cents

5

SWEET ROCKET

The Sweet Rocket is a very hardy perennial, bearing clusters of single flowers, which are fragrant during the evening. Colors purple and white. The plant, with fair culture, will grow eighteen inches high. Seed will germinate readily in open ground. **Sweet Purple**, **Sweet White**, or mixed, each

NIEREMBERGIA GRACILIS. Tender perennial. Suitable for house culture, or may be treated as a tenderannual. Fine for baskets, vases, etc. Light blue saucer-shaped flowers

5

How to Grow Asters

Their Culture and Care

A book of 24 pages of practical and helpful hints on growing Asters from seed to flowers.



Free with an order for Vick's Aster Seed amounting to 25 cents.

Or sent postpaid on receipt of ten cents, without order for seed.

VICK'S INVINCIBLE SWEET PEAS.



Countess Spencer Hybrids. A magnificent new type. The largest and most beautiful Sweet Pea in cultivation. Color, various shades of pink and rose. Stems long and stiff. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 20 cents.

Crown Jewel. Standard suffused with rosy-violet; wings creamy white, tinted with rose. **Dainty** (new). White with pink edges. Stems very long and almost invariably bear four blossoms.

Dorothy Eckford (new). The largest and best pure white. $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 40 cents; lb., 75 cents.

Dorothy Tennant. Rich rosy mauve self.

Duke of Clarence. Rich deep claret self.

Duke of Sutherland. Standard dark violet and purple; wings violet and indigo.

Duke of Westminster. Standard clear purple; wings purple, with tint of violet.

Emily Eckford. Rosy mauve, changing to an almost true blue.

Emily Henderson. The most sturdy and vigorous pure white.

Flora Norton (new). The clearest and most pronounced blue.

Gray Friar. Beautiful light watered purple on white ground, having a grayish effect.

Golden Rose (new). The largest primrose, lightly striped and mottled with pink. $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 40 cents; lb., 75 cents.

Gorgeous. Rich glowing scarlet-orange.

Hon. F. Bouverie. Standard and wings both deep pink at base, shading to light pink.

Janet Scott (new). The best deep pink. Large size, hooded form. $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 40 cents; lb., 75 cents.

SWEET PEAS

are among the most beautiful of all our hardy annuals. Any ordinary garden soil is well adapted for growing them. Select a sunny, open place, several feet from any building, or close fence, and as far as possible from large trees. Sow as early in the spring as possible. *Do not wait for fair weather.* Plant in double rows six inches apart and four inches deep, dropping the seeds three inches apart, alternating them in this manner

When up, hoe the soil toward the plants a little, but do not form a ridge. Furnish support early. The one important point is to keep the surface of the soil fine and mellow from the time it is worked up in the spring. The following list embraces the most desirable sorts that have been brought out up to the present time, although we can furnish any of the 150 varieties offered by the trade.

Per packet, 5 cents; oz., 10 cents.

$\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 35 cents; lb., 60 cents; unless otherwise noted.

Not less than $\frac{1}{4}$ pound of a variety at these rates.

America. Crimson-scarlet, striped on white.

Apple Blossom. Rose and white. Has generally four blossoms to the stem.

Aurora. Orange-rose, striped on white.

Lianche Ferry. Rose and very light pink.

Extra Early Blanche Ferry. Rose and very light pink.

Black Knight. Deep maroon; self-colored.

Countess Cadogan. Standard light bluish purple; wings clear blue.

New Countess. Delicate lavender.

Nymphæa (new). White, changing to pink.

The bottom flower darker than the others. Stems long and usually bear four blossoms.

$\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 40 cents; lb., 75 cents

Othello. A very deep glossy maroon self.

Prima Donna. The softest clear pink self.

Prince Edward of York. Standard crimson-scarlet; wings crimson. Extra large.

Prince of Wales. Rose-crimson; self-colored. Flowers extra large.

Queen Victoria. Light primrose, self-colored.

Royal Rose. Standard deep rose; wings light pink.

Sadie Burpee. Pure white, very large size.

Salopian. Crimson-scarlet. A trifle smaller, but deeper and richer than King Edward VII. A favorite pure red.

Sensation. White, suffused with bluish-pink.

Shahzada. Rich dark maroon with shade of purple.

Stella Morse. Cream and buff, flushed pink.

The Hon. Mrs. E. Kenyon. The largest and best of the primrose-colored Sweet Peas.

$\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 40 cents; lb., 75 cents

Venus. Soft salmon-buff, delicately shaded with rosy pink.

DWARF VARIETIES.

Pkt. oz. $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. lb.

Cupid, Beauty 5 10 25 80

Cupid, Pink 5 10 25 80

Cupid, Primrose 5 10 25 80

Cupid, White 5 10 25 80

Cupid, all varieties mixed 5 10 20 75

A "Color Table" showing the class color of all Sweet Peas here listed will be found on the opposite page.



TRIAL GROUND OF SWEET PEAS ON OUR DESPATCH SEED FARM

MIXED SWEET PEAS

Vick's "Invincible Mixture," superior selected strains. The mixture introduced as "Vick's Invincible" we know will please the most exacting. For flowers of delicate colors, varying from pearl white to the richest reds and purples, the "Invincible" leads, because it is the result of selecting, year after year, seeds from the choicest flowers. The mixture cannot fail to give satisfaction. Packet, 5 cents; oz. 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 40 cents; pound, 75 cents.

Eckford's Gilt-Edge, Special Mixed. Packet, 5 cents; oz. 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 30 cents; lb., 50 cents.

Sweet Peas at Wholesale Prices. We offer a fine mixture composed of the standard sorts, at the following prices:

Ounce, 5 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 25 cents; lb., 40 cents.

Color Table, showing color of Vick's Sweet Peas.

White	Janet Scott
Dorothy Eckford	Nymphea
Emily Henderson	Apple Blossom
Mont Blanc	Lady Skelmersdale
Sadie Burpee	Crown Jewel
Primrose, and Light Pink and Primrose	Extra Early Blanche Ferry
Hon. Mrs. E. Kenyon	Blanche Ferry
Queen Victoria	Jeanie Gordon
Stella Morse [deley]	Royal Rose
Marchioness of Cholmon-	Orange Pink, and Orange
Golden Rose, Striped	and Pink
Shades of Pink	Miss Willmott
Modesty	Gorgeous
Sensation	Aurora, Striped
Prima Donna	Shades of Red
Katherine Tracy	King Edward VII.
Venus	Salopian
Countess Spencer	America, Striped
Lovely	Prince of Wales
Hon. F. Bouverie	Mrs. Dugdale
Dainty	Jessie Culbertson
	Prince Edward of York
	Lord Kenyon

Lavender and Mauve Shades

Lady Grisel Hamilton
New Countess
Lottie Eckford
Maid of Honor
Light Purple and Mauve
Mrs. Walter Wright
Dorothy Tennant
Emily Eckford
Gray Friar
Blue and Purple Shades
Flora Norton
Countess Cadogan
Navy Blue
Duke of Westminster
Light and Maroon
Othello
Black Shazada
Black Knight
Duke of Clarence
Duke of Sutherland

VICK'S BANNER COLLECTION OF SWEET PEAS

20 Varieties 25 Cents — 40 Varieties 40 Cents

Each in a Separate Packet A Perfect Rainbow of Colors

A booklet with complete descriptions and cultural directions will be sent with each order. You can by this work compare the different sorts and post yourself quite well on the different varieties of Sweet Peas.

The following varieties compose the cream of the list, and as these collections were packed before the busy season we can in no instance make changes.

40 Packets, 40 cents.

America.	Mrs. Eckford.	Aurora.
American Queen.	Mrs. Dugdale.	Captivation.
Aurora.	Miss Willmott.	Countess Cadogan.
Captain of the Blues.	Modesty.	Duke of Westminster.
Captivation.	Navy Blue.	Emily Henderson.
Countess Cadogan.	New Countess.	Ex. Early Blanche Ferry.
Crown Jewel.	Othello.	Gray Friar.
Duke of Westminster.	Pink Friar.	Lady Skelmersdale.
Emily Henderson	Prima Donna.	Lady Grisel Hamilton.
Ex. Early Blanche Ferry	Prince Edward of York.	Lottie Eckford.
Gorgeous.	Prince of Wales.	Lovely.
Gray Friar.	Ramona.	Miss Willmott.
Hon. F. Bouverie.	Royal Rose.	Navy Blue.
Jeannie Gordon.	Sadie Burpee.	Othello.
Lady Grisel Hamilton.	Salopian.	Prince of Wales.
Lady M. Ormsby-Gore.	Senator.	Sadie Burpee.
Lady Skelmersdale.	Shazada.	Salopian.
Lottie Eckford.	Stella Morse.	Stella Morse.
Lord Kenyon.	The Hon. Mrs. E. Kenyon	The Hon. Mrs. E. Kenyon.
Lovely.	Venus.	Venus.

PEAS Perennial

Perennial Peas. Perfectly hardy. Grow five feet high. White, Red, or mixed varieties; each

Vick Quality

in Seeds and
Plants has become
synonymous with

Best Quality

and satisfied customers are always
praising seeds of

Vick Quality

SALVIA or Flowering Sage

The Scarlet Salvias are among the most brilliant red-flowering bedding plants in cultivation. They bloom from middle of July to frost. Sow seed early indoors or in a frame in time to get good plants to set out of doors the latter part of May, or when the weather is suitable. Massed in a bed, or a row or two around the verandah, they make a beautiful show. Set plants one foot apart.

Clara Bedman (Bonfire). The plants are compact and produce long spikes, of which there are sometimes two hundred to a plant, bearing from twenty to thirty flowers each. For masses on the lawn or in the garden, or in rows along the walks, its brilliant, dazzling scarlet flowers are simply gorgeous 10

Burning Bush (*Salvia splendens gigantea prostrata*). This magnificent new variety blooms earlier than any other Salvia, and the flowers are produced in such great numbers that they cause the spikes to droop gracefully with their weight, the effect being showy and attractive. The flowers are of a brilliant, dazzling scarlet, and borne in endless profusion all summer and fall 10

Alfred Raguena. A new dwarf Salvia. The plants grow only eighteen inches high, compact, and covered with flower spikes of a brilliant scarlet, clear above the foliage. Fine for massing or for border around beds of other plants 10

New Golden. Foliage a rich golden yellow, constant and distinct. Flowers brilliant scarlet, the spikes large and full, making a striking contrast. Plant only eighteen inches high. Two packets for 25 cents 15

Splendens. True; large, scarlet 10

Coccinea lactea. Pure white 10

Rœmeriana. Scarlet 10

Patens. Flowers of a delightful blue 15



At prices quoted
in this catalogue,
we prepay post-
age or express
charges unless
otherwise noted.

CORNFLOWER ASTER *Stokesia Cyanea*

This is one of our most charming and beautiful native hardy plants. The plant grows about 18 inches high, bearing freely, from early July until frost, its handsome lavender-blue Centaurea-like blossoms, each measuring from four to five inches across. It is of the easiest culture, succeeding in any open sunny position, and is not only desirable as a single plant in the mixed hardy border, but can be used with fine effect in masses or beds of any size. We have no hesitation in saying that the Cornflower Aster is one of the most valuable and desirable hardy plants offered.

Seed, per packet, 15 cents. Plants, each, 20 cents.

SUNFLOWER—*Helianthus*

Coarse tall plants, from four to eight feet in height, with bright yellow flowers. The double varieties produce a very good effect among shrubbery, and when used as screens. Sometimes reproduced from self-sown seed. The seeds of the single varieties are of considerable value for oil as well as for feeding poultry

Globosus fistulosus (Chrysanthemum Flowered). Best of the

Sunflowers. Very large; double 5

Double Green-centered. Large flower, green center when young; when old perfectly double. Five to eight feet in height 5

Dwarf Golden. Variegated foliage, five to six feet high. Very effective as single specimens. Seventy to eighty per cent. true from seed 10

Extra Double Dwarf. About four feet high. Each branch, from the ground to the top of main stem, bears a golden flower 10

One each of the above four double varieties 20 cents.

Mammoth Russian. Very large. Usually grown for feed. Per pound, 30 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 10 cents; oz 5

White Beauty. Most prolific variety grown. Per pound, 35 cents; oz 5



CORNFLOWER ASTER

TEN WEEKS STOCK

The Ten-Weeks or Annual Stock has nearly or quite all the requisites of a perfect flowering plant—good habit, fine foliage, and beautiful flowers of almost every desirable tint. Seeds may be sown in the open ground, hotbed or cold-frame, but transplanting should be done when the plants are just out of the seed-leaf. Make the soil deep and rich, and set the plants a foot apart. If plants that are not too far advanced are carefully potted in the fall, they will flower finely in winter in a house that is tolerably cool and moist. For this purpose sow seeds late in the season. Although not a constant bloomer, like Phlox, the flowers endure for a long time, and the side shoots give a succession of blossoms when the plant can obtain a needed supply of moisture.

Largest-Flowering Dwarf. From pot grown plants. Dwarf habit, with magnificent large spikes of large double flowers. All colors mixed 10

Largest-Flowering Dwarf. In colors, white, flesh-color, aurora, apple-blossom, rose, carmine, shining purple-carmine, crimson, blood-red, light-blue, violet, each 10

Dwarf German, from field-grown plants. Mixed colors 5

Large-Flowering Pyramidal Dwarf. Of pyramidal habit; long spikes of large flowers. Choice colors mixed 10

Large-flowering Pyramidal. Celestial blue. Excellent color 10

Snow Flake (Forcing). This variety of Dwarf Wallflower-leaved

Large-flowering Stock is the earliest white, and one of the earliest of all Ten-weeks Stocks. Admirably adapted for forcing. The snow-white flowers are uncommonly large and double. Seed produces about 60 per cent. of double-flowering plants 25

Dresden Perpetual (Cut-and-Come-Again, or Princess Alice).

Pure white. Plants of robust growth and branching habit. If sown early commences blooming in June and continues until frost, producing flowers in September and October, when other varieties have faded. Fine for cutting 25

Large-flowering Wallflower-leaved. Smooth, dark, shining leaves. Dwarf. Set six inches apart. Mixed colors 10

Wallflower-leaved White. A beautiful variety, the flowers being the clearest possible white, contrasting grandly with the dark green, glossy foliage. Grown largely for cut flowers 10

Wallflower-leaved Blood-red. The deepest red of all the Stocks. A very choice variety, prized by florists for cutting 15

BROMPTON STOCK

Both plant and flowers are larger than the Annual stock, and the spikes longer and bolder. The Brompton Stock cannot survive our winters, but plants can be removed to the house in the fall, where they will flower well if not kept too hot and dry. In spring they can be transferred to the garden. Biennial.

Empress Elizabeth. Splendid novelty. Immense spikes of bright carmine flowers. Superb both for pots and cutting 15

Best mixed colors 10

SCABIOSA—Mourning Bride

The Scabiosa is an old favorite, and of late years has been greatly improved. The flowers are borne on long wiry stems, in white, yellow, pink, scarlet, crimson, and maroon. Beautiful in the garden, and excellent for bouquets. Twelve to eighteen inches high. Annual

The Pompadour,

New Double. A remarkable improvement in the Scabiosa, with florets very much increased in size, variety, and brilliancy of color, making it doubly desirable for use as a border plant and for cut flowers for decorative purposes 10

Double Tall. Mixed colors 5

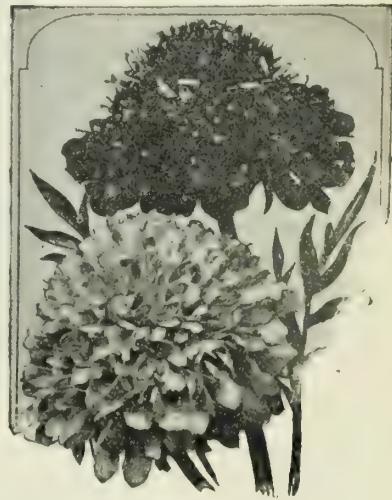
Double Dwarf. A pretty compact plant. Mixed colors 5

Double Yellow. A distinct color, obtained after years of careful selection 10

Double White (Snowball).

Pure white 5

Royal Purple. Large-flowered double. Color rich claret. 5



SHASTA DAISY

A very hardy perennial, blooming better and more abundantly each season and continuing to bloom for several months. The pure white flowers are from two and one-half to four inches in diameter, and are borne on single, long, stiff, wiry stems. The blooms when cut remain perfectly fresh and in good condition for two weeks or more. Seed, per packet, 10 cents. Plants, each 20 cents.

VICK'S VERBENAS

Very few plants will make such a gorgeous display during the summer months as the Verbenas, or furnish more flowers for cutting. Start seed in the house or under glass early in the spring, and transplant after three or four inches of growth. Good healthy plants can be produced from seed as readily as almost any tender annual. They flower in July, and continue strong and healthy until destroyed by frosts. For more than thirty years we have made a specialty of Verbenas, and our stock today stands unrivaled.

Auricula-Flowered or White-Eyed. Mixed colors 10

Striped. Excellent flowers, with Carnation-like stripes 10

Scarlet. Brightest scarlet. Quite true 10

Pure White. Quite true from seed 10

Cloth of Gold. The golden yellow leaves present a unique appearance. Fine Mixed 10

Cœrulea. Blue, shades 10

Lutea (Primrose). Yellow 10

Purplish Violet, with large white center 10

One packet of each of the above eight

varieties for 60 cents.

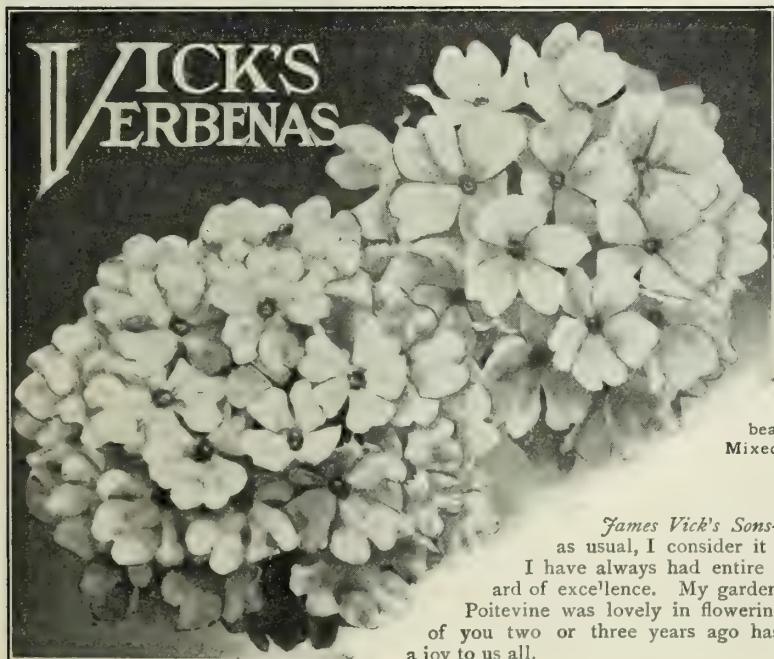
Verbena hybrida. Extra large flowers, fine mixed colors, choice seed, saved only from the most beautiful named flowers, ounce, \$2.50

Mixed colors 5

SCHUYLERVILLE, N. Y., May 2d, 1906.

James Vick's Sons—Your Catalogue for 1906 was duly received, and as usual, I consider it perfect in neatness, harmony of coloring, and design. I have always had entire confidence in Vick and consider the name the standard of excellence. My garden was beautiful last season. The geranium, *Beaute Poitevine* was lovely in flowering. The rose "Dorothy Perkins" that I bought of you two or three years ago has grown wonderfully and is a marvel of beauty—a joy to us all.

Very respectfully, MRS. ISAAC VANDECKER.



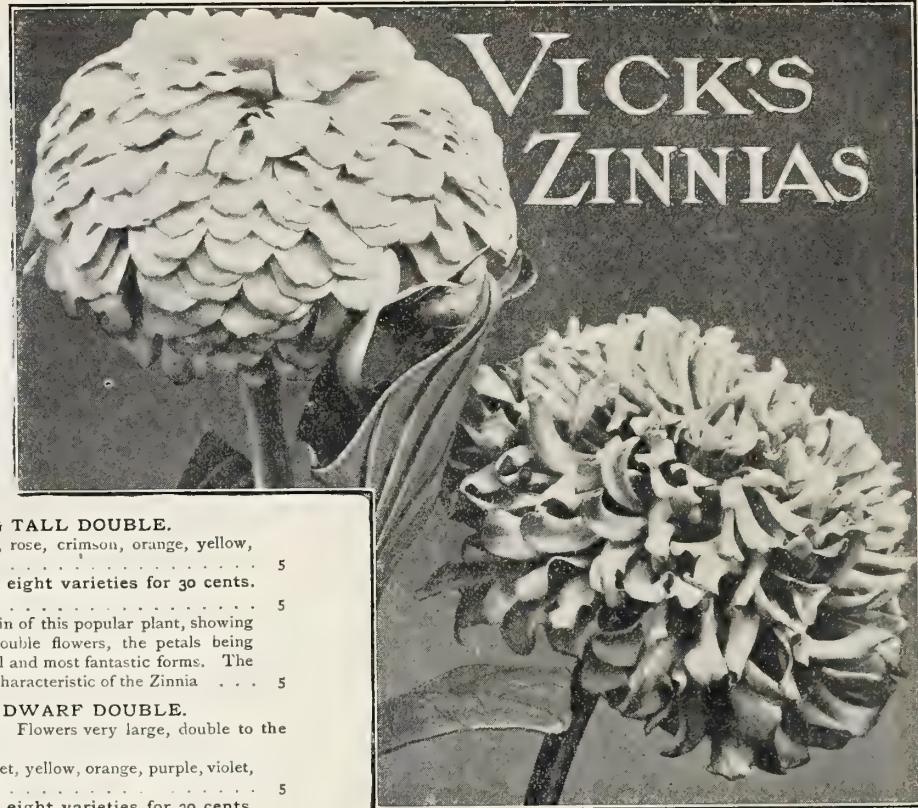
Vick's Zinnias

A bed or border of Vick's Giant-flowering Double Zinnias, in either mixed or separate colors, is surprisingly beautiful in the range of colors, as well as the size and perfection of the flowers. Seed sown in the open ground will produce strong plants, which will thrive and bloom from early summer until killed by late frosts. Set plants from twelve to eighteen inches apart. The young plants can be easily transplanted if desired.

GIANT-FLOWERING DOUBLE

Plants of vigorous growth, about three feet high, bearing profusely their perfectly-formed double flowers, from four to five inches in diameter.

Scarlet Striped Gold	10
Citron-Yellow	10
Queen Victoria. A variety of vigorous growth, with very double pure white flowers about four inches in diameter	10
All colors mixed	10



LARGE-FLOWERING TALL DOUBLE.

Separate Colors—lilac, purple, scarlet, rose, crimson, orange, yellow, white—each	5
One packet of each of the above eight varieties for 30 cents.	

All colors mixed, ounce, 50 cents	5
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Curled and Crested. A beautiful strain of this popular plant, showing on each plant from 100 to 200 large double flowers, the petals being curled, twisted and curled into graceful and most fantastic forms. The colors comprise all the beautiful shades characteristic of the Zinnia 5

LARGE-FLOWERING DWARF DOUBLE.

Only two feet high; compact-growing. Flowers very large, double to the center, and of perfect form.

Eight separate colors,—crimson, scarlet, yellow, orange, purple, violet, salmon, and pure white; each color	5
One packet of each of the above eight varieties for 30 cents.	

Choicest colors mixed; ounce, 50 cents	5
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Double Striped. A class embracing colors of the Large-Flowering Dwarf Zinnias, with striped and blotched petals. They grow about 50 per cent. striped, remainder solid colors. Mixed colors only 10

LILLIPUT VARIETIES.

Exceedingly pretty plants, fifteen inches high, and thickly branched. Flowers but little larger than a Daisy in size, very double, and freely produced all summer and until late in fall. Fine for pots, as well as for groups and borders. **Golden Gem.** **Scarlet Gem.** **White Gem.** **Orange Gem.** The

four for 30 cents; each	10
Mixed Colors	10

Tom Thumb. Varies from four to twelve inches in height, and from six to fourteen inches in diameter, forming compact, free-flowering, pigmy bushes, suited for edgings, small beds, and pot plants. Mixed colors 10

THUNBERGIA

Beautiful, rapid-growing annual climbers, with pretty flowers (white, buff, or orange, with dark eyes) borne in profusion. Seeds start slowly at first, and should be sown in a hotbed. When the plants are a few inches high transplant to a light, rich, loamy soil in the garden. For house culture, baskets, and vases, there are few plants superior to the Thunbergia. They may be used very effectively in beds, pegged down. Mixed colors 10

VIOLETS

Viola odorata is the well-known English Violet, a free-flowering hardy perennial. May be grown from seed, though somewhat slow in germinating. Succeeds best in a partially shaded, moist place.

Viola odorata (semperflorens) Deep violet-blue, and deliciously fragrant 10

The Czar. Blue and White, sweet-scented, each 10

Viola cornuta. This is a beautiful old border flower which, since its introduction into the summer flower-garden, has been taken in hand by the hybridizer, and many lovely forms of it now enrich our collections. It commences to flower early in the season and continues until frost. Habit and constitution robust; flowers large and delicately fragrant.

Viola cornuta Admiratio. Magnificent flowers of a beautiful dark blue 10

Viola cornuta. Dark blue, lavender, and white. Sold only in mixture 10

Viola cornuta. Tufted Pansies. All the finest colors mixed 10

Viola lutea grandiflora (splendens). Large yellow 10

Vick's Collection of Zinnias

Attention is called to the magnificent colors of the flowers of the Large-Flowering Zinnias. It is not long since the Zinnia was considered a coarse plant, with muddy color effects in the flowers, and we must confess that we are surprised at the improvements made in the past few years. On our trial grounds Zinnias were grown beside Dahlias, and the solid colors equaled in brilliancy the more aristocratic flower. We are sure that any who purchase the collection in separate colors will be more than pleased with their investment.

Tall Double, Eight separate colors —

Lilac, purple, crimson, scarlet, rose, orange, yellow, white,
— in one collection for 30 cents.

VINCA—Madagascar Periwinkle

The Vincas are very ornamental, and bloom freely from early summer until destroyed by frost. In the fall they can be potted and kept in bloom through the winter. Seeds can be started in the window or under glass. They are raised for planting in the parks of Rochester in the following manner: Seeds are sown the last of March in "flats" or shallow boxes, and placed in a hotbed. When seedlings are large enough to handle they are transplanted into other flats and grown along in the hotbed until the middle of May and then hardened off. About June 1st they are planted out about one foot apart in the beds where they are to bloom. Seed sown in coldframe from the 1st to 15th of April will also give good plants in time for setting out. Annual.

Rosea. Rose 10 **Rosea nova species. White** 10

Rosea alba. White, red eye 10 **Mixed varieties** 10

WALLFLOWER

These deliciously fragrant half-hardy perennials should be better known. By growing plants in the garden and transplanting to pots in the autumn; or better, by placing plants in pots when taken from the seedbed, and sinking the pots to the rim in earth, good plants will be secured for winter flowering in the house. Give a cool room and plenty of water, or they may be protected in a coldframe during winter, and planted out in May. Where winters are not very severe the Wallflowers make most desirable plants, giving plenty of early spring flowers.

Fine mixed colors, double 10

Flowering first season fine mixed colors, single 5

EVERLASTINGS

Acroclinium. One of the most beautiful Everlastings. Gather the first day they open to secure a bright center when dried. Bright rose and white. Single varieties, both colors mixed, ounce, 30 cents	5
Double varieties mixed	10
Gomphrena (Globe Amaranth). Start seed in a hotbed, if possible. Set the plants about a foot apart. Mixed varieties, ounce 20 cents	5
Helichrysum monstrosum. Flowers double, large and full, and of a good variety of colors. Two feet. Cut just before the flowers fully expand. Plant about a foot apart. Seeds germinate readily, even in the open ground. Mixed colors	5
Helipterum grows about a foot in height, branching, bearing very many clusters of flowers. Should be taken when the buds are about opening, tied in bunches, and hung up in a shady place. The flowers will open in the drying process, retaining their color and brightness for many years.	5
Sanfordii. Choice. Flowers small, rich yellow	5
Rhodanthe. Fine for garden. Comes into flower early and continues a long time. One of the best everlastings for bouquets. Care is necessary in starting seeds. After good plants are grown we never fail to obtain abundance of flowers. Fine single mixed	10
Xeranthemum. Free-blooming annual. One foot. Seeds germinate freely. Transplants well when young. Set ten inches apart. Mixed colors	5

SEEDS OF BULBS

There are a few bulbs which do not come to perfection very rapidly from seed, and therefore amateurs have seldom patience to wait for this slow process, but obtain plants or bulbs that will flower the first season. A few, however, derive pleasure in watching the development from the tiny seed to the perfect plant. For the benefit of such we always keep a stock of these seeds, a few of which we mention.	10
Dahlia. Choicest double varieties mixed	10
Dahlia. Finest single varieties mixed	10
Gladiolus	10

SEEDS OF TENDER PLANTS

MANY persons take great pleasure in growing plants from the seed, and as many of these seeds are small, they require care in sowing. Most of the plants in this department come from warm, moist climates, so we must supply similar conditions artificially. To do this without a greenhouse, sow the seeds in boxes or large pots; make a compost of three parts rotted sod and one part fine sand; this makes a rich soil that will not bake. Sow the seed very thin on the surface, then sift a very little fine earth over them, and water gently through a fine sprayer; lay a piece of glass over the top, and put the boxes or pots where they may have ordinary warmth and light, but no direct sunlight. When the plants are up remove the glass, or they will become mouldy and decay near the surface of the ground. As soon as they have made two leaves, transplant carefully into another box or pot of similar soil, set in a shady place for a few days, and water very sparingly. When somewhat established, remove them to the light.

Abutilon (Chinese Bell-Flower or Flowering Maple). The well known greenhouse shrub which will bloom most freely with very common treatment. Sown any time before April in a temperature of about 60 degrees, they will produce strong flowering plants the first season. Finest varieties mixed	10
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Begonia Rex-Diadema. This seed has been saved from the largest and finest collection in Europe, and contains all the latest varieties	50
Single Tuberous-rooted. Finest mixed	25
Double Tuberous-rooted. Finest mixed	50

Calceolaria. The Calceolarias are very beautiful and popular plants, producing masses of peculiar pocket-shaped, striped, blotched, and variegated flowers. They make gorgeous plants for greenhouse or window.	25
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hybrida grandiflora. Large-flowered, self-colored, rich and beautiful; saved from finest collection	25
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hybrida tigrina. Large-flowering, tigred and spotted. Finest mixture of most brilliant and beautifully marked flowers	25
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William's Choice Strain	100
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Carnation, Remontant or Tree Carnation. Italian	25
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Chrysanthemum Indicum , from a fine collection of show flowers	25
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Cineraria. These may be classed among the most useful flowering plants we possess, and are comparatively easy to grow from seed. Their exceedingly bright colors and compact habit constitute them most suitable conservatory decorative plants.	25
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hybrida , choice mixed	25
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hybrida grandiflora. From the largest-flowered prize varieties. Splendid mixed	50
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William's Choice Strain	100
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Cineraria maritima (Dusty Miller). Leaves silvery gray. Fine for vases, hanging baskets, and ribbon planting	5
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Clianthus Dampieri (Australian Glory Pea). A magnificent climbing plant of quick growth, bearing intense scarlet, singular-shaped flowers, with a black central base. Plant in a warm, dry position. Tender perennial, four feet high	10
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Coleus. These very free-growing plants are remarkable for the bright colors of their foliage, with all the shades of red from pale pink to deepest crimson, and green from faintest to dark olive combined with yellow. Sow seed in March. Mixed seeds from choicest sorts	25
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Cuphea (Cigar Plant). A dwarf perennial with smooth lanceolate leaves, and tubular scarlet flowers. Profuse flowering. One foot high	10
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ORNAMENTAL GRASSES

Agrostis nebulosa. The most elegant of Ornamental Grasses	5
Arundo Donax variegata aurea. Perennial. Strong stem, with golden-yellow striped leaves. Six feet high	5
Briza maxima. Perfectly hardy. One foot	5
Briza geniculata. Small; flowers freely. Eight inches	5
Chrysurus cynosuroides (Lamarcia aurea). Feather spikes	5
Coix lacryma (Job's Tears). Two feet; Corn-like leaves. Ounce 200	5
Erianthus Ravennae. As fine as Pampas Grass. Superior for a northern climate. Hardy. Plants, 15 cents each; seeds	5
Glyceria argentea (Pampas Grass). A noble Grass, flowers second season. Not hardy here	5
Hordeum jubatum (Squirrel Tail Grass). Fine	5
Lagurus ovatus. Dwarf. Called Hare's Tail Grass. One foot	5
Pennisetum longistylum. A very graceful grass, growing eighteen inches	5
Stipa pennata (Feather Grass). Magnificent. Flowers second season	5

SEEDS OF HARDY CLIMBERS

These plants are mostly obtained by purchasing roots, and this is the better way when they can be procured. Some, however, cannot get plants, and must be content with seeds. Sow very early in spring or autumn, in drills, in well-prepared beds. Keep the soil mellow.	5
Ampelopsis quinquefolia. Virginia Creeper	5
Ampelopsis Veitchii. Good wall plant, clinging to the smoothest surface. Absolutely the finest of the clinging climbers	5
Bignonia (Tecoma) radicans. Trumpet Vine	5
Celastrus scandens. Climbing Bitter-Sweet	5
Clematis Flammula. Fragrant, white	5
Clematis Vitalba. White	5

WILD GARDEN. Mixed Flower Seeds, in great variety, for sowing broadcast, per ounce, 20 cents

Cyclamen Persicum giganteum. Choice strain, large flowers, rich colors	25
Persicum giganteum , William's Choice Strain	100
Persicum. Choice mixed	10
Fuchsia. Splendid mixture of single and double	50
Geranium. Fine mixed	10
Apple-scented	25
Gold and Bronze-Leaved	25
Choicest fancy varieties, (Lady Washington) mixed sorts	25
Gloxinia hybrida. Best quality; from choice show flowers	25
Grevillea robusta (Silk Oak). A beautiful decorative plant	10
Hibiscus coccineus. Scarlet. Three feet	10
Impatiens Sultani. Rosy-carmine. Constant bloomer	10
Lantana. Finest mixed	10
Linaria Cymbalaria (Kenilworth Ivy). Lavender and purple	10
Nerium Oleander. Common Oleander	10
Oxalis floribunda. Fine for baskets or for pots. White and Pink mixed	10
Passiflora corulea. The hardestiest Passion Flower	10
Poinciana Gillesii (Bird of Paradise). A beautiful plant, with large, bright golden-yellow flowers, produced in large trusses	10
Primula Sinensis (Chinese Primrose) fimbriata rubra. Red; extra	25
fimbriata alba. White; extra	25
fimbriata striata. White, striped with red	25
Choicest fringed varieties mixed	25
Fern-leaved. Very pretty Fern-like foliage. Red and White, separate or mixed, each	25
Double Fringed. A large percentage of the flowers perfectly double. Choicest mixed	50
Double White. Package of 20 seeds	50
Forbesii (Baby Primrose). Fine for the house, needing little care	20
obconica grandiflora. Profuse bloomer, bearing on long stems heads with 10 to 15 white flowers, occasionally shading to lilac. Primrose fragrance	15
Smilax. A graceful as well as useful climber for the greenhouse or window. It is invaluable for bouquets and floral decorations. Sow seed in February in hot-bed or greenhouse, and keep in a moist place	10
Solanum ciliatum. Red-fruited. Very fine	10
Stevia serrata. Pure white; fragrant. Excellent for bouquets	10

HARDY PLANTS AND BULBS.

There is an increasing demand for plants that are perfectly hardy, and we are well pleased to note how steadily a knowledge of growing and massing hardy flowers is gaining, and the consequent improvement in our gardens. A strong point in favor of hardy flowers is the use that can be made of them for house and table decoration. The effectiveness of the many combinations and arrangements that can be made with them excites the admiration of all lovers of the beautiful. With a good collection of hardy plants and bulbs we have not only a flower garden, but also a garden of flowers; and that is what we want. This department is devoted entirely to Bulbs and Plants that will bear a Northern winter without injury, like the Lilies, Peonies, Hardy Shrubs, etc. *All Plants and Bulbs will be delivered at your Post Office at prices given (except as noted), unless specially ordered otherwise, or when in our judgment the expressage would be too costly.* As it is much more difficult to pack to carry with safety a single plant than a larger number, we trust our customers will order accordingly. For economy and safety in packing it is best to order at least a dollar's worth of plants. When SEEDS and BULBS or TENDER PLANTS are ordered together, if not safe to send all, on account of cold weather, the SEEDS will be sent at once, and the BULBS and PLANTS as soon as safe. Should the weather be unfavorable, or the ground not prepared on their arrival, Hardy Plants, Roots, etc., would better be placed in the cellar, the Lily and the Peony being covered with about two inches of moist (not wet) soil, while shrubs and grasses, like the Hydrangea, Deutzia, Eulalia, etc., require only their roots covered, with the soil made firm around them.

ANEMONE

Whirlwind. This new double variety has the habit, and all the other good qualities of the Single White Japan Anemone, with the additional ones of greater hardiness and more lasting blooms. The flowers are two and a half to three inches across, and have several rows of white sepals. The plants grow very evenly, from two and a half to three feet in height, and have large and beautiful foliage. Each, 20 cents; per dozen, \$2.00.

Queen Charlotte. Early-flowering, vigorous grower. Begins flowering in August, and continues until November, becoming more attractive each day. Flowers semi-double, broad, perfectly formed, and of a delightful shade of silvery pink. Each, 20 cents; per dozen, \$2.00.

Coup d'Argent. Double white, but much dwarfer than Whirlwind. Each, 20 cents; per dozen, \$2.00.

The set of three Anemones for 50 cents.

ACHILLEA

"The Pearl." The blossoms are of purest white, and so large that they resemble a Pompon Chrysanthemum. Hardy, and will thrive in almost any situation. Very desirable for the garden or cemetery. Blooms nearly the whole season. Each, 20 cents; three for 50 cents.

Millefolium roseum. Foliage finely cut; flowers pink. A continuous bloomer. Each, 20 cents; two for 30 cents.

AQUILEGIA

Chrysanthia. The beautiful golden-yellow Columbine. Each, 20 cents.

Cœrulea. The true Rocky Mountain Columbine. Flowers blue. Each, 20 cents.

Skinneri. Scarlet and yellow. Each, 20 cents.

HARDY ASTERS—Michaelmas Daisies

The hardy Asters produce an abundance of bloom in the fall, when other flowers are scarce. Each, 20 cents; per dozen, \$2.00.

Lady Trevelyan. Pure white. Dwarf. **Pyramidalis.** Light blue. Dwarf. **Mrs. F. W. Raynor.** Light crimson. **White Queen.** Pure white. Tall.

HIBISCUS

Crimson Eye. Pure white, with a velvety crimson center. Each, 20 cents; two for 35 cents.

Large-Flowering. Perfectly hardy in any place. Color deep pink. Each, 20 cents; two for 35 cents.

Militaris. Delicate flesh-pink flowers, tinged with deeper color towards the center. Each, 20 cents; two for 35 cents.

BLEEDING HEART. *Dicentra spectabilis.* Bears heart-shaped, deep pink flowers, a dozen or more being borne in a graceful drooping raceme a foot in length. Each, 30 cents.

CAMPANULA PERSICIFOLIA. Blue, produces an abundance of blue flowers during June and July. Each, 20 cents

Persicifolia. White. A pure white form of above. Each 20 cents.

CLEMATIS DAVIDIANA. A vigorous, hardy plant, two to four feet high, flowers bell-shaped, deep lavender or violet in color, very fragrant, and are produced in clusters in great profusion. Strong plants, each, 25 cents; two for 40 cents.

HOLLYHOCK.

We have excellent healthy plants, grown from seed, that will flower the first summer, and usually for three or four summers after. Give the plants a light covering of coarse litter for winter protection.

Double, Assorted colors. Each, 20 cents; six for \$1.00.

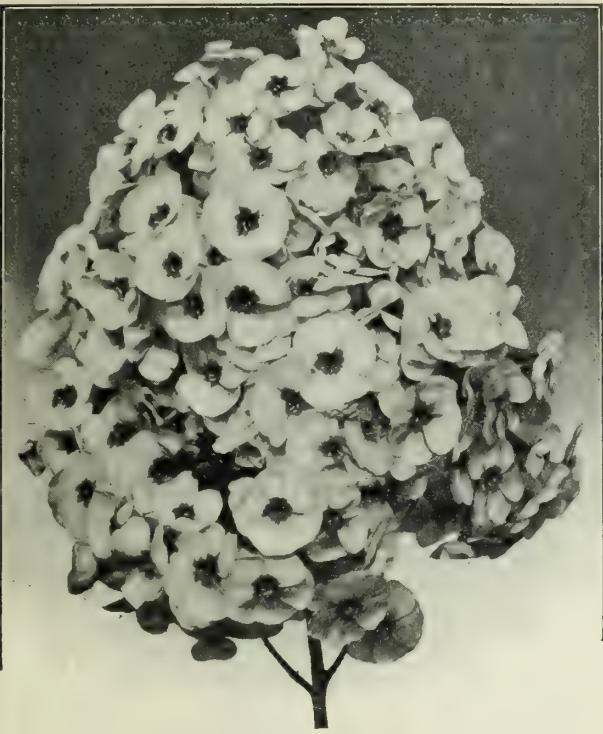
"Allegheny." New Fringed Perpetual-Blooming. A great improvement in Hollyhocks. The flowers come single, semi-double, and double. Each 20 cents; six for \$1.00.

MONARDA DIDYMA

An exceptionally fine hardy perennial for planting among bulbs or in a mixed border. The plant grows about $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet high, branching freely, and bears multitudes of bright red, showy flowers which are surpassed in intensity of color only by the cardinal flowers. For a mass of color it is very striking. Each, 15 cents; two for 25 cents.



MONARDA DIDYMA



PERENNIAL PHLOX

JAPAN IRIS

The flowers of the Japan Iris are of the richest colors, ranging from white to purple, with delicate markings and veinings, and quite different in form from those of the German Iris, being much flatter and larger. Some flowers are eight inches in diameter, and the most delicate and beautiful combinations of colors imaginable. Named varieties, including both double and single, each, 25 cents; per dozen, \$2.50.

Beauty. Double. Pure white, veined rich violet.

Kaleidoscope. Purple and white.

Maiden's Blush. Single. Creamy white, veined light red violet.

Mount Fell. Rich violet blue, suffused white.

Naomi. Double. Intense purple, shading to violet.

Oddity. Single. Dark purple, slightly freckled white.

Snowbound. Single. Pure white.

Sunset. Single. White, veined and flecked with violet.

GERMAN IRIS

A good old flower, handsome and as many hued as some of our finest orchids. Perfectly hardy. They bloom in May and June, when there is always a scarcity of flowers. Plant three inches deep. Each, 20 cents; six for \$1.00.

Celeste. Light blue.

Harlequin. Lavender, lower petals striped purple.

Madcap. Lavender and purple.

Phidias. Bright yellow, lower petals mahogany.

Sappho. Lavender, lower petals rosy purple.

Souvenir. Old gold and purple.

Teresita. Lavender, lower petals purple.

EULALIA. Handsome, tall, ornamental grasses for the open lawn, or to be grown in clumps in the borders of shrubbery. Their exceedingly graceful habit of growth, large tassel-like plumes, and elegant colors, give them a tropical appearance.

Japonica zebra. Stripe or marking is across the leaf instead of lengthwise.

Japonica variegata. This variety, except that the variegation of the leaf is lengthwise, is very similar in style and growth to E. Japonica zebra.

Gracillima univittata. The most beautiful of all the Eulalias. Foliage narrow, dark green, with a silvery white midrib.

Each, 20 cents; one plant each of above three for 50 cents.

EUPATORIUM ACERATOIDES. A useful border plant, producing large heads of handsome white flowers in August and September. Each, 20 cents.

PERENNIAL PHLOX

Our friends who remember the old-fashioned Perennial Phlox of our grandmother's garden would hardly recognize the beautiful varieties grown to-day as bearing any resemblance to them. The improvement has been truly wonderful. Instead of the small, dull-hued flowers of olden times, we now have immense trusses, all bright and showy, the individual flowers three times the size of the old varieties, and the colors ranging from purest white to violet. With Perennial Phlox a show of brilliant flowers can be had from June until November, as they are perpetual bloomers. Perfectly hardy.

Strong field-grown plants, each, 20 cents; per dozen, \$2.00.

Coquelicot. Bright scarlet.

Cross of Honor. White, striped with lilac.

Cyrano. Large, perfect flowers; pink, with crimson center.

Eclaireur. Flowers of immense size, carmine, salmon center, rosy white star.

Enchantress. White, crimson eye.

Esclamonde. Rosy lilac, shaded white; large purple center surrounded with white halo.

Fabrihant Wiesse. Carmine, shaded violet.

Isabey. Orange-salmon, center purplish crimson.

King of the Purples. A fine shade of purple.

Lothair. Red, crimson eye.

Miss Lingard. White, early.

Obergarter Wittig. Rosy magenta, carmine eye.

Pantheon. Salmon rose.

Premier Ministre. Rosy white, center crimson.

Pluton. Violet purple.

Richard Wallace. Pure white with distinct violet eye.

Sportsman. Crimson, purple eye.

Sunset. Large pink flower, with crimson eye. Very free and early-flowering. Good habit. Tall.

The Pearl. The finest pure white variety.

Teddy. Rosy white, with carmine eye, tips of petals sometimes striped with crimson. Fine form and truss.

HARDY PINKS

These pinks are perfectly hardy, and will remain in the open ground all winter without protection. The foliage has a beautiful metallic shade of bluish green. The flowers are in perfection about the last of June, and remain in bloom a long time. They are very desirable for their beauty and fragrance.

Comet. A fine shade of red, flowers double, clove scented. Each, 20 cents; two for 30 cents; dozen, \$1.50.

Her Majesty. Flowers very large, fringed, very double, and pure white. Fragrance delicious, clove-scented. Long stiff stems support the flowers.

A rival of the Carnation. Each, 20 cents; two for 30 cents; dozen, \$1.50.

Souvenir de Sale. Flowers a delicate soft rosy pink, being fully as large as a Carnation; beautifully formed, very double, and exceedingly useful for cutting. One of the best Pinks. Each, 20 cents; two for 30 cents; dozen, \$1.50. One each of above three varieties for 40 cents.

Two New Everblooming Hardy Pinks

Remarkable for their free and continuous blooming. They are in bloom from June until November.

Delicata. A soft delicate rose.

White Reserve. A nicely fringed white.

Each 20 cents. One each Delicata and White Reserve for 35 cents.

SHASTA DAISY

A new hardy perennial. The plants can be increased by division of the roots, and will thrive in almost any soil, blooming better and more abundantly each season and continuing in bloom for several months. The flowers are pure white, with a bright yellow center, average about four inches in diameter, and are borne on long, stiff, wiry stems. Valuable for cutting, remaining fresh for two weeks or more. Each, 20 cents.

SILVER RIBBON GRASS

A new ornamental grass; perfectly hardy, much whiter and more attractive in every way than the old-fashioned ribbon grass, as it holds its beautiful color and marking through the entire season and does not run to seed. Grows from 12 to 15 inches high, making it especially desirable for the edgings of beds, walks, etc.; also for lawn vases, window boxes, etc. Each, 20 cents; dozen, \$2.00, postage paid; hundred, \$15.00, charges not prepaid.

EUPHORBIA COROLLATA. Very useful for bouquets. In bloom from July to October. Flowers white, small and star-like, in lovely sprays. When made up with colored flowers they add a peculiar charm to a bouquet or vase. Should be in every garden. Each, 20 cents; two for 30 cents.

FOXGLOVE. Digitalis. A highly ornamental perennial plant of stately growth. Excellent for planting in shrubberies and other half-hardy places. The racemes of flowers are often two feet in length. Each, 20 cents.

CHINESE PÆONIAS

The Chinese Pæonias are desirable on account of their large size, fine colors, and profuse blooming. They are perfectly hardy, and will succeed on any ground unless so wet that the water will lie on the surface in the winter and spring. May be planted either in the autumn or spring. Extra fine roots, each, 30 cents; per dozen, \$3.00; except as noted.

Amabilis grandiflora. Outer petals flesh color, center delicate straw.

Beaute Francaise. Pink, center fringed.

Buyckii. Rose, center salmon and rose.

Comte de Paris. Bright rose.

Dr. Bretonneau. Rose.

Duchess de Orleans. Violet-rose; center salmon.

Elegantissima. Cream and rose.

Festiva alba. Pure white. 35 cents.

Fuligida. Crimson, large flower. Each, 35 cents.

Limbatata. Rose; large and fine.

Madame Morren. Outer petals blush, center salmon.

Nivallet. Rose; very fine.

Officinalis rubra. Rich deep crimson, very early, and one of the brightest of the dark-colored varieties.

Perfection. Rose, center salmon, marked purple.

Plenissima rosea superba. Deep rose, tinged salmon.

Pulcherrima. Rose.

Rosa mutabilis. Rose and pink shaded.

Tenuifolia flore-pleno. Foliage graceful and slender, making a fine contrast when arranged with the double dark crimson flowers, that nearly rival the Rose in delicate perfume, perfection of bloom, and brilliancy of color. Blooms earlier than other varieties. Each, 50 cents; two for 90 cents.

Triomphe du Nord. Violet and rose; large and fine.

Variegata plenissima. Rose and pink shaded.

RUDBECKIA

GOLDEN CLOW. (*Rudbeckia laciniata flore-pleno*). A beautiful hardy perennial, eight feet high, blooming from July to September. Flowers double, deep golden yellow, borne on long stems, making it suitable for cutting. One of the most effective decorative plants for garden or lawn. Each, 20 cents; two for 30 cents; dozen, \$1.50.

Newmani. Single, golden yellow, with black center; grows about eighteen inches high. Each 20 cents.

Purpurea, or Giant Purple Cone Flower. Flowers reddish purple. Two to three feet high. Each 20 cents.

SPIRÆA

Palmata Elegans. A beautiful hardy, free-flowering plant, with sweet scented white flowers and red anthers. Useful for cut flowers, and excellent for the hardy herbaceous border. Each, 20 cents; per dozen, \$2.00.

Venusta. A showy red-flowering species, very fragrant. Each, 20 cents; per dozen, \$2.00.

STOKESIA CYANEA Cornflower Aster

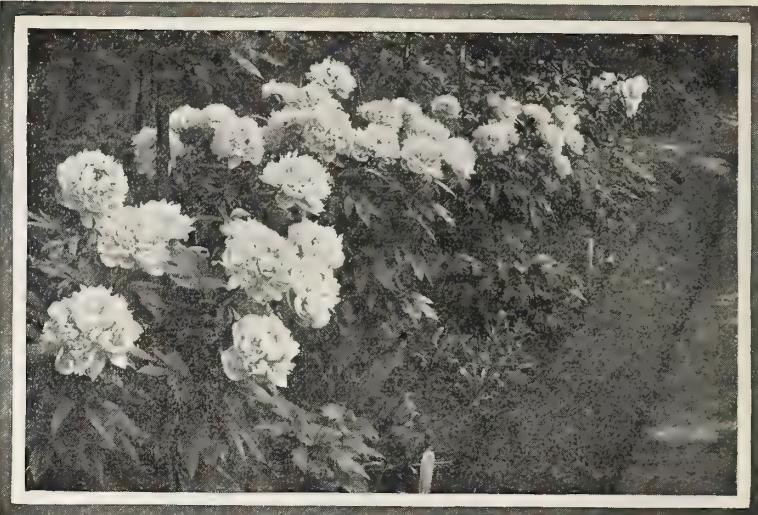
One of the most valuable of the native hardy plants, growing from 18 to 25 inches high, and of the easiest culture, succeeding in any open sunny situation. The flowers are borne profusely from July until frost, are of a handsome lavender-blue color, and measure from four to five inches in diameter. The Stokesia is not only desirable as a single plant, but makes a fine effect in beds or masses. See page 64 for illustration. Each, 20 cents.

TRITOMA—Flame Flower

Pfitzeri. A grand improvement on the old Tritoma Uvaria grandiflora, or Red Hot Poker. The flower spikes, which are produced with considerably more freedom than in the old variety, are of gigantic size, frequently four and a half feet high, with heads of bloom over twelve inches long, of a rich orange-scarlet, shading to salmon-rose on the edge. Each, 25 cents; dozen, \$2.50.

McOweni. A charming variety, very early to come into bloom, stems long, truss rather loose; color orange-scarlet and yellow. Each, 25 cents; dozen \$2.50.

CAILLARDIA GRANDIFLORA. Among the most attractive and effective of our hardy perennial plants. Will thrive in almost any position or in any soil. One mass of bloom from June till autumn. Flowers from $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter, borne on long stems, and of gorgeous coloring. Excellent for cutting. Each, 20 cents.



CHINESE PÆONIAS IN HIGHLAND PARK, ROCHESTER

VIOLETS

Flower freely early in the spring. Set plants in spring or autumn. Bloom well in the house if not too hot and dry. Each, 20 cents; dozen, \$1.50.

California Violet. Strong, vigorous grower, entirely healthy. Flowers large-sized; very prolific; color clear violet-purple, which does not fade: intensely fragrant; single.

La France. The flower is a rich violet-blue color, and delicately violet-scented. The plant is of strong, vigorous growth, and free in bloom. Perfectly hardy.

Russian. Very large, double, deep purple flower of exquisite fragrance.

GYPSONOPHILA PANICULATA. Gypsophilas are valuable for bouquet making, either green or dried. They are very graceful and easily cultivated. Should be in every garden. Flowers white. Each, 20 cents.

LARKSPUR. Delphiniums are valuable plants for the herbaceous garden, and will give perfect satisfaction to any one who grows them. Their long spikes of flowers are produced from June until frost.

Formosum. The finest blue known among our hardy plants. Each, 20 cents.

Bee Larkspur. Remarkable and interesting, the petals being folded up in the center of each flower so as to resemble a bee. Flowers lighter than Delphinium formosum. Each, 20 cents.

LYCHNIS CHALCEDONICA. Produces large heads of brilliant scarlet flowers. A gem for cut flowers. Each, 20 cents; dozen, \$2.00.

LOBELIA CARDINALIS. Cardinal Flower. Flowers rich fiery cardinal color. Each, 20 cents; dozen \$2.00.

PENTSTEMON BARBATUS TORREYI. Most useful hardy perennial, blooming from June until autumn, with panicles of brilliant scarlet flowers. Very fine. Each, 20 cents; per dozen, \$2.00.

PLATYCODON GRANDIFLORUM. The Chinese Bell Flower. In bloom the entire season. The flower resembles the Clematis in size and color. Two varieties, blue and white. Each 15 cents.

PRIMULA VERIS SUPERBA is probably a hybrid Primrose, having the habit of a Polyanthus and the pale yellow color and the fragrance of the English Primrose. The plant is ten to twelve inches in height, is perfectly hardy, and flowers earlier and continues in bloom longer than any other Primula. Each, 20 cents; per dozen, \$2.00.

PAPAVER—Poppy. Oriental. The well-known Oriental Poppy. Flowers scarlet. Each, 20 cents.

VERONICA SPICATA. An elegant border plant. Long spikes of deep blue flowers. Each 20 cents; dozen, \$2.00.

YUCCA FILAMENTOSA. Erect plants with sharp-pointed leaves; will endure the winter in most parts of the country; sends up a strong stem bearing large, pure white, bell-shaped flowers. Strong one-year-old roots, 25 cents; strong two-year-old roots, 50 cents.

At Prices quoted in this Catalogue, we Prepay Postage or Express charges, unless otherwise noted.

PLANT LILY BULBS eight or nine inches deep. Many fail in this particular, setting the bulbs so near the surface that the frosts of winter almost throw them out of the soil. The Lily throws out roots from the stalk above the bulb, and these serve the double purpose of supplying nutriment to the plant and of bracing and sustaining in position the heavy weight of the blossoms.

The soil for Lilies should be made rich with old, well-decayed manure, thoroughly incorporated with the soil; but fresh dressing must never be used, nor must any come in contact with the bulbs. They should be set on and surrounded by a layer of pure sand. When the ground freezes in the fall, apply a covering of stable litter or leaves, which may be forked in in the spring, thus supplying enrichment to the soil. For \$1.00 at single rates purchasers may select to the amount of \$1.25.

Philippense. (New.) This beautiful lily was brought to this country from the Philippine Islands about two years ago. We tested several bulbs on our trial grounds, and indoors for forcing, and in both cases they proved entirely satisfactory. The plant grows about two feet high, with a delicate, grass-like foliage, and is exceedingly graceful in appearance. The flowers are pure white, resembling *Lilium Harrisii*, but longer and more slender, the average length being about nine inches, and measuring from six to seven inches in diameter. Price, each, 25 cents; dozen, \$2.50.

Auratum. The magnificent gold-banded Lily of Japan, freely spotted with crimson-red; sweet-scented. Blooms about July 15th. Large bulbs, each, 20 cents; dozen, \$2.00. Extra large bulbs, 30 cents; dozen, \$3.00.

Auratum Platypodium (new) is a close ally to *L. Auratum*, but is larger and finer in every respect. The flowers are from ten to twelve inches across and with much broader petals, studded with crimson-chocolate spots. The leaves are broad and lustrous. It is no doubt the finest lily in its class. Each 30 cents; dozen, \$3.00.

Canadense. Our native Lily, flowers drooping, delicate scarlet, yellow throat, spotted black. Blooms July 10th. Each 15 cents; dozen, \$1.25.

Elegans atrosanguineum. Very dark red. Blooms July 1st to 15th. Each, 20 cents; dozen, \$2.00.

Elegans Batemanii. A beautiful Japanese variety; flowers upright, of clear apricot yellow; strong and hardy; should have a place in every garden. Blooms about July 15th. Each, 15 cents; dozen, \$1.50.

Elegans. Best Light Red. Light red. Blooms about July 1st. Each, 15 cents; dozen, \$1.50.

Elegans incomparabile. Blood-red. Blooms July 1st. Each, 15 cents; dozen, \$1.50.

Elegans Wallacei. Flowers rich vermillion-orange, spotted maroon. Blooms in the autumn. Fine. Each, 20 cents; dozen, \$2.00.

Hansoni. This is a rare early-flowering species, of a beautiful yellow color, petals very thick, dotted with purple. One of the handsomest varieties. Blooms second week in June. Each, 75 cents; dozen, \$7.50.

Humboldti. Orange, spotted claret. Extra fine. Each, 30 cents; dozen, \$3.00.

Japonicum longiflorum. White, trumpet-shaped. Blooms about 20th of July. First size, each, 20 cents; dozen, \$2.00. Second size blooming bulbs each 10 cents; dozen, \$1.00.

Leichtlinii. Canary-yellow, spotted red. Very rare. Each, 30 cents; dozen, \$3.00.

Leichtlinii Maximowiczii. Salmon-scarlet, with large purple dots. Blooms from August till frost. Each, 20 cents; dozen, \$2.00.

Pardalinum. The best of the Canadense class. Yellow and red spotted. Blooms about July 10th. Each, 15 cents; dozen, \$1.50.

Parryi. Pure lemon-yellow, long trumpet-shaped flower; very fine. Each, 30 cents; dozen, \$3.00.

Speciosum rubrum. White and rose, dark crimson spots. Blooms August 15th. Each, 15 cents; dozen, \$1.50.

Speciosum Melpomene. Crimson, spotted with deep blood-red; each petal distinctly bordered with white. Same habit of growth as *rubrum*. Stems dark and color of flower much deeper. Each, 15 cents; dozen, \$1.50.

Speciosum Magnificum. (New.) Recently discovered on one of the numerous Japanese Islands; is a new and much improved type of *L. Speciosum Melpomene*, but very much richer in color. The flower stems are more vigorous and erect and the leaves larger. Each, 20 cents; dozen, \$2.00.

Speciosum album. White. Blooms August 15th. Each, 20 cents; dozen, \$2.00.

Superbum. Yellow and orange-red; drooping. Three to six feet high, bearing from five to twenty flowers. Blooms July 15th. Each, 15 cents; dozen, \$1.50.

Tenuifolium. One of the most beautiful and delicate of the early-flowering varieties. Flowers dazzling vermillion-scarlet, suspended from slender graceful stems; they are so bright as to attract attention from a great distance. Blooms about June 1st. Each, 20 cents; dozen, \$2.00.

Tigrinum splendens. Improved Tiger Lily. Blooms about August 1st. Each, 10 cents; dozen, \$1.00.

Tigrinum fl. pl. Double Tiger Lily. Blooms about August 15th. Each, 15 cents; dozen, \$1.50.



L. AURATUM PLATYPHYLLUM

LILY OF THE VALLEY

Hardy perennial. Sweet, delicate, and graceful. When planted out of doors set the pips six inches apart and two inches deep in a partially shaded place. For house culture plant in pots, about one inch apart, in moss or sand, and water freely; then set the pots out of doors where they may freeze a day or two; after which bring them in doors, and after thawing, water freely and set in a sunny place in the window. Pips can be ordered in December for house culture, or in spring or fall for garden culture. Pips, half dozen, 25 cents; dozen, 40 cents; fifty, \$1.40; hundred, \$2.50.

DAY LILIES

The Day Lilies are superb autumn flowers, desirable for planting on the side of a lawn or at the edge of shrubbery.

Funkia alba (White Day Lily). Broad, light green leaves. Flowers large, pure white; fragrant. Each, 20 cents.

Funkia Japonica. Light blue, with narrow foliage. Each, 20 cents.

Funkia undulata media picta. Lavender. Foliage light green, beautifully variegated with white. Each, 25 cents.

Yellow Day Lily (Hemerocallis flava). A fine hardy plant, producing an abundance of large, golden yellow flowers. Sometimes called Lemon Lily. Each, 20 cents.

The above four sorts for 70 cents.

At these prices we prepay the Postage or Express charges.

THREE HANDSOME LILIES OF RECENT INTRODUCTION

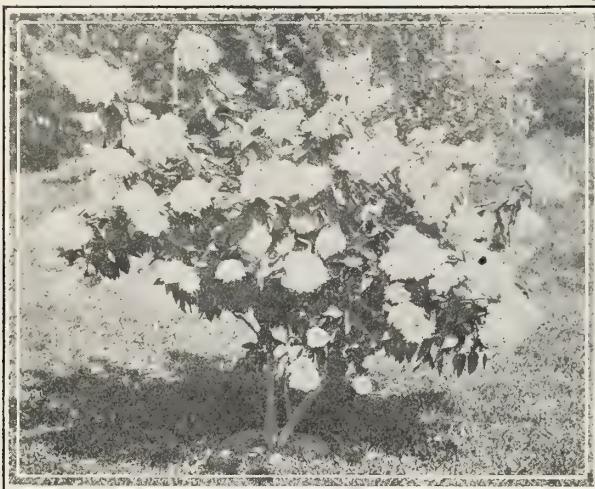
To customers who desire the very newest things in their garden these will prove extremely satisfactory.

Lilium Auratum Platypodium. Each 20 cents.

Philippense. Each 25 cents.

Speciosum magnificum. Each 20 cents.

One bulb of each for 60 cents, postpaid.



HYDRANGEA

Paniculata Grandiflora. One of the finest hardy shrubs in cultivation. The flower trusses are immense heads from nine to twelve inches in length, and nearly as broad. Color purest white, afterward changing to deep pink as the season advances. It blooms in July, at a time when no other shrub is in flower, and remains beautiful until destroyed by frost. Hardy as a lilac bush. The plants we offer will all bloom the first season. Prices according to size. First size, each, 50 cents; two for 80 cents. Second size, each, 25 cents; three for 60 cents.

Arborescens. (Grandiflora Alba.) This magnificent hardy American Hydrangea is the most beautiful hardy flowering shrub introduced in many years. It attains a height of five to six feet, and about the same breadth. It is of far more graceful habit than *Hydrangea paniculata grandiflora*. The form of the panicle is much like that of *Hydrangea Hortensis*. Trusses large and beautifully formed; the blooms are of the very largest size, puresnow-white; the foliage is finely finished. Strong, one-year plants, each, \$1.00.

HARDY AZALEAS

Azalea mollis. This splendid species from Japan brings an abundance of very large and beautiful flowers very early in the spring, and is one of our most gorgeous flowering shrubs. The bright flowers of various colors are borne in clusters before the leaves appear in May. Free by express. Each, \$1.25; dozen, \$12.00.

KERRIA JAPONICA

Japan Globe Flower. A graceful dwarf shrub, bearing yellow flowers the entire season.

Argentea variegata. A dwarf variety, with small green foliage edged with white. Flowers single, yellow.

Each, 25 cents; the set of two for 40 cents.

SPIRÆA

Spiræa arguta. Dwarf. Flowers clear white and freely produced. The best very early-flowering white Spiræa.

Anthony Waterer. New Crimson Spiræa. The most valuable hardy ornamental shrub recently introduced. Grows from twelve to fifteen inches high, in a compact, bushy form. It is a perpetual bloomer, bearing large clusters of bright crimson flowers all through the season. A valuable plant for bedding and borders.

Billardi. Flowers rose-colored, in terminal spike-like panicles, produced nearly all summer.

Billardi alba. Similar to Billardi; flowers white.

Blue. (Caryopteris mastacanthus.) The finest blue flowering shrub we have. Makes neat, compact bushes, 18 to 24 inches high.

Douglasi. Four or five feet high. Flowers rose-colored.

Van Houttei. A vigorous plant that sends up numerous tall, slender shoots, which curve gracefully, and the last of May or in June are literally covered with pure white flowers, making the bush a mass of bloom.

Each, 25 cents.

HYACINTH TREE

Zanthoceras sorbifolia. A valuable hardy shrub. If better known would be in every garden. From five to eight feet in height. Blooms early in spring. Flowers bell-shaped, one inch broad, in clusters about eight inches long, resembling those of the Horse Chestnut as well as those of the Hyacinth, completely covering the plant. Petals crumpled, white, marked with yellow, changing to purple at the base. Foliage light green. Each, 60 cents.

SNOWBALL

Japanese Snowball (Viburnum plicatum). The bush is of lower and more compact growth than the old Snowball, and better furnished with foliage. The flowers are somewhat larger than those of the common form and of a purer white; remain longer in good condition. Each, 30 cents.

Viburnum Opulus sterilis. The well-known Snowball. Produces large clusters of snow-white flowers in May. Each, 25 cents.

TAMARIX

Hardy shrub, with very graceful and handsome feathery foliage. The plant flowers so freely that in the early summer it is one mass of pink bloom, completely hiding the foliage. Invaluable for planting by the seaside, where very few plants will grow. Each, 30 cents; dozen, \$3.00.

ALTHEA. Rose of Sharon. Beautiful erect-growing shrubs, of the easiest culture, bearing large, showy flowers early in the fall. Very desirable because of flowering when few other shrubs are in bloom; and unsurpassed by anything in the Hardy Shrub line. Double Red, Double White, and Single White, each, 30 cents.

BERBERIS THUNBERGII. A handsome low-growing form of Barberry of Japanese origin. Foliage abundant, leaves small, obovate; flowers reddish; berries bright crimson. In autumn the leaves turn a bright red and make a great display. A beautiful plant for the lawn or the front of the shrubbery, or for a low-growing ornamental hedge. Each, 25 cents.

CALIFORNIA PRIVET. A strong, vigorous, hardy plant. The best plant known for hedges. May be trimmed to any form, is nearly evergreen, thornless. A fast grower, and without the objectionable features of other hedge plants. Fine habit and foliage. Three-year plants, two and a half to three feet high, \$6.00 per 100, \$55 per 1000, express not prepaid. Two-year plants, fifteen inches high, \$4.00 per 100, \$35 per 1000, express not prepaid.

CALYCANTHUS FLORIDUS. Sweet-Scented Shrub. Also known as Carolina All-Spice. Height six to eight feet; handsome foliage; leaves and young wood aromatic; flowers about one inch in diameter, dark purple or chocolate. Strong plants, each, 25 cents.

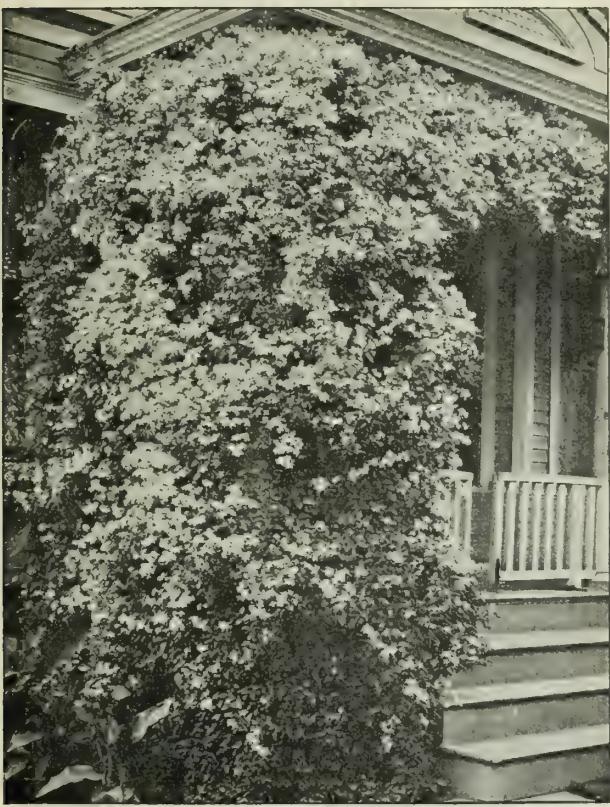
LILAC. Purple. The old Purple variety. Each, 25 cents.

PURPLE FRINCE. Smoke Tree. A spreading shrub, completely covered in summer with large, feathery, purplish panicles, having the appearance of clouds of smoke. Each, 25 cents.

SYRINGA GRANDIFLORA. Flowers pure white, fragrant. A very popular shrub. Each, 25 cents.



CALIFORNIA PRIVET



CLEMATIS PANICULATA

AMPELOPSIS

Veitchii (Japanese or Boston Ivy.) This hardy variety clings firmly to the side of a house or wall, and will soon form a perfect mass of foliage. The leaves overlap with wonderful regularity. In autumn this beautiful climber assumes its greatest beauty, changing until it is a glowing mass of the brightest shades of crimson, scarlet, and orange. Hardy. Strong vines, 25 cents; two for 40 cents; dozen, \$2.00.

Quinquefolia, or **Virginia Creeper**. Sometimes called American Ivy and Woodbine. A rapid grower. Foliage crimson in autumn. Each, 20 cents.

AKEBIA QUINATA. A Japanese, hardy, climbing plant, with purplish flowers, purplish mottled berries and handsome compound leaves composed of five leaflets. An interesting plant. Each 25 cents.

CHINESE MATRIMONY VINE. A vigorous and hardy climber. Flowers bright purple, succeeded by scarlet berries nearly one inch long. Excellent for trellises. Each, 25 cents; two for 40 cents.

IVY, German or Parlor. An old favorite for hanging baskets and vases. Tender. Each, 15 cents.

English. The old popular variety. Hardy. Each, 20 cents; two for 30 cents; two-year old plants, each 40 cents; two for 60 cents.

JASMINE. *Jasminum grandiflorum*. A favorite greenhouse climber or house-plant everywhere; one of the sweetest of flowers. Foliage fine; flowers white, star-shaped and very fragrant, blooming from November till May. Easy of culture. Tender climber. Each, 20 cents.

MANETTIA VINE. *Manettia bicolor*. A beautiful twining plant, flowers from one to two inches in length, of the most intense fiery scarlet, with bright yellow tip. As a pot plant to train on a trellis it is unrivaled. In the open ground it succeeds admirably. Tender. Each, 20 cents; two for 30 cts.

PERENNIAL PEA. Flowers pink, in clusters. Hardy. Each, 15 cents; two for 25 cents.

SMILAX. A popular and well-known climber. Foliage of a dark glossy green, used largely with cut flowers, wreaths, etc. Excellent for parlor or window culture. Tender. Each, 15 cents; dozen, \$1.50.

CLEMATIS

The Clematis is the favorite climber of the world. It makes a rapid growth, producing its showy flowers in great profusion. In the fall give the plants a good top-dressing of well-rotted manure. The following spring spade it in carefully, mixing well with the soil, and it will prove very beneficial. Hardy.

Henryi. Fine large cream-white flowers. The best white variety. A strong grower, and very hardy; a perpetual bloomer. Each, 50 cents.

Jackmanni. Flowers large, intense violet-purple; produced in great profusion; blossoms from four to six inches in diameter. The most beautiful hardy climber in cultivation. Each, 40 cents.

Madame Edouard Andre. A valuable new variety; distinct new color; fine bright crimson, with no purplish shade about it. Large flowers, borne so profusely that it is called Crimson Jackmanni. Each, 40 cents.

Paniculata. A remarkably beautiful climbing plant. Flowers pure white, star-shaped, about one inch in diameter, borne very freely in large clusters; will last several days as cut flowers, retaining their freshness and fragrance. The plant is a strong, quick grower. One of the most desirable and useful of climbing plants. Each, 25 cents; two for 40 cents; per dozen, \$2.00.

The Set of four Clematis for \$1.30.

DUTCHMAN'S PIPE

Aristolochia Siphon. The Aristolochia is a floral curiosity. It is a rapid-growing hardy climber, attaining a height of thirty or more feet. It has large leaves, ten inches across, with curious pipe-shaped, yellowish-brown flowers an inch and a half long. Strong plants, first size, each, 50 cents; per dozen, \$5.00. Strong plants, second size, each, 30 cents; per dozen, \$3.00.

HONEYSUCKLE

The different varieties of Honeysuckle are esteemed among the most desirable hardy climbers. They grow with great freedom in any good garden soil. Hall's Japan Honeysuckle is remarkable for the persistency of its leaves, the foliage usually remaining green and apparently perfect long after severe freezing weather. On this account it is very desirable to train over a porch.

Heckrottii. New Sweet Scented Everblooming Honeysuckle. A magnificent variety, the finest yet produced. Remarkable for the large size and delicious fragrance of its flowers; color bright carmine red, with yellow and buff markings at the ends of the tubes. A healthy and vigorous grower and blooms continually the whole season. Each 25 cents.

Hall's. An evergreen variety from Japan. Flowers pure white, changing to yellow. Very fragrant. Each, 25 cents; two for 40 cents; per dozen, \$2.00.

IPOMOEÀ—Moonflower

Ipomoea Bona Nox. Offered under various names, such as Good Night, Evening Glory, and the like. It is a beautiful, vigorous climber, producing large, pure white, sweet-scented flowers at night and on dull, cloudy days. To keep over winter, the plant must be cut back, the roots potted, and kept in a growing condition. Tender climber. Each, 20 cents; dozen, \$2.00.

Ipomoea Leari (Blue Moonflower). A splendid companion to plant with *Ipomoea Bona Nox*. Flowers six inches across, of intense violet-blue, with reddish purple rays. Tender climber. Each, 20 cents; per dozen, \$2.00.

One plant each of *Ipomoea Bona Nox* and *Leari* for 30 cents.

MADEIRA VINE

A beautiful tender climber, covering a large space in a short time. Fleshy, light green, heart-shaped leaves, and numerous racemes of feathery white flowers of delicious fragrance. Plant the tubers about the 15th of February in a small box, give them plenty of water, and keep them in a warm place; on sunny days set the boxes out of doors. As soon as danger of frost is over, set them in the open ground. Tubers, each, 5 cents; per dozen, 50 cents.

NASTURTIUM—Double

Golden Wonder. One of the finest plants grown for covering rockeries or trellises. The color is a bright golden yellow, with a dash of scarlet in the center of each petal. Flowers perfectly double, and borne in great numbers throughout the whole year. Tender. Each, 20 cents.

Sunbeam. A strong, vigorous, climbing vine, resembling the common Nasturtium in habit and foliage. The flowers are one or two inches in diameter, perfectly double like Roses, and borne in great profusion all through the season. The color is a beautiful shade of bright orange-red. Tender. Each, 20 cents.

One plant of each of the two varieties for 30 cents.

WISTARIA SINENSIS

The Chinese Wistaria is a strong, rapid grower, desirable for trellises, porches, etc. When well established it blooms profusely. The light purple flowers are very showy, and are produced in long racemes. A large plant in bloom is a beautiful sight. Perfectly hardy. Extra strong roots, 30 cents.

TRUMPET VINE. *Tecoma radicans*. A fine, hardy, climbing plant, producing clusters of large, trumpet-shaped, orange-scarlet flowers about three inches long. The foliage is also very beautiful. This plant on the lawn makes a pretty bush if the tops are cut back. Each 25 cents.

HARDY ROSES

THE flowers of the Hybrid Perpetual class are generally large, double, and very fragrant; and being perfectly hardy, these Roses may be planted out in the open ground and left all winter without any protection, and will for years continue to yield an immense crop of flowers in June, and many of them will bloom freely throughout the season. If you wish to have flowers constantly in bloom, you must feed them well to bring them to perfection; they must have a very rich soil if you wish them to do their best. Do not let them suffer for want of water during the growing season; this is a matter of great importance.

Strong 1-year field grown, each 25 cents; per dozen, \$2.50

Strong 2-year field grown, each 40 cents; per dozen, \$4.00

Except where noted.

American Beauty. One of the largest and most beautiful of the hardy Roses. Flowers very large and double, and delightfully fragrant. Color a rich rosy crimson. Plant a strong grower and continuous bloomer. It will make a much stronger growth if not allowed to bloom the first summer. Pinch off the larger portion of the buds,—better, all of them. This will not be necessary the second season, as the plant will then be strong enough to make both growth and bloom. We offer two sizes of plants:

Young plants, from 2½-inch pots, each, 20 cents; two for 35 cents; Extra strong plants, each, 50 cents; two for 80 cents.

These latter are larger and better than any before grown by us. The demand for this Rose is so great that we thought something extra would find purchasers. It is the most popular variety in America to-day.

Anne de Diesbach (Glory of Paris). Brilliant crimson; long pointed buds; large, finely-formed, compact flowers; very sweet; free bloomer. Valuable for forcing, and a superior garden sort.

Baron de Bonstetten. A splendid shade of dark red, changing to velvety maroon. 2-year plants only.

Caroline Marniesse. There is not a week from late in May till the middle or latter part of October that large quantities of blossoms cannot be picked from these plants. Growth low and somewhat spreading, making it especially valuable for the borders of beds, also very effective for massing in any position. The flowers are pure (or slightly creamy) white, of medium size, very double, and sweetly tea-scented.

Coquette des Alps. White, sometimes tinged with pink; flowers in clusters.

Clio. Flowers large, of fine globular form; flesh-color, shaded in center with rosy pink. Vigorous grower and handsome foliage. One of the finest new Roses. 2-year plants only. 50 cents each.

Francois Levet. Cherry-red; flowers of large size, well formed; very free bloomer and of vigorous growth. An excellent Rose.

Gen. Jacqueminot. Rich crimson-scarlet, very bright and velvety. It produces beautiful buds that are much admired, and in great demand.

John Keynes. Dark velvety-crimson. Plant very sturdy and compact. A free and prolific bloomer.

La France. Silvery rose, changing to pink; beautiful both in flower and bud. A most constant bloomer. 2-year plants only.

La Reine. A beautiful, clear, bright rose; full form; very fragrant.

Madame Plantier (Hyb. China). Summer bloomer; pure white.

Marchioness of Lorne. Remarkable for its continuous and free-blooming qualities; strong grower and free from disease. Flowers extremely fragrant, and of a rich, shining rose, shaded vivid carmine. The finest of its color.

Marchioness of Londonderry. A white, free-flowering Hybrid Perpetual. Flowers of great size, measuring five inches across, perfectly formed and carried on long stems; color very white; petals of great substance, shell-shaped and reflexed. Highly perfumed. Growth vigorous and foliage very handsome. One of the finest. 2-year only. 50 cents each.

Magna Charta. A general favorite, prized on account of its strong, upright growth and bright healthy foliage, as well as for its magnificent bloom. The color is a beautiful bright pink, suffused with carmine.

Margaret Dickson. Distinctively a garden Rose, and the best white Hybrid Perpetual; combining the sterling qualities of entire hardiness, very vigorous growth, and repeated blooming, with the fragrance, beauty of form, and waxy texture of the finest Tea Roses. The flower is of magnificent form and very large. In color it is the most beautiful waxy-white, shining with almost the luster of a pearl. 2-year only.

Mrs. John Laing. Delicate pink; large, fine form; very fragrant. Flowers continuously in the open ground. 2-year only.

Mrs. R. G. Sharman Crawford. Deep rosy pink, outer petals shaded pale flesh; white at base. Strong growth; continuous bloomer. 2-year only.

Paeonia. Bright clear red; very sweet; one of the finest.

Paul Neyron. Probably the largest Rose in cultivation, and one of the best bloomers. Color a bright shining pink, clear and beautiful. The plant is an exceptionally strong grower, often making shoots four to five feet in one season, each shoot bearing an immense flower. A rose we highly recommend. **Prince Camille de Rohan.** Rich, dark, velvety crimson, shading to maroon; very double and sweet. 2-year only.

Ulrich Bruner. Brilliant cherry-red; fine form and finish. Plant vigorous and hardy. One of the best.

Vick's Caprice. Flowers large, soft satiny pink, distinctly striped and dashed with white and carmine. It is beautiful in the bud form, being long and pointed, showing the stripes to great advantage. Blooms continuously through the summer. Desirable for cutting. 2-year only.

Killarney

A grand new Hybrid Tea Rose, perfectly hardy and a perpetual bloomer. The color is a bright sparkling pink; flowers very large, and the buds long and pointed. Two-year plants, 60 cents each.

Frau Karl Druschki

A new hardy Rose and a grand variety. The flowers are large and full; buds long; color a pure white. The plant is a very vigorous grower and produces flowers throughout the entire season. Two-year plants, 50 cts. each.

Baby Rambler, or Dwarf Crimson Rambler Madame Norbert Levavasseur

This beautiful novelty produces clusters of flowers as large as the old Crimson Rambler. The color is charming brilliant red, and it blooms with great profusion. This rose blooms all summer, and is bound to be the most popular bedding Rose ever sent out. As a pot Rose it has no equal, as it is a continuous bloomer. Strong young pot plants, 15 cents each; per dozen, \$1.50; one-year old field-grown plants, 50 cents each; per dozen, \$5.00.



BABY RAMBLER ROSE

Ideal Rose Collection

Many of our customers have but small space to devote to Roses, and are therefore anxious to purchase only the choicest varieties and colors. With this object in view we have selected the following eight fine varieties. Descriptions will be found in the Hardy Rose list.

Persian Yellow.	Coquette des Alpes.
Ulrich Brunner.	Gen. Jacqueminot.
Baron de Bonsetten.	Margaret Dickson.
Crimson Rambler.	La France.

Eight 2-year plants, \$3.00.

Beauty Collection of Hardy Roses

Magna Charta.	Francois Levet.
Paul Neyron.	Prince Camille de Rohan.
Coquette des Alpes.	La Reine.
Anne de Diesbach.	Mrs. John Laing.

Eight strong 2-year plants, \$3.00.

Favorite Collection of Hardy Roses

Caroline Marniesse	La Reine
White Rambler	Madame Plantier
Francois Levet	Magna Charta
John Keynes	Henri Martin, Moss

Eight strong 2-year plants, \$2.50.

Kaiserin Augusta Victoria

Pearly white, softly tinted with lemon in center; fragrant. A strong, healthy grower, with bold, beautiful foliage. Particularly hardy, and one of the most beautiful Roses in cultivation. Each, 15 cents; per dozen, \$1.50. Strong plants, 50 cents; per dozen, \$5.00.



NEW PINK RAMBLER ROSE LADY GAY

CLIMBING ROSES

The hardy Climbing Roses grow with great rapidity, and will cover an old building or wall in a very short time. They bloom after the Hybrid Perpetuals, and produce their flowers abundantly in large clusters.

One-year plants, 25 cents each; per dozen, \$2.50; Two-year plants, 40 cents each, or two for 75 cents.

Baltimore Belle. Pale blush, nearly white.

Queen of the Prairies. Rosy red. Fine.

Everblooming Climbers

Each, 15 cents; the set for 60 cents.

America. Fawn-colored flowers; buds beautiful; very strong grower. Empress of China. The best of the large-flowering varieties. Flowers bright pink. After the plants have become established, it blooms continuously throughout the summer. Hardy. One of the best.

James Sprunt. Flowers deep cherry-red, medium-sized and full, very double and sweet. A strong grower and profuse bloomer.

Mary Washington. Flowers pure white, of medium size, perfectly double, and borne on long stems. Fragrance tinged with a musky odor. Rapid, vigorous grower. Hardy. Perpetual bloomer.

Climbing White Pet. Very rapid climber, making a wonderful growth, often ten to fifteen feet the first year. Blooms profusely. Flowers pure white, of medium size, very double, ever-blooming, and fragrant. Hardy. Bound to become a great favorite.

Dorothy Perkins

A hybrid of Rosa Wichuraiana and Mme. Gabriel Luitz. In its foliage, growth, and habit of blooming, it is remarkably like Crimson Rambler, but the flowers are more double and of a beautiful shell-pink color, and hold a long time without fading. The flowers are also very sweetly scented, a characteristic not possessed by most other Roses of the Rambler family.

Strong young plants, each, 25 cents; per dozen, \$2.50.

Two-year plants, each, 40 cents; per dozen, \$4.00.

Climbing Clothilde Soupert

This grand new hardy everblooming Rose is undoubtedly one of the most beautiful and satisfactory of all the hardy ever-blooming climbing Roses yet introduced. The flowers are similar to the well-known Clothilde Soupert, borne in clusters, and are of very large size. Color beautiful creamy-white, deepening in the center to a clear bright pink, and sometimes both red and white Roses are borne on the same bush.

Strong young plants, each 15 cents; per dozen, \$1.50.

Extra strong plants, from 4-inch pots, each 40 cents; per dozen, \$4.00.

The Rambler Roses

The Ramblers have grown in favor so rapidly and are so well known that it is not necessary to devote space to a long description of these wonderfully beautiful and useful hardy climbers. They are suitable for training on walls, verandas, trellises, arbors, and pillars, and as specimen pot plants for winter forcing. The flowers are well formed and, though small, are produced in so great profusion as to present an immense mass of bloom. Many of our customers report that single plants when in bloom showed thousands of flowers.

Crimson. White. Yellow. Pink.

Each, 15 cents; set of four for 50 cents.

Two-year plants, each 40 cents; set of four for \$1.50.

Lady Gay, a New Rambler

The following is from the introducer's description: "A seedling from the popular Crimson Rambler, which it resembles in habit and general effect. The flowers are of a delicate cherry pink color, which fades to soft white. The foliage is very profuse and of a glossy deep green shade. The effect of a plant in full bloom, with the combination of the soft white flowers, the cherry-pink buds, and the deep green foliage, is indeed most charming. As will be seen from the accompanying illustration, the flowers are very numerous and of good size; they are also delicately perfumed. The plant is a vigorous grower and perfectly hardy. This is a rose of the highest merit, and far superior to the Crimson Rambler. This is a new color in a Rose, of which one will not become tired, as is the case with the Crimson Rambler." Each, 35 cents.

Helene, the New Climbing Rose

A seedling from Crimson Rambler. It is of very robust growth, throwing up canes ten to fifteen feet high in a single season. The color is a pure soft violet-rose, almost blush; base of petals yellowish. The buds are carmine, finely ciliated or mossed, and are borne in clusters of from twenty-five to fifty. Perfectly hardy.

One-year plants, each, 25 cents; per dozen, \$2.50.

Philadelphia Rambler

This Rose is a cross between the popular Crimson Rambler and the fiery crimson Hybrid Perpetual Victor Hugo, and is identical with the Crimson Rambler except that the color is a brighter crimson, and never fades; is a valuable acquisition to the list of climbing Roses.

One-year plants, each, 25 cents; per dozen, \$2.50.

Two-year plants, each 40 cents; per dozen, \$4.00.

New Hardy Everblooming Rose Gruss an Teplitz

Color a rich scarlet, shading to velvety crimson; very fragrant; a free, strong grower, and the most profuse bloomer known to us, blooming continually, and covered with flowers the whole season. The mass of color produced is truly phenomenal, and the foliage extremely beautiful, all the younger growth being of a bronzy plum-color. Each, 15 cents; per dozen, \$1.50.

New Hardy Yellow Rose Soleil d'Or

Soleil d'Or is a cross between Persian Yellow and Antoine Ducher. It retains a good deal of the character of Persian Yellow, the bark and wood being reddish, the thorns very fine, the foliage more ample, and the leaves, of a beautiful clear green, are closer together. This magnificent variety is perfectly hardy, robust, and vigorous, making a growth of about three feet in height. The buds are conical-shaped, of a lovely hue, the flower when expanded being well incurved and about three and a half inches in diameter. Superb in color, varying from gold and orange-yellow to reddish gold, shaded with nasturtium-red.

Strong plants, each, 50 cents; per dozen, \$5.00.

Persian Yellow

The Rose of our mother's gardens, and one that should be in every garden to-day. In the craze for new varieties many of the fine old sorts are neglected for those of more recent introduction, and in many instances they are inferior to the old standard varieties. Flowers nearly double, borne in immense clusters. Color a deep golden yellow. The plants are a perfect mass of flowers in June.

Strong, 2-year plants, each, 50 cents; dozen, \$5.00.

Polyantha Roses

Each, 15 cents; per dozen, \$1.50.

Clothilde Soupert. Flowers of medium size, double, and beautifully formed, oval at first, but flattening as they expand; the color is pearly white at the outer edge, shading to a center of rosy pink, sometimes varying to nearly pure white. Very fragrant. Constant bloomer.

Madame Cecil Brunner. Plant of dwarf growth, excellent for bordering beds. Color salmon-rose on a yellow ground. This Rose is very fragrant.

White Soupert. Pure white, full and double flowers; fragrant.

Yellow Soupert. Flowers very double, bell-shaped, and open like a Camellia. Petals tinted white on a beautiful light yellow ground, extending to middle of petals. Plant dwarf and free-flowering.

Hermosa Set of Bedding Roses

15 cents each; set of four, 50 cents.

The old favorite Hermosa has long been held in high esteem. We offer four Roses of the Hermosa type. They are among the best bedders, and produce their flowers abundantly all summer.

Crimson Hermosa (Queen's Scarlet). Flowers large, and of a fiery scarlet, a color seldom seen in Roses. One of the very best red Roses for bedding.

Pink Hermosa. One of the best known of all Roses grown. Perfectly hardy, and as free-flowering as a Geranium. It combines everything most desirable in a Rose except fragrance. The color is a pleasing shade of pink.

White Hermosa (Marie Lambert). Resembles the Pink Hermosa in form and freedom of bloom. Valuable as a bedding or pot variety. Pure white.

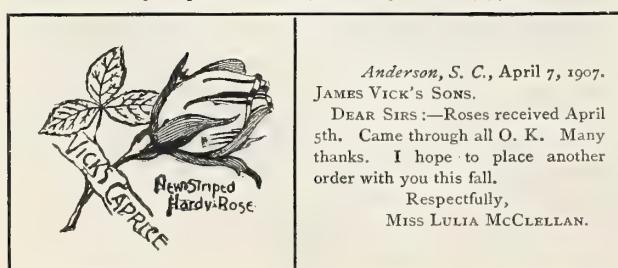
Yellow Hermosa (Coquette de Lyon). A most charming yellow Rose, a free grower, and has elegant buds. Very prolific bloomer. Canary-yellow.

Wichuriana or Memorial Rose

A Japanese variety of value and distinction. Its stems creep on the ground, after the habit of Ivy. The flowers grow in profusion, in clusters at the ends of the branches. Flowers pure white, with yellow stamens, and very fragrant. Valuable for use in cemeteries and covering rockeries, etc. Hardy.

One-year plants, 25 cents; per dozen, \$2.50.

Two-year plants, each, 40 cents; per dozen, \$4.00.



MOSS ROSES

The peculiarities of the Moss Roses are the delicate prickles which crowd their stems, and the beautiful mossy covering of their opening buds. They are strong, vigorous growers, and are perfectly hardy.

One-year plants, each, 25 cents; per dozen, \$2.50; two-year plants, each, 40 cents; per dozen, \$4.00.

Comtesse de Murinain. Flowers white, sometimes tinged with flesh-color; large, double, cupped; buds heavily mossed. One of the best Moss Roses.

Henri Martin. A magnificent Moss Rose. Extra large, and perfectly double.

Color a deep rosy carmine, shaded a bright crimson.

Princess Adelaide. Pale rose. Good in the bud and flower. Foliage dark.

White Bath. The extra large, full, very double flowers, of the purest snowy white, come in large clusters, and are delightfully perfumed.

Cumberland Belle

A grand true Climbing Moss Rose. A sport from that pretty Moss Rose, Princess Adelaide. Fully equals in vigor of growth the Crimson Rambler and other rampant growers. In color it is a bright silvery rose, very double, the buds nicely mossed and exquisitely fragrant.

Strong 1-year plants, each, 25 cents; per dozen, \$2.50.

Strong 2-year plants, each, 40 cents; per dozen, \$4.00.

Monthly Roses

Dozens of flowers can be cut from a bed of Monthly Roses every day, from June to November. To be successful with Monthly Ever-blooming Roses, you must have rich soil for them to grow in. Old, well-rotted manure, is the best fertilizer; a bright, sunny location; and in hot, dry weather, a good thorough soaking with water each day; and you will have plenty of delightfully fragrant flowers.

Fine strong plants, 15 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen.

Small capitals are as follows to indicate classes: T, Tea; H. T. Hybrid Tea; C, China; B, Bourbon; N, Noisette.

Bon Silene. Rich crimson shade, beautifully tinged with salmon. T.

Bridesmaid. An improved Catharine Mermet. Clear delicate pink, with large, handsome pointed buds on long stiff stems. T.

Catherine Mermet. One of the finest varieties, with buds of the largest size and handsomest form; fragrant; petals gracefully recurved, so as to show a lovely bright pink center, shading to a very light pink. T.

Duchess de Brabant. Bright rose, with coppery-yellow center.

Francisca Kruger. Flowers large, coppery yellow, shaded with peach. T.

Gen. de Tارتas. Carmine, shaded purple. T.

Jules Finger. Bright rosy scarlet and intense crimson.

La Princess Vera. Rich ivory-white, shaded with coppery yellow, veined with pale blush and carmine.

Marion Dingee. One of the best dark-colored, early-blooming bedding Roses. Flowers of good size, perfect cup-shaped, and borne in profusion.

Color deep crimson, changing to carmine in the mature flower.

Madame Camille. Soft rosy pink. T.

Maman Cochet. Deep rosy pink, the inner side of petals silvery rose. T.

Marechal Neil. Yellow, tea-scented. T.

Marie Guillot. White, tinted with pale yellow; large, full, and of fine shape. T.

Mary Washington. Large, double, snow-white Rose, constantly blooming, very fragrant, and with an agreeable musky odor. N.

Meteor. The deepest glowing crimson; flower of medium size, very double, petals slightly recurving. Best rich red Rose. H. T.

Papa Gontier. Brilliant carmine, changing to pale rose; reverse of petals purplish red. Popular on account of the size and form of its buds. T.

Perle des Jardins. Rich shade of yellow; very perfect in form. Free grower and very profuse bloomer. Extra fine. T.

Princess de Sagan. The richest crimson Rose in our collection; indeed it is unmatched in its velvety richness; could well be termed the "Velvet Rose."

Princess Bonnie. One of the finest dark-colored Tea Roses. The color is a solid crimson. A great favorite.

Rainbow. Deep pink, striped with crimson and toned with rich amber; very fragrant. Of strong growth; free-flowering habit. T.

Souvenir du President Carnot. Tea Rose of strong growth. Flower large, double, and exquisitely shaped, deliciously fragrant; color, rosy blush, darker at center. Very fine bloomer. Quite hardy.

Sylph. Delicate pink; flowers large with a high center and deep stiff petals.

The Bride. A sport from Catherine Mermet and identical therewith except in color. Flowers large, pure white, borne on long, stiff stems, very fragrant. T.

White Maman Cochet. This grand new Tea Rose is a sport from Maman Cochet. Flower extremely large, round and full; a pure white. T.



Tender Plants and Bulbs



AGERATUM, LITTLE BLUE STAR

AGERATUM

Little Blue Star. The most beautiful of all Ageratums; of dwarf bushy habit, never attaining a height of over 6 to 8 inches. It is extremely free-blooming, the individual tufts are large and dense; the color is an intense blue, the most beautiful ever seen in Ageratums. Each 15 cents; per dozen, \$1.50.

ASPARAGUS

Sprengeri. One of the most rapid-growing plants that we know of, making great masses of fine feathery foliage in a very short time. The stems grow several feet in length, and are valuable for use in cut-flower work. Fine for hanging baskets or large pots. As a house plant it has no superior, as it withstands the indoor temperature well. Each, 20 cents; two for 30 cents.

Plumosus nanus, or Lace Fern. Beautiful on account of its light feathery growth, which very much resembles lace. The graceful dark green foliage surpasses the Maiden Hair Fern in delicacy of texture. Splendid as a pot plant and for decorative purposes. Each, 20 cents; two for 30 cents.

BEGONIA REX—The King of Begonias

The Rex varieties are very effective as pot plants. Care should be taken to keep the foliage free from dust. Occasionally the plants may be showered, but should not be exposed to the sun until the leaves are perfectly dry. We have several distinct varieties of the Rex Begonia.

Each, 25 cents; three for 60 cents.

CARNATIONS

The delicately rich and grateful odor, in connection with the beautiful colors and perfect outline of the Carnation, secures for it a prominent place in all collections of plants, either for the house or garden. It is one of the sweetest of flowers, and yields an abundance of bloom all summer. The plants may be potted in September, watered and shaded a few days, and they will bloom all winter, in a bright sunny window. Our list embraces a large assortment of colors, and the best of the standard varieties.

Each, 15 cents; three for 35 cents; seven for 70 cents; unless otherwise noted. The set of eighteen for \$1.50.

American Flag. Regularly striped with scarlet and pure white.

Boston Market. Pure white. A marvel for early and continuous blooming.

Eldorado. Beautiful shade of yellow.

Enchantress. Delicate shade of shell-pink, deepening towards the center; very large flower.

Francis Joost. Bright pink; early and free.

G. H. Crane. A model scarlet Carnation. Flowers produced on stiff stems sixteen to eighteen inches in length. An early and continuous bloomer.

Genevieve Lord. Flowers unusually large, three to four inches in diameter, of perfect form, and never burst. They are of a beautiful shade of pink, and are borne on very long stiff stems.

Harlowarden. Large flower of bright crimson, with scarlet shadings.

Lady Bountiful. Pure glistening white.

Morning Glory. Very light pink.

Mrs. Thomas W. Lawson. Immense size—from three to four inches in diameter—long, strong stems. Bright cerise-pink, lighting up beautifully under artificial light.

Prosperity. Blooming qualities marvelous; ground color white, overlaid with pink in mottles to the center.

Peru. Pure white. A fine variety and easy to grow.

Red Jacket. A strong, robust grower; color brilliant scarlet.

The Queen. Pure white; flowers very large.

The Marquis. The flowers average three inches in diameter; color a bright, clear, exquisite shade of soft rich pink. Stem very strong.

William Scott. In color it is a clear, delicate, rosy pink.

Five New Carnations

Cardinal. Brilliant bright scarlet; flowers perfect and very large.

Dorothy Whitney. Deep yellow, with faint markings of light pink.

Fiancée. Clear bright pink; flowers of immense size.

Mrs. M. A. Patten. Pure white, beautifully marked with cerise pink.

Variegated Lawson. Identical in habit and growth with Mrs. Thomas W. Lawson. Color, pure white, striped and marked pink.

Each, 20 cents; the set of five for 75 cents.

COLEUS

Two Grand Bedding Varieties

Anna Pfister. Leaves are pointed with deep scalloped edges, giving it a Croton-like appearance. Color of the foliage is a bright golden yellow, intermingled with green and crimson. Habit of growth compact and bushy. Each, 15 cents; per dozen, \$1.00.

John Pfister. The same character of foliage, growth and habit as the Anna Pfister, the difference being in the coloring of the foliage, which is a bright crimson, edged and topped with old gold. Very striking. Each, 15 cents; per dozen, \$1.00.

One each of the above Coleus for 25 cents.

FUCHSIA

No class of plants are more graceful and elegant than the Fuchsias. The striking contrast of their colors,—white, carmine, rose, and purple,—renders them perfectly charming. Each 15 cents; dozen, \$1.50.

Avalanche. Corolla violet; sepals crimson.

Black Prince. Corolla redish rose; sepals carmine.

Bouquet. Flowers of beautiful form; sepals a clear coral color; corolla blue.

Buffon. Tube and sepals bright scarlet, corolla white with pink tinge.

Gigantea. The tube and sepals carmine; corolla magenta.

Jeanne Summary. Tube and sepals bright crimson scarlet, corolla white.

Jupiter. Tube and sepals scarlet; corolla rich royal purple. Extra large size.

Little Beauty. Tube and sepals bright red; corolla rich purple.

Mary. A decided novelty and a profuse bloomer. The drooping flowers, over two inches long, are a brilliant crimson-scarlet, and stand out prominently against the dark green foliage. A fine addition to the winter garden.

Rosalind. Tube and sepals white; corolla magneta-pink.

Victor Hugo. Flowers large, very double; sepals bright crimson; the center or corolla violet-purple, marbled with red. A unique and beautiful flower.

HELIOTROPE

Prized for its fragrance. It is a favorite with everyone. Heliotropes require a sunny location, as they do not do well when grown in the shade. Very desirable for house culture, a single plant filling a whole room with perfume.

Lady Cook. Dark violet.

Madame de Blonay. Pure white

Each, 15 cents; three for 35 cents; dozen, \$1.25.

FEVERFEW. Little Gem. A dwarf variety; growing from eight to twelve inches high. Flowers large, and of the purest white. Each 15 cents; dozen, \$1.25.

CANNAS

FOR a brilliant show all summer there is no plant excelling the Canna; it even surpasses the Geranium in its gorgeous display of brilliant colors, blooming continuously from the time of planting until cut down by frost. For window boxes, or grown as specimens for the porch, they are unsurpassed.

New and Rare Cannas

Each, 20 cents; per dozen, \$1.75; set of six, 90 cents.

Black Prince. A magnificent variety. In color intense dark velvety maroon, almost black; extra large flowers; large bold trusses. Leaves dark green, edged with purple.

Cherokee. A royal beauty. Color dark maroon, very deep and rich. Foliage green.

Evolution. The flowers are beautiful, the ends of the petals tipped with rich golden yellow, which shades in through various tints of canary, lemon, and sulphur to a center of blush pink. The flowers are rich in appearance, and when seen in contrast with the dark red leaves the effect is doubly striking.

Pennsylvania. The flowers are pure deep scarlet, of immense size, and borne on tall branching spikes. This Canna belongs to the Orchid-flowered type, and is of American origin.

Queen of Holland. Makes handsome plants, growing from two and a half to three feet high, with fine bronze foliage. The trusses are branching, and produce large heads of deep orange-colored flowers.

Rosemawr. Flowers extra large, having broad, well-rounded petals. The color is bright rosy pink, mottled with rose, shading to a rich golden yellow at the throat. The trusses are immense, and borne just the right distance above the foliage to show to the best advantage.

The Best of the Standard Varieties

Each, 15 cents; dozen, \$1.50; except where noted.

Alphonse Bouvier. On first opening the flowers are intense brilliant crimson, but change to a beautiful deep crimson as they more fully expand, and produce spikes of enormous flowers in wonderful profusion.

Black Beauty. The darkest and most handsome colored foliage of any of the Cannas. A rare and magnificent variety. Rich glowing crimson flowers. Each, 25 cents; dozen, \$2.25.

Beaute Poitevine. Bright crimson, with erect flower-spikes. Blooms early and continuously. An ideal Canna for bedding.

Brandywine. Dark bronze leaves; the flowers an intense vinous red, beautifully dappled with deep crimson.

Chas. Henderson. Brilliant crimson flowers, contrasting finely with the deep green foliage.

Cinnabar. Cinnabar red, distinctly marked with golden yellow.

Fairfield. Rich dark crimson flowers; foliage green.

Florence Vaughan. Flowers well-opened and of the most brilliant golden yellow, dotted with brightest scarlet, and produced in continuous succession. Four feet high.

J. D. Cabos. Height four feet. Color of flower light orange; good-sized trusses, borne fairly well above the foliage. One of the freest bloomers among bronze Cannas. Foliage deep bronze-purple. A valuable sort.

Mile. Berat. The nearest approach to a pink in a first-class bedder; foliage green; four feet.

Madame Crozy. The plants commence to bloom when scarcely a foot in height, and when the plant reaches its natural height, which is about four feet, it is crowned with a blazing array of beautiful crimson-scarlet and gold-bordered flowers. The foliage is bright green, broad and massive.

President Meyer. Remarkably prolific bloomer. Both flowers and trusses are of immense size; the flowers are of a pleasing, rich cherry-carmine; foliage bronze.

Philadelphia. One of the finest crimson Cannas. Well-balanced truss of splendid, large, open flowers. Height about three feet. Foliage green.

President Faivre. Flowers amaranth-red; foliage bronze. A strong, erect grower, especially adapted to massing and as centers of beds. Six feet high.

Queen Charlotte. Strong, compact grower, with green foliage. Flowers are large, with broad petals. The center of the petal is a brilliant crimson-scarlet, shaded with crimson and bordered with a wide belt of gold. Three feet high.

Robusta. A very fine, tall-growing, dark-leaved variety, eight to ten feet high.

Semaphore. A decidedly new and novel color in Cannas. The flowers are of a pure orange color, and are produced in large trusses. Foliage in light shade of bronze. Very showy.

Orchid-Flowered Cannas

Each, 15 cents; set of three for 35 cents.

Alemannia. These gigantic flowers are the largest grown on Cannas. They are a fine yellow, beautifully mottled with orange-scarlet. On the inside of the blooms the color is nearly a scarlet, sometimes reaching to the edge of the petals. Outside of the petal is yellow. Height of plant about five feet.

Burbank. Flowers very large, equal to Italia; rich canary-yellow, spreading seven inches; will continue to bloom a week after cutting. A strong grower, with wide, rich green leaves; four feet high.

Parthenope. Flower are extra large and of good substance. Color dark orange, shaded with yellow; showy and distinct; four feet.

Canna Beds

Many of our customers write us in regard to the number of Cannas that it requires to fill a bed of certain dimensions. In answer to this question we offer the following suggestions: *Plant Cannas about 18 inches apart each way; the tall varieties for the center of bed, and the dwarf growers for the border.*

For a round bed 7 feet in diameter it will take 19 plants.

For a round bed 10 feet in diameter it will take 27 plants.

For a round bed 13 feet in diameter it will take 61 plants.

For a 7-foot bed we will send postpaid 19 plants in three different varieties, for \$2.25.

For a 13-foot bed we will send postpaid, or free by express, 61 plants in five different varieties, for \$6.50.

FERNS FOR DECORATION

Ferns cannot be dispensed with in elaborate decorations for the parlor. A single plant of the Dwarf Boston Fern is as useful in producing a graceful effect as any plant we know of. In planting a fernery do not crowd them, but give them room for the development of the fronds; their growth is rapid, and many varieties soon double their original size. Be your own florist and fill your fern dishes at home. Five of the best and hardiest varieties are sufficient to fill a fern dish eight inches in diameter. **Each, 15 cents; the set of six for 75 cents.**

Adiantum cuneatum. The popular Maidenhair Fern.

Aspidium Tsussimense. A pretty species with dark green foliage.

Cyrtomium Falcatum. Large green glossy leaves.

Pteris Cretica albo-lineata. A pretty and useful variegated variety; leaves green and white.

Polystichum setosum. Foliage dark green.

Pteris Wimsetti. Fine for fern pans and house culture; finely crested.

The New Dwarf Boston Fern, *Nephrolepis Scotti*

A very dwarf and compact form of the Boston Fern. The fronds are short and narrow, of a graceful recurring form. Plants of small size make nice specimens in a short time. For house culture we recommend it as a plant that will please all, and one of the best that we offer this season. Strong young plants each, 20 cents; dozen, \$2.00.

New Ostrich Feather Fern, *Nephrolepis Barrowii*

This beautiful fern may be described as a dwarf form of *Nephrolepis Piersoni*. The leaves are wide and the decided feathery appearance of the plant is very striking. A wonderful variety and should be in every collection. Each, 20 cents; per dozen, \$2.00.

Nephrolepis Piersoni. The fronds are a rich green in color, and are more finely cut and divided than are those of the Boston Fern. It is a free and quick grower, succeeding admirably as a house plant. Each, 20 cents; dozen, \$2.00.

Nephrolepis Whitmani. The plump appearance of the foliage makes this variety unquestionably the most striking among all the *Nephrolepis*. The plant is quite dwarf in growth, and the leaves very wide; a grand fern. Each 30 cents; two for 50 cents.

Boston Drooping Fern. One of the most satisfactory of decorative plants for house culture. The handsome green fronds attain a length of four to five feet, and droop so gracefully over on every side that it is often called the Fountain Plant. It always has a fresh, healthy appearance, and is very attractive. Fine plants, each, 20 cents; dozen, \$2.00.

Special offer. We will send one fine plant each of the above five ferns for 75 cents.

HYDRANGEA

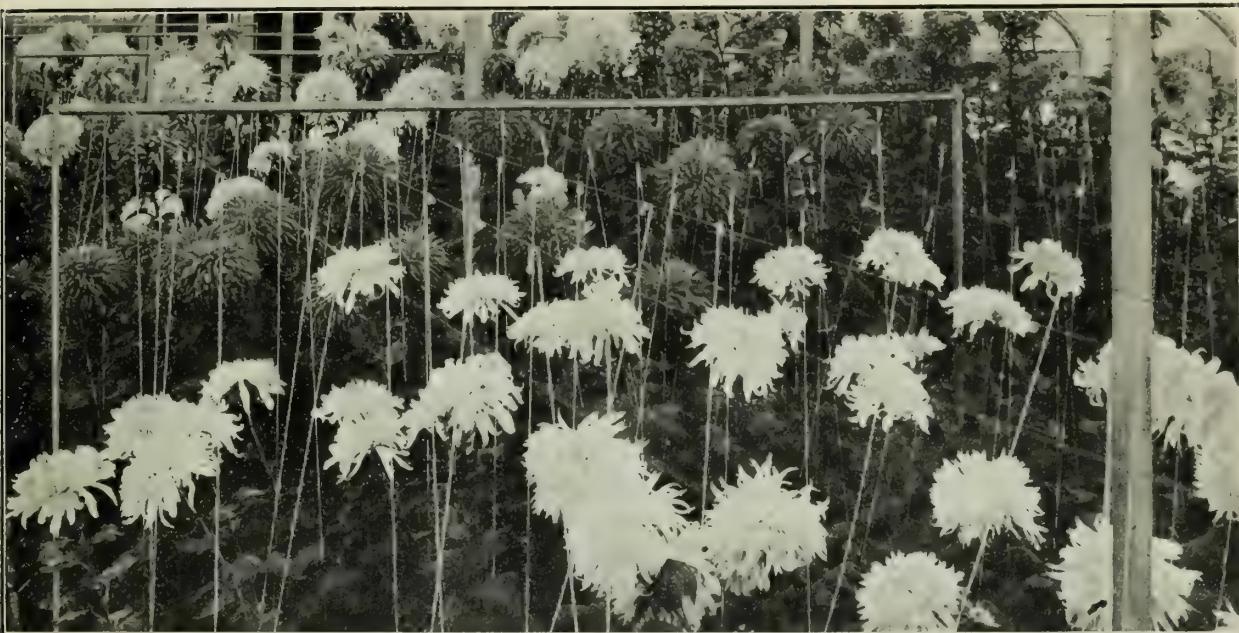
Hardy south of Philadelphia, but are grown at the north as pot plants. Their immense heads of bloom make them very conspicuous. A little shade and plenty of water seems to meet all their needs. Put in the cellar in the fall. For decorative plants on a piazza or porch they produce a fine effect.

Each 15 cents; the set of three for 35 cents.

Jeanne d'Arc. New, a sport from the old favorite Thomas Hogg, having dark reddish brown stems like Red-Branched. Foliage and flowers much larger and more vigorous than either. Flowers pure white, very effective against the dark green foliage.

New Red-Branched (*Ramulus-coccineis*). The smallest plants bear immense trusses of bloom. The branches are of a dark red color, brightening to a clear crimson near the flower heads, which are a beautiful shade of deep rose.

Otaksa. A Japanese variety, with large clusters of pale pink flowers.



HOUSE OF CHRYSANTHEMUMS, AT BLOOMING SEASON

CHRYSANTHEMUMS

WHO does not admire the "Queen of Autumn," the handsomest of all autumnal flowers, and easily cultivated in almost any soil? In warm seasons it flowers well in October and November in the open ground. But a good way is to cultivate the plants in the garden, with plenty of room, in good, rich soil, until the first of September, when they may be safely transferred to pots. Give a thorough watering and set in a shady place for a few days, after which they may be exposed to the full light.

Each, 15 cents; dozen, \$1.25; eighteen for \$1.75

Alice Byron. A magnificent snow-white variety.

Adrian. A very closely incurved Jap., exceedingly striking in appearance. Creamy white. Its perfect contour, closely incurved petals, large size, and high rounded center, are certain to meet general approval.

Col. D. Appleton. A grand yellow, incurved, of enormous size. Early.

Cullingfordii. Rich crimson, shade scarlet.

Gettysburg. Deep crimson. Flower flat with drooping outer petals.

Ivory. Dwarf. Free-flowering, snow-white, incurved, very large, perfect form.

J. K. Shaw. Large incurved flowers of a beautiful shade of pink.

Major Bonnaffon. Soft, yellow, incurved type; flower large and full, of short-jointed growth and splendid foliage.

Marie Liger. An extra large, globular, Japanese variety, with broad petals, deepening to rosy lavender at the base of the petals; stem and foliage perfect.

Maud Dean. Extra large flowers, petals broad, incurved; color light rose.

Mrs. Elmer D. Smith. An immense Japanese incurve of perfect form; full, double, high rounded center. Color, intense yellow.

Mrs. Jerome Jones. Waxy white; good stem and perfect foliage.

Mrs. W. B. Chamberlain. Outer petals drooping, center incurving, forming a bloom of large size. The color is a lovely shade of pink, very distinct.

Nagoya. Very large Japanese; golden yellow.

Pink Ivory. Beautiful shell-pink. A sport from White Ivory.

Providence. Light nankeen yellow; immense flower.

Red Warrior. Large; broad, flat petals of deep rich chestnut red.

Timothy Eaton. The largest globular Japanese variety yet raised; color creamy white.

Wm. H. Chadwick. Immense striking bloom of waxy-white.

Wm. Duckham. A sensational variety; flowers of the largest size; color pink; very fine.

Willowbrook. An early white Japanese variety; flowers of good substance.

This is the best early white variety grown.

Yanoma. Very large, pure white. The latest of all Chrysanthemums.

Yellow Queen. A yellow Japanese incurved variety, of large size.

Hardy

Pompon Chrysanthemums

These are the very best of all Chrysanthemums for planting out of doors, and also very desirable for growing as pot plants, being dwarf, compact growers, and free bloomers. They are perfectly hardy, blooming before severe frosts will hurt the flowers.

Each, 15 cents; dozen, \$1.25; set of eighteen for \$1.75.

Ada. Deep, clear yellow; small, but a pretty and interesting flower.

Amelia. Blush-pink.

Anna Mary. Creamy white, tipped pink.

Crimson Ball. Beautiful deep crimson.

Delicatissima. Center deep wine color, outer petals delicate pink.

Drin Drin. Smallest; pure yellow.

Druid Hill. Light mahogany-crimson.

Edna. White, with pink shadings and yellow center; good size and nice form.

Fairy Queen. Beautiful combination of pink and yellow.

Gold Finch. Golden bronze.

Gold Standard. Deep golden yellow.

Julia Lagravere. Crimson-maroon.

Maid of Honor. Blush white.

Pink Beauty. Fine pink and white.

Prince of Wales. Pure white.

Soeur Melanie. Dwarf; pure white.

St. Illoria. Silvery pink.

Tissi. Pink, golden yellow center.

OTAHEITE ORANGE

The great beauty, novelty, and popularity of this plant is indeed wonderful. It blooms most freely during winter, though it is likely to bloom at any and all times of year. With one or two pots of it anyone can raise an abundance of delicate and fragrant orange blossoms. It is a dwarf orange, which grows, blooms, and fruits freely in pots. Fruit about one-half the size of ordinary oranges. Strong plants, each, 20 cents; extra strong plants, each, 35 cents.

NEW PARIS DAISY or MARGUERITE Queen Alexandra

Large pure white flowers from two and a half to three inches in diameter. The same plant produces single, semi-double and full double flowers. A very fine novelty. Each, 20 cents; two for 35 cents.

OLEANDER. *Splendens variegata.* Large, double, pink flowers, produced early in the season; glossy green leaves with a broad margin of creamy white. Each, 20 cents; two for 30 cents.

Double Pink. The old variety. Each, 15 cents; two for 25 cents.

GERANIUMS

THE improvement in the Geranium, both in the size of the individual flower and the truss, is wonderful when compared with the flower of a dozen years ago. Many of the single flowers are larger than a silver dollar, and the trusses are immense balls of living color; while in color we find from the purest white to delicate rose, brilliant scarlet, richest crimson, and many other shades. The foliage varieties are also much improved. The bronze-leaf, with its margin of gold, zoned with chocolate and crimson, are very fine. The ivy-leaved section also shows great improvement, the flowers being equal in size and color to the best double and single Geraniums of the ordinary type.

Plants, each, 15 cents; three for 40 cents; six for 80 cents; twelve for \$1.50.

SINGLE.

Baronne de Scalibert. Salmon, white eye.
Gen. Galliene. Intense crimson.

General Grant. Scarlet. This old sort still retains popularity as a bedding. Jumbo. Very fine scarlet.

Marguerite de Layre. A fine, strong, free grower; pure white flowers.
M. P. Morlan. Large flower; bright rosy salmon, white center.
Queen of the Whites Improved. Pure white.

Telegraph. A pleasing shade of deep orange cerise; robust and free-flowering.

DOUBLE.

Beaute Poitevine. One of the finest of the semi-doubles. Trusses of bloom and individual flowers of immense size and fine shape. The color is a bright salmon-pink, delicately shaded and tinted from deep orange to pure salmon.

Centaur. A fine double pink.

Countess de Harcourt. Pure snow-white.

Double General Grant. Scarlet; fine bedding.

Heteranthe. Bright scarlet.

Jean Viaud. Flowers semi-double, brilliant rose, two beautiful white spots on upper petals, which add to its beauty. A prolific bloomer.

La Pilot. Very dark scarlet.

La Favorite. The best pure white.

Madame Jaulin. Center of flower delicate pink, bordered with pure white. For beauty this is unrivaled by any bedding sort; also valuable for pot culture.

Madame la Comtesse de Baume. A charming bright pink; fine large bloom.

Madame Landrey. Clear salmon, center shading to copper, with white eye.

Madame Buchner. Double; snow-white. A strong grower.

S. A. Nutt. Double. Brilliant deep blood-red, with maroon shadings. Rather tall; vigorous grower. Truss large. One of the finest bloomers.

Toronto. Bright salmon. Flowers and truss of large size. A grand bedding.

TRICOLOR.

LEAVES VARIEGATED. Prized for the beauty of the foliage, which is very handsome. For house or conservatory culture they are the best.

Mrs. Pollock. Flowers scarlet.

Happy Thought. A tricolor geranium, with very dark green foliage, having a light, creamy, almost white center, with a dark band about the light zone. It is a beautiful plant, and the flowers bright scarlet.

DOUBLE IVY-LEAF.

This class has thick, glossy, ivy-shaped leaves. The plants are drooping in habit, and excellent for baskets, vases, and house plants; not undesirable for lawn beds.

Jeanne d'Arc. White, suffused with lavender. Double.

Leopard. The flowers are large, semi-double, and borne in medium-sized trusses. The color is remarkable, being fully as rich as that of an orchid—a clear lilac-pink, the upper petals being heavily blotched with deep crimson, and marked with maroon dots. The plant is a strong and vigorous grower, and blooms abundantly.

Souvenir de Chas. Turner. Double; deep pink, maroon in upper petals.

SWEET-SCENTED.

Dr. Livingstone. Leaves finely divided, very fragrant.

Rose. This is the most desirable of the scented varieties.

Variegated Rose. Leaves green, bordered with white.

BRONZE.

The leaves of the Bronze Geraniums show the most beautiful shades of yellow or brownish red, the foliage being as handsome as the flowers.

Black Douglas. Flowers salmon. Foliage golden yellow; red zone.

Exquisite. Leaf light yellow ground, chocolate zone. Flowers salmon.

LARGE-FRUITED LEMON

Ponderosa

A true ever-bearing variety. On a plant six feet high no less than eighty-nine of these ponderous lemons were growing at one time. The tree was blooming, and at the same time had fruit in all stages of development, from the size of a pea up to the ripe fruit. Fruit weighing over four pounds had been taken from this tree. The lemons have very thin rind for such large fruit. It is the juiciest of all lemons, makes delicious lemonade, and for culinary purposes cannot be excelled. It fruits when quite small, and makes a lovely house plant. Thrifty young plants, each, 25 cents; two for 40 cents.

PALMS

First size, eighteen to twenty inches high; second size, eight to twelve inches high; third size, strong young plants from three-inch pots.

Sent by Mail or Express, charges prepaid, at prices quoted.

Kentia Belmoreana. Graceful arching leaves, with long, terete, shining, yellowish-brown petioles; divisions of the leaves, twenty to thirty in number, strap-shaped, deep green in color. This palm will stand a great deal of ill-usage and maintain a good appearance. First size, \$1.25; second size, 85 cents; third size, 35 cents.

Kentia Forsteriana. The beautiful "Thatch Palm," similar to the last, but the petioles are a brighter green and the leaf divisions narrower, more delicate and graceful. A handsome Palm for table decoration. First size, \$1.25; second size, 85 cents; third size, 35 cents.

Latania Borbonica. Has fan-shaped leaves, split into divisions at the apex, and frequently there are threads hanging between the divisions. A strong, vigorous plant, and makes a fine appearance in the window, or in contrast with other plants. First size, \$1.15; second size, 50 cts.; third size, 25 cts.

PRIMROSE

Mexican Primrose. A charming plant, which in freedom of bloom excels all others. Flowers almost three inches in diameter, cup-shaped; color bright pink, with scarlet veins and large, showy white center. A plant of easy culture. Each, 15 cents; two for 25 cents.

Primula obconica grandiflora. Perpetual blooming, bearing large trusses of flowers on long stems well above the foliage. Color pale lilac, shading to white. Requires cool temperature. Of easy culture. Each, 15 cents.

BABY PRIMROSE

Primula Forbesi. Needs but little care. It forms a dense rosette of fleshy leaves, from which spring the flower stems about twelve inches tall; delicate rosy-lilac flowers produced in great abundance. Each, 15 cents; two for 25 cents.

SILK OAK

Grevillea robusta. A beautiful plant for decorative purposes; of quick growth and very easy culture. The leaves are a light bronze color, the tips being covered with a soft down resembling raw silk, from which it derives the name of "Silk Oak." For the house it is unsurpassed. Each, 20 cts.; two for 30 cts.

SALVIA

Each, 15 cents; the set of three for 35 cents.

Splendens. The well-known Scarlet Sage. A splendid flowering plant with plumes of dazzling scarlet flowers.

Silverspot. The most distinctive feature of this beautiful plant is its strikingly handsome foliage. The leaves are rich, soft, dark green, with light sulphur or cream-colored spots of various sizes liberally sprinkled over them.

Fireball. The best and earliest of all the Salvias. Blooms all the time.

UMBRELLA PALM

Cyperus alternifolius. A beautiful, easily-grown plant, that is admirably adapted to many different modes of culture. It makes a very showy plant for pot culture, is one of the best for ferneries, while for the aquarium it is without an equal. Each, 15 cents; three for 30 cents.

RUBBER PLANT

Ficus elastica. This is certainly one of the best plants grown for table or house decoration. It succeeds well with ordinary treatment. The glossy green leaves seem especially formed to resist the dirt and gas to which plants in dwelling houses are exposed. Strong plants, each, 50 cents; larger plants, 75 cents, and \$1.00 each.

TWO USEFUL HERBS

English Lavender. Each, 15 cents; two for 25 cents.

Mammoth Broad-Leaved Sage. Each, 15 cents; two for 25 cents.

WATER HYACINTH. Floats on water by means of curious inflated leaves; plant in glass vessel, palor tub. Strong blooming plants, each, 20 cts.



SINGLE AND DOUBLE TUBEROUS BEGONIAS

AMARYLLIS

The Amaryllis produces showy flowers that are handsome and very attractive, resembling Lilies. The bulbs should be potted in a rich, sandy loam, with good drainage. They require abundant moisture when growing, but at their season of rest water should be given sparingly.

Fragrans. Flowers three to four inches long; yellow; fragrant; stalks 15 to 18 inches high. Each, 10 cents.

Regina (Equestris). One of the best of the Amaryllis family for winter-blooming. Flowers large, bell-shaped; color light scarlet, throat or center white. Each, 10 cents.

Johnsoni. An elegant pot plant, with crimson flowers five inches in diameter, each petal striped with white. Flower-stalks two feet high, with clusters of three to five blooms. Each, 50 cents.

Formosissima (Jacobean Lily). Eight to ten inches high. Flowers dark crimson. The bulbs are dormant during the winter. Each, 15 cents.

Lutea. Flowers yellow, cup-shaped; free bloomer; very desirable. Each, 10 cents.

Atamasco alba. Flowers upright, with broad petals, pure white. Each, 5 cts

CALADIUM

Fancy-Foliaged. The fancy-foliated varieties are very satisfactory for summer decoration. Leaves striped, blotched, and spotted with white, crimson, and pink; in fact, the variety of color is something wonderful. In the fall they die down, and the bulbs should be kept in the pots in a warm place. Each, 20 cents; dozen, \$2.00.

Esculentum—Elephant's Ear. One of the handsomest of the ornamental-leaved plants. Roots obtained in the spring will make good plants in the summer, and in the fall they should be taken up and stored in the cellar. Leaves three feet or more in length, nearly as broad. There is nothing so good as this Caladium for a grand bed of foliage in the garden. Medium-sized bulbs, each, 15 cents; dozen, \$1.50. Large-sized bulbs, each, 25 cents; dozen, \$2.50. Mammoth-sized bulbs, each, 35 cents; dozen, \$3.50.

GLOXINIA

Gloxinias are among the handsomest of our summer-blooming greenhouse plants. The flowers are gorgeous, and the foliage has a velvety appearance. Bulbs should be started in spring in a warm place. They require partial shade and a liberal supply of water when growing. After blooming, water should be withheld and the bulbs remain dry through the winter.

Red, White, Blue, and Spotted. Each, 15 cents; two for 25 cents; four for 40 cents.

OXALIS

Free-blooming bulbs, fine for pots, vases, or for edging walks and beds. Plant three inches apart. Dozen, 15 cents; hundred, \$1.00; by mail prepaid.

Lasiandra. Rosy crimson. **Tetraphylla.** (Deppei). Rosy lilac.

TUBEROUS BEGONIAS

No class of plants has so marvelously improved in the past few years as the Tuberous Begonias. Persons familiar with the old sorts of Begonias would scarcely recognize this section as belonging to the Begonia family; for, in addition to the marvelous beauty of the flowers, the foliage has been greatly improved, and one will hardly find any two plants with the same kind of leaves. The flowers are brilliant and large, handsomely formed, and of wonderful size, often measuring from four to six inches in diameter. The plants bloom freely all summer, and are fine either as pot or bedding plants, being easily raised and requiring but little attention. They succeed best in a partially shaded situation, but should be protected from severe winds if possible. After the blooming season is over the tubers are dried and either left in the pots or placed in dry sand and kept until the spring, to be started again in February or March.

Double—White, Crimson, Scarlet, Rose, and Yellow; each, 20 cents; two for 30 cents; five for 60 cents; dozen, \$1.25.

Single—White, Crimson, Scarlet, Rose, and Yellow; each, 10 cents; three for 25 cents; dozen, 75 cents. The set of five for 40 cents.

Bearded Begonia (B. grandiflora erecta cristata). This curious strain of Begonia has single flowers, of good size, bearing on each petal a dense crest or beard composed of curiously twisted threads, which gives the flower a gay and puzzling aspect. Highly interesting. Mixed colors; each, 20 cents; dozen, \$2.00.

CALLA

Richardia Africana. The well-known large white-flowering Callas are winter-blooming bulbs, and should be potted in the fall. We will accept orders for strong dormant bulbs for September delivery. Each, 20 cents; dozen, \$2.00.

Little Gem. A dwarf variety of the old Calla, ten to twelve inches high; free bloomer. Each, 15 cents; two for 25 cents.

Alba maculata, or Spotted Calla. Beautiful for pot culture. The foliage is marked in the same manner as that of the Yellow Calla. The bulbs must be kept in dry sand in the winter. Each, 10 cents; dozen, \$1.00.

Yellow Calla (Richardia Elliottiana). This plant, like the Common White Calla, is a native of Africa. In mode of growth it is quite like the African or Egyptian Calla, but its leaves are marked with pure white spots. The flowers are nearly as large as those of Richardia Africana, but more urn-shaped, and the color is a rich canary-yellow. Its usual blooming time is late in the spring, and the culture of the plant very much the same as that of the White Calla. Each, 75 cents.

Black Calla. A remarkable variety, flowers large, velvety, purplish black, with coal-black spathe. Each, 20 cents; dozen, \$2.00.

TIGRIDIA

Tigridias are beautiful flowers, delicate as orchids, and showing wonderful blippings of colors. Plant bulbs in May and give the same care as to Gladiolus for winter.

Conchiflora. Yellow and orange, with dark spots. Each, 5 cents; dozen, 40 cents.

Grandiflora alba. A beautiful variety, with large showy white flowers, marked at the base of each division with spots of a reddish brown color on yellow ground. Each, 5 cents; dozen, 40 cents.

Grandiflora lilacea. Beautiful large flower, lilac, purple, and white spots in center. Each, 5 cents; dozen 40 cents.

New Giant Hybrids. A beautiful large-flowering strain in a great variety of colors. Each, 10 cents; dozen, \$1.00.

WATER LILIES—Nymphaeas

Nymphaeas can be grown in any swampy piece of ground, and even in tubs of water sunk in the ground, or on the surface, and in aquariums in the house, with soil or mud at the bottom. For ponds, if a soft, muddy bottom, tie the root to a stone to sink it, and drop it in near the shore in two or three feet of water.

Nymphaea odorata. Common white Water Lily, very fragrant. Each, 20 cents; dozen, \$2.00.

Odorata rosea (Cape Cod Pink). The choicest of all pink varieties. It is a most satisfactory plant to grow, on account of its profusion of bloom all summer and being as hardy as an oak. Each, 35 cents.

Alba candidissima. The large-flowering variety of Europe. Whenever an abundance of bloom is desired it has no equal. The flowers often measure ten inches across; petals very broad, rounded at the point, and waxy white. Perfectly hardy anywhere. Each, 50 cents.

Alba Gladstoniana. The finest white Nymphaea ever offered. Large, strong grower; blooms abundantly from spring till frost. The flowers are of the largest size—from six to eight inches across—with broad, thick, pure, sparkling white petals. Each, 60 cents.

Marliacea chromatella. Flowers eight inches across, are delightfully fragrant, and freely produced. Both stamens and petals are a beautiful lemon-yellow at their bases, exquisitely softening into light creamy yellow at their tips. Leaves dark green, irregularly blotched with brown. Each, 35 cents.

The set of five for \$1.85.

Vick's 1907 Dahlias

The Dahlias here listed are all grown on our Despatch Seed Farm, under our personal supervision. Therefore we can assure our customers of securing the highest grade stock, true to name and color. In fact they are

Unsurpassed



DAHLIA, CLIFFORD W. BRUTON

NO flowers are easier to grow, or respond more readily to care and attention, than Dahlias; but three things are of prime importance: a moderately rich soil, sunshine, and water. Plant about May 1st, covering the tubers three inches deep. If many shoots start up, thin them out to one or two. When the plant is six inches high, cut it off above the second joint. This will cause it to throw out four branches, making a strong, bushy plant, which will withstand winds and produce flowers freely. Cultivate well until they begin blooming; after that, stir only the surface soil, and then just enough to prevent a crust from forming.

The small capital following the name of each variety designates the class to which it belongs, as follows: **s**: **Show**, round, ball-shaped flowers. **D**: **Decorative**, intermediate between Show and Cactus. **c**: **Cactus**, large, loosely-formed flowers, with irregular, twisted or reflexed petals. **sn**: **Single**, **F**: **Fancy**, striped, mottled, pencilled, or tipped. **p**: **Pompon**, small ball-shaped flowers. Sometimes the letters are used in combination.

Apple Blossom. (s) A very pretty new variety that combines all the shades found in the apple blossoms. Fine. 20 cents each; \$2.00 per dozen.

Alpha. (c) Beautiful. Color pure white, spotted and penciled deep pink and crimson. 25 cents each; \$2.50 per dozen.

Arachne. (F.C.) A remarkable flower; center of each petal pure white, edged its entire length with bright crimson. 20 cents each; \$2.00 per dozen.

Blue Oban. (D) Extra large, free blooming variety. Color a lavender blue, without traces of any other color or shade. 20 cents each; \$2.00 per dozen.

Dr. Gates. (c) A beautiful shade of sea-shell pink, shading to blush at the base of the petals. Strong stem, holding its flowers well above the foliage 20 cents each; \$2.00 per dozen.

Eleganta. (P) Flowers soft pink, tipped deep pink. 25 cts. each; \$2.50 dozen.

Eureka. (D) Very large, regularly-formed, long-stemmed flowers, of a deep rose color, with a full high center. The plant is dwarf, of branching habit; very early. A perfect variety. 25 cents each; \$2.50 per dozen.

Frank L. Bassett. (D) The nearest approach to a blue Dahlia. Color, bright royal purple, shading to blue. Dwarf, branching habit; profuse bloomer. Flowers large, and full to the center. 30 cents each; \$3.00 per dozen.

Geisheler. (c) Entirely distinct. Flowers medium size, resembling a quilled Chrysanthemum. Color rosy crimson. 30 cents each; \$3.00 per dozen.

Grand Duke Alexis. (s) Magnificent Dahlia. Flowers of mammoth size, borne on strong stems. Petals beautifully quilled; color pure white, delicately tinted at tips of petals with light lavender. 30 cents each; \$3.00 per dozen.

Iridescent. (D) Color orange-red, overlaid and edged pure blue; very profuse bloomer. 20 cents each; \$2.00 per dozen.

J. H. Roach. (c) A beautiful clear, light yellow flower, of perfect form; with long, incurved, and twisted petals. Plant vigorous and bushy. 20 cents each; \$2.00 per dozen.

Kreimhilde. (c) A pure Cactus variety, and one of the finest in cultivation. It is a strong, vigorous grower, branches freely, and produces quantities of beautiful long-stemmed flowers, measuring four and five inches in diameter. The coloring is exquisite, shading from a rich yellowish ivory at the center through a beautiful soft pink to clear ivory tips. In our opinion this is the finest cactus variety we have. 30 cents each; \$3.50 per dozen.

Lawrence Kramer. (sn) Strong grower; long, wiry stems. Flowers of perfectly rounded form; deep, clear, rosy pink. 25 cents each; \$2.50 per dozen.

Lyndhurst. (D) One of the best bright scarlets, brighter and clearer than the well-known Wm. Agnew; has large, perfectly-formed flowers, borne on long stems, making it valuable for cutting. 25 cents each; \$2.50 per dozen.

Mars. (c) Bright rich scarlet of a dazzling shade. 30 cts. each; \$3.00 dozen.

Mrs. Dexter. (s) Very large; a rich shade of salmon. 30 cts. each; \$3.00 dozen.

Mrs. H. J. Jones. (c) A beautiful Fancy Cactus. Color crimson with broad stripes of white through center. 25 cents each; \$2.50 per dozen.

Mrs. Roosevelt. (s) Flowers large, double. Color delicate pink, shading to soft clear pink. 30 cents each; \$3.00 per dozen.

Olympia. (F. D.) Immense flowers, with full high center. Color deep rose-pink, striped and penciled with rich crimson. 35 cents each; \$3.50 per dozen.

Perle de Or. (D) Fine white decorative Dahlia, large and of beautiful Chrysanthemum shape. Vigorous branching grower of medium height. 30 cents each; \$3.00 per dozen.

Psyche. (s) Pale primrose, shaded rose; profuse bloomer; a dwarf branching plant. 35 cents each; \$3.50 per dozen.

Red Hussar. (s) Purest cardinal-red. Strong, vigorous grower; branches freely, producing large, regularly-formed flowers, on long, stiff, but slender stems. The best red show variety. 25 cents each; \$2.50 per dozen.

St. Catherine. (c) True cactus, with long spiral pointed petals. Very large, deep yellow, shaded red. 20 cents each; \$2.50 per dozen.

Standard Varieties

15 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen; by mail or express, prepaid.

A. D. Livoni (Ethel Vick). (s) Soft sea-shell pink; quilled petals; full to the center. The choicest pink of all.

Arabella. (s) Early; free-flowering; long stems; pale primrose, tipped and shaded rose and lavender.

Aster-Flowered. (s) Beautiful salmon-pink; very fine.

Admiration. (s.) Red, tipped white.

Bird of Passage. (s) White, tipped pink.

Black Prince. (p) Intense velvety maroon, almost black; large flower.

Carol. (s) Pure white, delicately tinted soft pink. One of the finest.

Catherine. (p) Best pure light yellow; fine form; long stems.

Clifford W. Bruton. (p) Best of this class. Large canary yellow; tall, vigorous grower and free bloomer.

Earl of Pembroke. (c) Bright reddish purple; petals long, pointed.

Elfin. (p) A dainty little flower; pale primrose, changing to creamy white.

Emily. (s) Varies from rosy lavender to white, suffused lavender; long stems with immense flowers. A grand variety.

Ethel Vick. (A. D. Livoni). (s) Soft sea-shell pink; quilled petals; full to the center. For cutting has no equal.

Fairy Queen. (p) Light sulphur-yellow, edged deep peach.

Golden Ball. (s) Pale golden yellow; very large and full.

Harry Freeman. (D) Very large; free bloomer; pure white.

Henry Patrick. (p) Superb pure white; large size; long stems.

Hero. (s) Tall-growing, free-blooming; stems long; flowers ball-shaped, and full to the center. Deep crimson-maroon.

Maid of Kent. (D) Cherry-red, tipped white, sometimes a solid color.

May Oakleigh. (s) Deep lilac; long stems; profuse bloomer; fine.

Model of Perfection. (s) Fine rosy lavender; free-flowering.

Matchless. (c) Rich, glistening maroon, overlaid dark maroon.

Miss Barry. (n) Deep rosy lake; full center; petals twisted.

Nymphæa (the Pink Water-Lily Dahlia.) (p) Strong, robust grower; large, full flowers; light shrimp-pink, tinted lighter toward center.

Queen of Yellows. (s) Beautiful clear yellow.

Snow Clad. (p) White; free-flowering; the finest white pompon.

Sport. (s) Pure lavender; very fine; sport from Penelope.

Storm King (Blizzard.) (s) Finest pure white.

Startler. (F. s.) Dark purple-maroon, tipped white.

Teddy. (r) White, tipped pink.

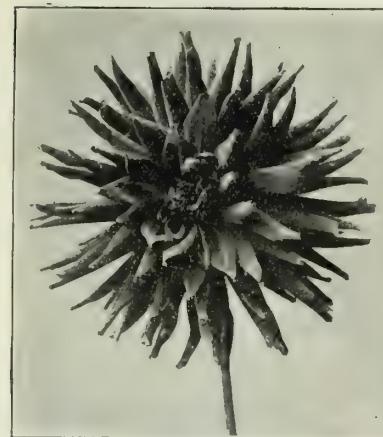
White Dove. (s) Pure white; large flower; long stems; very fine.

White Swan. (s) Pure white, full flower, borne in great profusion on long stems. Especially fine for cutting. Flowers large and very uniform.

William Agnew. (c) Finest intense glistening scarlet-crimson; immense size; perfect form; free bloomer; fine for bedding or cutting.

William Pierce. (p) Fine, rich butter-yellow; one of the best.

Zulu. "The Black Dahlia." (p) Jet-black, changing to black-maroon; fine.



Vick's Dahlias in Collections sold at Special Prices

Vick's Special Dahlia Offer

Avail Yourself of Dahlias at Wholesale Prices

Why We Do It Each year we grow a hundred thousand of our choicest varieties of Dahlias to enable us to make you this liberal offer.

Vick's Selection of Named Dahlias

12 of our regular \$1.50 per dozen Dahlias for \$1.00; 6 for 60 cents; 3 for 35 cents, postpaid.

You allow us to select them; that is all. And only to prevent a run on one or two varieties in advance of others, do we reserve the privilege. Keeps our stock of scarcer varieties uniform, you see; but it only reverts to your particular benefit.

So for \$1.00 we send you postpaid twelve (12) named sorts, six (6) for 60 cents; three (3) for 35 cents. You get the same \$1.50 per dozen quality, too, but at one-third off, and will enjoy all the glory of these grand autumn flowers in a quality that only VICK knows how to produce. Depend upon us.

Vick's Named Mixture. Made up entirely from Named Varieties Contains nearly 100 varieties—all classes and colors, selected from our list of the choicest varieties.

Each 10 cents; six for 40 cents; dozen, 75 cents. Charges prepaid.

Vick's "Country Life" Collection

1	Eleganza	Soft pink, (Pompon)	.....	.....	\$0.25
1	Hero.	Deep crimson-maroon, (Show)	.....	.....	15
1	Iridescent.	Orange red and blue, (Decorative)	.....	.....	25
1	A. D. Livoni.	(s) Sea-shell pink	.....	.....	15
1	Psyche.	Primrose, shaded rose, (Show)	.....	.....	35
1	Perle d'Or.	Large white, (Decorative)	.....	.....	35

Above collection of six superior varieties for \$1.20; — \$1.50 by mail or express prepaid.

Vick's Eighty-Five Cent Collection

1	Arachne.	Crimson and white, (Cactus)	.....	.....	\$0.20
1	Emily.	(s) Rosy lavender to white	.....	.....	15
1	Ethel Vick.	Soft sea-shell pink, (Show)	.....	.....	15
1	J. H. Roach.	Pure yellow, (Cactus)	.....	.....	20
1	Lyndhurst.	Dazzling scarlet, (Decorative)	.....	.....	25
1	White Swan.	Pure white, (Show)	.....	.....	15

Above collection of six fine sorts for 85 cents; — \$1.20 by mail or express prepaid.



DAHLIA, ETHEL VICK



GLADIOLUS

There are no other summer-flowering bulbs so satisfactory, needing so little attention and thriving so well in almost any ordinary soil as the Gladiolus. Our list is a selection of the cream of hundreds of varieties which are grown on our own farm, under our own supervision, and this year are unusually fine and large. Set the bulbs from three to six inches apart in rows, or for massing six inches apart, and about four inches deep. Plant from middle of April to first of June. In the fall, before hard frosts, take up the bulbs, remove the tops, and dry in the air for a few days; and store in some cool dry place, secure from frost until spring.

Varieties quoted at 10 cents each, \$1.00 per dozen.

“ . . . 15 cents “ \$1.50 “ “

Postage prepaid.

Addison. Dark amaranth, with white stripes. Each, 10 cents.

Angele. White; showy and effective. Each, 15 cents.

Augusta. Fine white, with small violet stripes in throat; blue anthers. Each, 10 cents.

Bajazet. Dazzling scarlet, streaked profusely with blood-red, center violet-brown. Very rich. Each, 10 cents.

Brenchleyensis. Vermilion-scarlet. Fine old variety; very vigorous and a free bloomer. Each, 10 cents.

Ceres. White, marbled and striped with rose and purple. Each, 10 cents.

Eugene Scribe. Flowers large and wide, rose, blazed with carmine-red. Each, 10 cents.

Isaac Buchanan. Fine yellow. Each, 10 cents.

May. Pure white, flaked bright rosy crimson. Fine spike. Each, 10 cents.

Madame Monneret. Delicate rose, carmine blotch. Each, 10 cents.

Napoleon III. Bright scarlet, white line in each petal. Each, 10 cents.

Ortooroon. Beautiful salmon-pink. Very distinct. Each, 15 cents.

Princeps. A grand new variety. Grows from 3 to 4 feet high. Color rich crimson, with intense shadings in the throat and broad white blotches on the lower petals. Flowers from 4 to 6 inches across, with well rounded petals. Each, 30 cents; dozen, \$3.00.

“ 1900.” Color a deep scarlet, the lower petals almost pure white, throat blotched with violet-purple. It is quite distinct and beautiful. Each, 10 cents; dozen, \$1.00.

New Seedling Gladioli Groff's Hybrids

The originator of this magnificent strain spent fifteen years in hybridizing, selecting, and breeding from various species, to secure vigor of plant, freedom of bloom, size and form of flower, substance of petal, and brilliancy and permanency of color; and the results he has obtained are wonderful, for never before were such magnificent flowers seen among Gladioli. The plants are larger, heavier, and more robust in every way, than any other strain; while the flowers grow to an immense size, often measuring six and seven inches across.

Groff's Mixed Hybrids. All shades, in grand mixture. Each, 5 cents; dozen, 50 cents; 100, \$3.00; prepaid.

Groff's Selected Red Hybrids. All shades of red, scarlet, and crimson. Each, 10 cents; dozen, 70 cents; 100, \$4.50.

Groff's New Blue Hybrids. Includes all the shades of clematis, lilac, and heliotrope; a beautiful strain. Each, 10 cents; dozen, \$1.00; 100, \$7.00.

Vick's Named Mixture

This is a mixture of over 150 named varieties, to which we are adding every year. They comprise every class, and will furnish a profusion of bloom from July till frost. Many of these varieties cost us several times as much as we offer the mixed at. Each, 10 cents; dozen, \$1.00; hundred, \$7.00; charges prepaid.

First Quality Mixed. Seedlings of all colors in fine assortment. Each, 5 cents; dozen, 50 cents; hundred, \$2.00; charges prepaid.

Choice Mixed Seedlings. Dozen, 25 cents; twenty-five for 50 cents; hundred, \$1.50; charges prepaid.

Light and White. All shades. Dozen 40 cents; hundred, \$2.50; charges prepaid.

Red and Scarlet. All shades. Dozen, 30 cents; hundred, \$2.00; charges prepaid.

SIX NEW BEAUTIFUL GLADIOLUS NOVELTIES.

We list for the first time, six grand novelties of the Groff Hybrids. To fully describe their beauties would take this whole page, so we simply give the colors, assuring our friends that they are the finest six varieties ever offered in a collection for coloring and size of flowers. For exhibition purposes, will win the first prize every time and for house decoration or the garden will astonish your friends.

The Collection for \$1.00.

America. The Grand New Gladiolus. The flowers are of immense size, beautiful flesh-pink color, and, as a florist who saw it said, it is “ fine enough for a bride's bouquet.” Each, 20 cents; dozen, \$2.00.

Baron Hulot. Large sized flower, well arranged on straight spike, color, dark violet bordering on blue. Each, 20 cents; dozen, \$2.00.

Jane Dieulafoy. Flowers, large creamy white, lower petals stained maroon. Each 20 cents; dozen, \$2.00.

Mephistopheles. Flowers of large size, dark red, stained with black and yellow. Each 20 cents; dozen, \$2.00.

Rosella. Large well opened flowers, light rose, stained purple and white. Each, 20 cents; dozen, \$2.00.

Snowbank. Fine spike of well formed flowers, pure white, with the exception of a slight stain of red at base of petals. Each, 20 cents; dozen, \$2.00.

MONTBRETIA

The Montbretias are among the brightest and best of our summer-flowering plants, and no garden should be without them. The bulbs, planted in groups six inches apart, throw up large spikes of star-shaped flowers of a rich orange and red color. The spikes are from twenty to thirty inches high. They flower freely the first season.

Crocosmiaeflora. Deep golden orange, dotted with purple. Three for 10 cts.; dozen, 25 cents; \$1.75 per 100.

TUBEROSE

The Tuberose is a beautiful, pure white, wax-like, very sweet-scented, double flower, growing on tall stems, each stem bearing a dozen or more flowers. Our Tuberoses are all first sized, and splendid bulbs.

New Dwarf Tuberose Pearl. Each, 5 cts.; six for 25 cts.; dozen, 50 cts.

CINNAMON VINE. A very pretty running vine, with flowers of cinnamon fragrance. Hardy. Each, 15 cents; two for 25 cents.

STRAWBERRIES

For field culture, plant in rows four feet apart, with the plants one foot apart in the row. For garden culture, plant three feet by one foot. Should the ground not be prepared for planting on receipt of plants, they should be carefully heeled in, in a cool, moist, shady place. Do not sprinkle the foliage, as it causes a moisture to collect, which is very injurious to the crowns, causing them to rot. In setting the plants be careful to have the crowns even with or a little above the surface of the ground, and to have the trench or hole in which the plants are to be set deep enough to allow the roots their full length. Some varieties of Strawberries have pistillate or imperfect flowers. These must have perfect-flowered varieties planted every fifteen or twenty feet among them, or they will produce imperfect fruit. The pistillate varieties are marked (P).

Dozen, 25 cts; 100, \$1.50; 1000, \$5.00, except as noted.

Climax. This very prolific strawberry originated with Henry W. Graham, of Maryland. In 1900 he had 1,100 plants, which he set on less than a quarter of an acre. In 1901 he shipped 6,300 quarts, or about 20,200 quarts to the acre. Medium early. We would advise all our patrons to give it a trial, if only a dozen plants. Dozen 35 cents; 100, \$2.00; 1000, \$8.00.

Gandy. One of the best late Strawberries. Large, uniform size, rich crimson. Is a vigorous grower and good cropper. Late to very late.

Echo. Superior to other varieties in both flavor and sweetness. Fruit brilliant red, of medium size, second early. Very productive.

Nick Ohmer. Exceedingly large, beautiful color; conical in form, uniform and regular; quality unsurpassed. Very productive; strong grower.

Palmer. Extra early. Fruit large; rich, dark, glossy red; of the highest quality. Plant strong and robust; produces two to four well-filled fruit stalks to each plant. Dozen, 35 cents; 100, \$2.00; 1000, \$8.00.

Sample. (P). A fine berry of very large size; crimson color clean through to the core. Long in bearing, solid and good. It is quite late to ripen.

Seaford (P). Color deep, glossy red, and quality fit for a king. A vigorous grower, ripening its crop fast and early.

Stevens' Late Champion. Originated in New Jersey. Plants of more than ordinary vigor; a good runner; perfectly healthy; color bright. A fine looking berry. Ripens after most other varieties have gone. We consider it the best late strawberry we grew last season. Dozen, 35 cents; 100, \$2.00; 1000, \$8.00.

VICK'S "UNCLE JOE"

Its fruit is perfect in form, of a dark, rich glossy color, of firm flesh, monstrous in size, combined with flavor not usually found in fruit of its size. The "Uncle Joe" Strawberry embodies every requirement to place it in the first rank with strawberry growers.

Its berries are most uniform in size and shape, and are rarely malformed. Among other attractive features, its early and continuous yield during the season is attributable to its strong, healthy and robust growth. It is of the perfect flowering class.

In Productiveness Vick's "Uncle Joe" is Unsurpassed

While its rich dark green foliage sets the large berry off to perfection.

You will find this peerless strawberry a veritable treasure in its adaptability to yield even under most unfavorable conditions.

**½ dozen, 30 cents;
dozen, 50 cents;
25, 75 cents; 100,
\$2.00; 1000, \$12.00.
50 at 100 rates.**

OTHER STANDARD VARIETIES.

Armstrong Bubach (P).
Crescent Jessie
McKinley Brandywine
Glen Mary Hunn
Lovett's Wilson

At the single, dozen and hundred prices we prepay mail or express charges. Thousand lots by express or freight, charges not prepaid. Not less than 50 at the 100 rate, or 12 of any one variety.



**VICK'S
UNCLE JOE**

RASPBERRIES

There are two general types of Raspberries, and they require different treatment. Blackcaps, and others that increase from the ends of the canes, should be planted three and a half by seven feet. Prepare the land the same as for Strawberries. Cultivate often enough to keep the soil loose and free from weeds. When the canes attain the height of one foot, pinch off the ends; this causes the canes to branch, grow stocky and self-supporting. In the spring of the bearing year cut these back to within six inches of the main stalk. After fruiting, cut out all the dead wood. Red Raspberries and all others that sucker, should be set five by three and a half feet apart, when they must be cultivated both ways. Allow only three or four canes in each hill to grow; treat all others that spring up as weeds. When three or four feet high, pinch back the canes same as with Blackcaps. For garden culture set red varieties three feet apart each way, Caps four by three feet.

RASPBERRIES, RED

Columbian. Popular for the home garden. Grows from eight to twelve feet high, and covered with fine, large, crimson berries. Perfectly hardy; has endured 28° below zero without freezing. Best for canning, and evaporating, retaining color, form, and flavor remarkably. Each, 10 cents; dozen, 60 cents; hundred, \$2.00; thousand, \$12.00.

Cuthbert. A valuable late variety; large, firm, and of superior quality; very productive. Dozen, 50 cents; hundred, \$1.50; thousand, \$9.00.

Loudon. Hardier, better, and far more productive than Cuthbert. Berries firm; bright red; splendid shipper. Dozen, 70 cents; hundred, \$3.00.

Miller's Red. One of the best early varieties. Perfectly hardy. As large as Cuthbert. Bright red. Flavor fruity and rich. Dozen, 70 cents; hundred, \$3.00.

RASPBERRIES, BLACK

Price, except as noted, dozen, 60 cents; hundred, \$2.00; thousand, \$12.00.

Cumberland. Very hardy, having withstood a temperature of 16° below zero. Very productive, making large crops of enormous berries about one inch in diameter. Fruit unusually firm, and may be shipped long distances. Mid-season variety, coming in shortly ahead of the Gregg. Each, 15 cents; dozen, 70 cents; hundred, \$3.00.

Gregg. Very large, fine quality, productive, late, hardy.

The Kansas. Early. Stands drouth well, and is uninjured by frost; fruit is larger than that of the Gregg. Jet black, firm texture.

RASPBERRIES, YELLOW

Golden Queen. Light amber. Dozen, 70 cents; hundred, \$3.00.

BLACKBERRIES

Price, except as noted, dozen, 75 cents; hundred, \$2.00; thousand, \$14.00.

For field culture, plant in rows six feet apart and plants three feet apart in the row. For garden culture, five by four feet.

Erie. Fruit large, roundish, uniform in size; excellent quality; handsome. A valuable variety for home use or market.

Eldorado. Very vigorous and hardy; fruit large, of finest quality, and without a hard core.

Rathbun. The largest Blackberry in cultivation. In quality it surpasses the luscious Dewberry, being without the hard core common to Blackberries. It brings more in the market. The plant is hardy, vigorous, and a great bearer. Fruit large throughout the season. As a shipper it is unsurpassed. Each, 15 cents; dozen, 80 cents; hundred, \$3.00.

Snyder. An exceptionally hardy variety. Berries medium size, produced abundantly; sweet, juicy, and, when fully ripe, without a hard core.

CURRANTS

Each, 15 cents; dozen, \$1.00; hundred, \$6.00.

Choose a moist rich soil for Currants. Plant five feet apart each way. Keep free from weeds and grass by liberal cultivation and mulching. Use plenty of manure, and trim out superfluous wood by cutting back the new growth two-thirds each year. Keep the foliage free from worms by using white hellebore.

Cherry. Large and productive. Standard for market.

Black Champion. An English variety. Extra good for jams, etc.

Fay's Prolific. One of the best; very productive; large; good flavor; early.

Red Cross. A new variety. Plants strong, vigorous, remarkably productive.

Clusters large, often measuring four inches in length; berries large.

White Grape. Valuable for the table; quality excellent, mild, and sweet.

Perfection. Color, bright red; size, as large as the Fay's or larger, the clusters averaging larger, the size of berry being well maintained to end of cluster. Rich, mild sub-acid, plenty of pulp, with few seeds. Less acid and of better quality than any other large currant in cultivation. The Perfection is a great bearer, superior to Fay or any other large sort. Strong 2-year plants, each, 30 cents; \$2.50 per dozen.

GRAND COLLECTION OF SMALL FRUITS

No. 1, Strawberries \$1.00
" 2, Raspberries 1.00
" 4, Currants and Gooseberries 1.00
" 5, Grapes 1.00

GOOSEBERRIES

Gooseberries thrive best if planted where they will receive a partial shade. Plant the same distance as Currants. Gross feeders, liking a deep rich soil.

Downing's. A native seedling; vigorous, hardy, and prolific; free from mildew. Fruit greenish white, large. Each, 15 cents; dozen, \$1.25.

Golden Prolific. Fruit large, deep golden yellow. Perfectly hardy, very prolific, a good grower. Each, 40 cents; dozen, \$3.75.

Industry. A valuable new foreign variety. Fruit dark red, very large, and of a rich, agreeable flavor. An immense yielder. Each, 30 cts.; dozen, \$2.00.

GRAPES

Rows should be eight feet apart, and vines from six to eight feet apart in the row. Dig a hole two feet long, one foot wide, and one foot deep. Put a little surface soil in the bottom, and mix in some bone dust or commercial manures, and then place in another thin layer of surface soil. Trim the ends of roots, and spread out in hole, covering with surface soil. Cut the vine back to two buds, and draw in the earth so as to cover roots and stem, up to top bud.

Train the vine to a stake for the first two years, and afterwards train on trellis. Old wood never bears the second time; the vines of this year bear fruit the next. Nine-tenths of the wood should be cut away each season to get the largest and best grapes. *Vines are all strong two-year plants, true to name.*

Each, 25 cents; dozen, \$1.50; hundred, \$6.00, except as noted.

Campbell's Early. Strong, vigorous, hardy vine; thick, healthy, mildew-resisting foliage; always setting its fruit well and bearing abundantly. Berries large; black, with light purple bloom. Flavor rich, sweet, slightly vinous. Very early. Each, 30 cents; dozen, \$2.50.

Catawba. Large, compact; berries deep red, sweet and juicy.

Concord. Black. Most popular and reliable variety cultivated. Each, 25 cents; dozen, \$1.00; hundred, \$4.00.

McKinley Early. New. A cross between Niagara and Moore's Early; has all the good qualities of the Niagara, but *fully ten days earlier*. The best early white variety ever offered. Strong 2-year-old plants, each, 75 cents.

Diamond. Bunches large, compact, shouldered. Berries large, white, melting, juicy, sweet to center. Skin thin. Strong grower and abundant bearer.

Niagara. Strong grower. Bunch and berries large; color light green. Very productive.

Worden. The best black; most productive and satisfactory of all varieties.

OTHER STANDARD VARIETIES

Brighton. Lady. Pocklington. Delaware. Moore's Early. Wyoming. Agawam (Roger's No. 15).

Collections of Small Fruits

No changing or substituting allowed in these collections.

Postage or Express Prepaid.

COLLECTION No. 1, STRAWBERRIES

Five varieties, early, medium, and late, which in our judgment are best adapted for general garden culture.

12 Echo . . . \$0 25 12 Gien Mary . . . \$0 25 12 Seaford . . . \$0 25
12 Gandy . . . 25 12 Sample . . . 25

Five Varieties--60 Plants--for \$1.00

COLLECTION No. 2, RASPBERRIES

RED--6 Miller's Red . . . \$0 35 BLACK--6 Cumberland . . . \$0 35
6 Columbian 30 6 Kansas 30

4 Varieties--24 Plants--for \$1.00

COLLECTION No. 4

CURRENTS AND GOOSEBERRIES

6 Red Cross . . . (red) . . . \$0 50 2 White Grape \$0 30
2 Black Champion 30 2 Gooseberries, Downing . . . 30

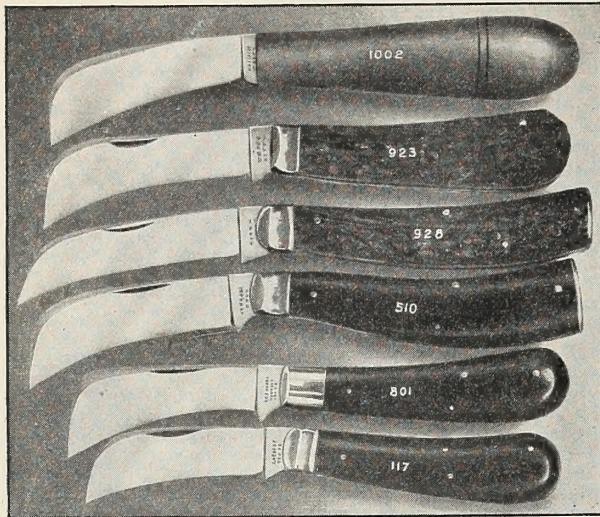
4 Varieties--12 Plants--for \$1.00

COLLECTION No. 5, GRAPE VINES

1 Agawam (red) \$0 25 1 Catawba (red) \$0 25
1 Campbell's Early (black) 30 1 Worden (black) 25
1 Diamond (white) 25 1 Niagara (white) 25

Six Varieties--for \$1.00

{ THE ENTIRE
LOT FOR \$3.50



PRUNING KNIVES

KNIVES PRUNING & BUDDING

Budding.	No. 718 — 1 blade, open, cocoa handle	\$0.30
	No. 852 — 1 blade, folding, cocoa handle . . . . .	.50
	No. 910 — 1 blade, folding, ivory handle	1.00
	No. 850 — 2 blade, folding, ivory handle	1.00
	No. 419 — 2 blade, folding, ivory handle, superior steel	1.25
	No. 690 — 2 blade, folding, buffalo handle, ivory tip . . . . .	.80
	No. 919 — 1 blade, folding, ivory handle	1.00
	No. 917 — 1 blade, folding, ivory handle, sheep's-foot blade	1.00
Pruning.	No. 1002 — 1 blade, open, wood handle . . . . .	.35
	No. 117 — 1 blade, folding, cocoa handle, round end . . . . .	.70
	No. 510 — 1 blade, folding, cocoa handle, steel-capped	1.00
	No. 801 — 1 blade, folding, cocoa handle, 4-inch blade . . . . .	.60
	No. 923 — 1 blade, folding, stag handle, 4-inch blade . . . . .	.85
	No. 928 — 1 blade, folding, stag handle, 4 1/4-in. blade	1.15

BASKETRY

Raffia is the native name of a palm growing in Madagascar, and which furnishes the raffia fiber of commerce. This fiber is the inner skin peeled from the under side of the palm leaf. When first stripped it is of a pale green color, but after being dried in the sun it becomes a light straw color. For export it is collected in large skeins, twisted or braided, and then packed in compressed bales of about 220 pounds. At first it was sold in the natural color only, being used principally for tying of vegetables, and in greenhouse and vineyard work. With its adoption for basketry it began to be dyed in various colors, and our present list embraces the following different colors:

No. 3—Indian Red	No. 14—Sage Green	No. 8—Pink
No. 12—Light Orange	No. 17—Emerald Green	No. 10—Brown
No. 5—Yellow	No. 6—Dark Navy	No. 9—Black
No. 16—Bright Yellow	No. 7—Red	No. 13—Bright Green

Prices on Basket Materials

Add postage as follows: Ounce 2 cents; 1/4 lb. 5 cents; pound 16 cents.

OUNCE 1/4 LB. POUND

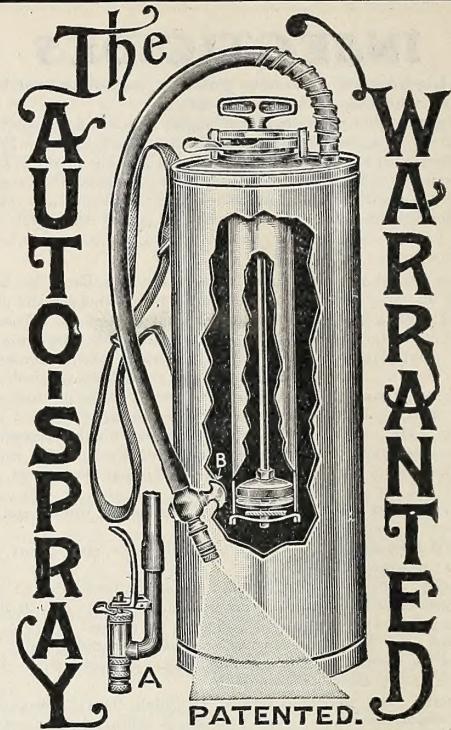
Raffia—Colored	\$0.05	\$0.20	\$0.75
Raffia—Natural . . . . .	.03	.08	.25
Sweet Grass . . . . .	.15	.40	1.50
Reeds—No. 1 . . . . .	.08	.30	1.00
No. 2 . . . . .	.07	.25	.75
No. 3 . . . . .	.06	.20	.65
No. 4 . . . . .	.06	.20	.65
No. 5 . . . . .	.04	.15	.50
No. 6 . . . . .	.04	.15	.50

Samples of Raffia and Reeds on application.

Books on Basketry

Basket-Making. By T. Vernette Morse. 32 pages, illustrated with 106 working designs. A condensed work valuable to the beginner. Postpaid 25 cents.

How to Make Baskets. By Mary White. 200 pages, cloth bound, finely illustrated with working designs and half-tone plates. The best work on the subject we have seen. Postpaid, \$1.00.



The Auto-Spray. Perfect in mechanism, material, workmanship. Will do all that any spray pump will do, and much more. Every machine warranted perfect and satisfactory or purchase price refunded. Eight to ten strokes of the plunger compresses enough air to spray $\frac{1}{4}$ acre of potatoes. A boy can do a man's work. No wasted material. Sprays fine as mist. Made in all brass, or with galvanized steel reservoir. Capacity, 4 gallons. Weight, empty, 7 pounds. Weight loaded, 39 pounds. Shipping weight, 12 pounds. Utility considered, the brass machine is the cheaper, and we strongly commend it. Extension pipes are strong, and sustain themselves in use; they cost extra. The "Auto-Pop" is an automatic valve which is closed by the air pressure used to operate the "Auto-Spray." In operation a lever is moved by simply closing the hand, thus opening the valve and allowing an instantaneous discharge of spray. By releasing the lever it closes itself automatically, hence the spray is in perfect control. The "Anti-Choke" Nozzle (shown in illustration with "Auto-Pop") is made from solid brass rod, and consists of nozzle proper and two caps of different capacity. It offers every graduation of spray from a solid stream to a fog. It is made to fit other sprayers, where so ordered. By the operation of the "Auto-Pop" a degorger is passed through the nozzle-opening each time the "Auto-Pop" is closed. Hence it can never clog and is the only nozzle which can't clog, notwithstanding the claims of competitors.

No. 1—Auto-Spray, brass tank, with stop-cock	\$6.00
No. 1—Auto-Spray, brass tank, with Auto-Pop (recommended)	7.00
No. 1—Auto-Spray, galvanized tank, with stop-cock	4.50
No. 1—Auto-Spray, galvanized tank, with Auto-Pop	5.50
Auto-Pop, supplied separately	1.25
Copper Strainer	1.25
Extension Pipe, brass, two-ft. lengths	30
Extension Pipes, galvanized, brass connections, two-ft. lengths	25
Elbow Extension, brass	30
Torch	75

Brown's Easy Weeder



This new idea as a weeding device has made itself an immediate favorite with growers everywhere. With it, a boy can do more and better work than two men with any other tool ever put on the market. Does not cut or destroy the roots of plants. Takes out all the weeds; its oval shape permitting the operator to weed behind the plants while standing in front. It works the surface to a fine mulch. It makes the hard places easy to reach. For working in ashes or commercial fertilizers, it has no equal. **40 cents each.**

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